The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No 3,284—Thirteenth Year | BUENOS AYRES, THURSDAY, MAY 1 1873. | Circulation, 3000.

MAUA BANK

101 & 103 CALLE CANGALLO.

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious Building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the Public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities, approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques part or the full amount, at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons, for one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Saito Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England, and France, as also on other places, of which due notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions, within the orbit of banking operations.

The Establishment is always open from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. MAUA & CO.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1868. cj—jy16 1

MAUA BANK

101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.

For balances in our favor, .. 12 per cent
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY
For balances in our favor .. .. 12 per cent
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper — "
Do. do. do. gold "
Do. 30 days' do. paper
Do. do. do. gold
Fixed deposits from

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM

Royal Mail Steampacket Company

DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTH TO EUROPE.

Twice a Month.

The Royal Mail Steamship
"DOURO,"
2824 Tons—500 Horse-power,
Captain THWAITES,

Will leave this Port for Southampton, on the 15th MAY, 1873, carrying Her Majesty's Mails, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, and Lisbon.

PASSENGER FARES:

Southampton ..	£35	and upwards	£20	£15
Lisbon	32	do.	20	12
St. Vincent	180	fts.	90 fts	50
Pernambuco	120		60	35
Bahia	110		55	30
Rio de Janeiro..	70		35	22 50
Montevideo			4	—

The Royal Mail Steampacket
"LIFFEY,"
1800 Tons—350 Horse Power,
Captain W. GILLIES,

For Montevideo, Rio, St. Vincent, Lisbon, Cherbourg; Southampton and Antwerp, sailing 30th MAY, 1873.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

	1st.	2d.	3d.
To Southampton.....	£35	£20	£15
Do. Cherbourg.....	35	20	15
Do. Lisbon	32	20	12
Do. Rio Janeiro	£11	£5 10s	£3 13 4
Do. Montevideo.....	£1	12	16s.

Passengers for PARIS, travelling by this Steamer, will, on their arrival at Cherbourg, be provided by the Purser with a Document, which will enable them to secure Tickets on the Railway to Paris, at a discount of 20 per cent. on the fare.

These Steamers are provided with every accommodation for Passengers, to whom Wine is given to all classes GRATIS.

RETURN TICKETS.

To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money

FAMILIES

A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money is charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult cabin passengers.

CARGO, as per mutual agreement.

INSURANCE on Freight can be effected if desired.

Passengers are requested to be on board before four on the above-named day, as the Steamer will leave precisely at that hour.

The U.S. Mail Steamer "Merrimack," in connection with the above, will sail from Rio on the 25th inst.

For further particulars please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Agents,

London, Belgium, Brazil AND RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIPS.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The names of the Steamers are as follow:
BONITA—GALATEA—LAOYDON, ARIADNE, RHONE.

This Company will despatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

From London, 27th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd.

From Buenos Ayres, on the 22d, to Falmouth Antwerp, and London,
Calling at Montevideo.

Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to London by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.

Cargo will be received on board, 48 hours after arrival at this port, for London and the Continent, at through rates.

Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35; to Rio Janeiro, 550 Pats. Freight or Specie one-half per cent. payable here.

All Letters must be taken to the Post-office.

For further particulars apply to the Agents—
WOODGATE, Brothers,
Shipbrokers,
36 San Martin.

17 cj—a6

New Family Grocery.

89½—CANGALLO—89½

MACLEAN, MOORE, & CO.

Always on hand a large supply of BASS'S ALE, in Quarts and Pints.

GUINNESS'S PORTER, do. do.

Best PORT, SHERRY, and CLARET WINES.

Every Class of English and French Preserves.

All Articles Warranted and sent free of charge.

89½—CANGALLO—89½
cj—160 12m a20

DRAUGHTSMAN.

PLANS COPIED, Drawings made, or Tracings Colored of Elevations, Sections or Machinery with accuracy and despatch. Also Estimates, Specifications and Extraction of quantities.

Address 'Surveyor,' care of Hibbert and Co., 116½ Calle Florida. 1 63 1m a9

London and River Plate Bank, (LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital.....	£2,000,000	Sterling
Subscribed Capital.....	1,500,000	"
Reserved Fund	125,000	

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Depositing Bills Coupons, &c., for Collection—and of lodging Valuable Property in the Treasury of the Bank for custody.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in their Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

Issued and Purchased on the following places:—

Montevideo.	Antwerp,
Rosario de Santa Fé,	Amsterdam,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	New York.
London,	Rio de Janeiro,
Liverpool,	Genoa.

All the principal Towns of

SCOTLAND and	IRELAND.
Paris,	Madrid,
Bordeaux,	Barcelona,
Marseilles,	Vigo,
Bayonne,	Corunna,
Cadiz,	Santander.
Naples,	Bilbao.
	Havre.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR,
MANAGERS. 4

London and River Plate Bank (LIMITED)

CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista.)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies in account current, } 3 per cent.
On do., subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal } 3½ "
On do. do. for 90 days fixed, } 5
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal, } 5 "

CHARGED.

For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.
On debit balances in account current in both currencies, } 10½ p. cent.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR.
Buenos Ayres, April 15, 1873.

BANCO DE ITALIA Y Rio de la Plata.

74—CALLE PIEDAD—74

SURSCRIBED CAPITAL,
$1,500,000.

This is divided into 15,000 Shares.

Board of Directors:
J. S. E. PIAGGIO.
AGILES MAVEROFF,
ANTONIO DEVOTO,
PABLO MARENGO,
MARCOS DEMARCHI,
NICOLAS SCHIAFFINO,
BARTOLOME VIALE.

Until further notice the rates of Interest will be as follows.—

ALLOWS

Account current, 5 per Cent.
Fixed periods, conventional terms.

CHARGES

Account current, 10 per cent.
Discounts, Promissory Notes, and other documents—conventional.

BILLS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued on London, France, Belgium, and all the chief Cities of Italy.

BANKING HOURS
From Ten to Four p.m., and until Five on Saturdays.

Buenos Ayres, August 18, 1872.
S. POLLININI,
Manager.
6 185 h.. x pag 20

Athletic Sports.

THE
Autumn Meeting
Will be held at
PALERMO
ON
THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1873.

The following is the programme, subject to alterations:—

High Jump Standing
" Running
Length Jump Running.
Throwing the Cricket Ball.
" Hammer
Putting the Shot
Pole Leaping
Vaulting
Hurdle Race, 120 yards, 10 flights, 3 ft. in
Flat Race, 100 yards
" 200
" 300, open to all comers,
" 400
" 880
" 1760
" 300, Youths under 18
" 150, Boys under 15
Steeple-chase, 3000 yards.

Entries can be made at Messrs. Mackern Bros. 44 Calle San Martin, up to 7 p.m on Saturday, 17th May.

Competitors are requested to make themselves acquainted with the Rules and Bye-laws of the Society.

h 282 2m m 18

BOOTS AND SHOES.

CHEAP AND DURABLE.

DEFENSA, 19.
(Mr. Fleming's Old Premises.)

Always on hand a choice supply of English and French boots and shoes of the best quality and newest fashions, for ladies, gentlemen, and children.

Also an assortment of strong English shoes for camp men,

They are of the best English manufacture, and only to be found at this establishment.

d 105xp 010 40

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY

Consignatorios de Frutos del Pais,
Wool Brokers,
Office
8—CALLE PERU—268
—x91j1 6

Deutsch, Belgische La Plata Bank.

Cologn & Buenos-Ayres

Authorised Capital: Prussian Silver Thalers.....	20,000,000
Subscribed Capital: Prussian Silver Thalers.....	10,000,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres,
20—CALLE FLORIDA—20

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial firms and private individuals.

MONEY RECEIVED on fixed deposit at conventional rates.

BILLS DISCOUNTED at conventional rates.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased at current rates.

DRAFTS issued on the following places—

Montevideo	Bremen
Rio de Janeiro	Paris
New York	Amsterdam
London	Antwerp,
Berlin	Genoa
Cologn	Madrid
Hamburg	Lisbon

and all the principal places of commerce on the Continent of Europe.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available for purchase of merchandize in all parts of the world on terms to be ascertained on application to the Bank.

W. MOLL, M. CASSEL
MANAGERS.
26 e—336 xp. 03.1

Deutsch-Belgische La Plata Bank.

From the 1st of December and till further Notice the rate of Interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows—

Interest Allowed.

On Deposits in Account Current, in both Currencies, 3 per cent. per annum.

Ds. on a fixed term:—
At 30 days ..... 3½ per cent.
" 60 days ..... 4 "
" 90 days ..... 5 "
At longer dates at conventional rates.

Interest Charged.

On Debit Balances in Account Current in both currencies, 10½ per cent.

For Discounts—Conventional according to circumstances.

Bank hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and on Saturdays to 5 p.m.

W. Moll, M. Cassel.
Managers.
cj | 256 p1n26

Caja de Credito Hipotecario.

Founded May 16th.

OFFICES:
25—CALLE SAN MARTIN—25

Hours from 10 to 4 p.m.

Consulting Lawyers and Examiners of Titles.
Dr. MIGUEL ESTEVES SEGUI,
" JOSE MARIA NUNEZ.

Allows in Account Current.. 5 per an
" On Deposits, 3 months.. 7 "
" " 6 " 8 "
" " 12 " 9 "

Advances on Mortgages at conventional rates

Charges on Advances 12 p%.

Draughts on all the chief markets of Europe.

Goods bought on Commission, and Credits arranged at very small charge.

Buenos Ayres, December 4, 1872.
P. de MONTRAVEL, Manager.
cj—m26

Huntley and Palmer's

CELEBRATED
READING BISCUITS.

BASS'S PALE ALE GUINNESS' STOUT.

Agent:
A. W. ROOKE,
212 Calle Cangallo 212,
Entre Maipu y Esmeralda.

Copland & Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1832.)

Provision Merchants, Export Oilmen AND MANUFACTURERS

PICKLES
JAMS
SAUCES CHEESE
HAMS
CAPERS
OLIVES
&c., &c.

Agent—A. W. ROOKE,
212 Calle Cangallo 212.
(Entre Maipu y Esmeralda.)

Washington Morton

BORDEAUX.

CHATEAU MARGAUX
CHATEAU LAFITE
ST. JULIEN
CHATEAU LAROSE
CHATEAT LEOVILLE
ST. ESTEPH
ST. EMELION

BURGUNDIES
BIAIUNE POMARD

FINE CHAMPAGNE

COGNAC

AGENTS:
A. W. ROOKE,
212—Calle de Cangallo—212
Entre Maipu y Esmeralda.
cj | 152 xp a19

English Roman Catholic COLLEGE.

MERCEDES.

Under the Direction of
The Rev. A. McNamara.

The above Institution is now
FORMALLY OPENED.
2j—337 xp f23

Guinness's

CELEBRATED
Extra Stout.
IN QUARTS AND PINTS.

Bottled in Dublin, and guaranteed by SPECIAL LABEL from the Brewery.

On Sale at
WILLIAM BARRY & CO.,
161—Calle Potosi 161
p, n17 84

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE,

London, (Limited) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

The Statutes of this Bank having been duly approved by the Chambers and the Government, the Public are hereby informed that the Business hitherto carried on in the name of WANKLYN and CO., will henceforth be continued in that of "THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE. Limited.

All Cheques, and other Documents still existing in the name of "Wanklyn and Co.," will be considered as equally valid with those of the new Bank

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

Buenos Ayres, January 1, 1873.

Messrs. Wanklyn and Co. take this opportunity to thank the Public for the liberal share of support accorded to them in the past, and to request a continuance of favors for the new Establishment.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.

(Limited.)

No. 85---Reconquista---No. 85.

Authorized Capital....£1,500,000 stg.
Subscribed Capital.... 1,000,000 "

Directors in Buenos Ayres.

Samuel B. Hale, Esq.,
Ambrosio P. Lezica, Esq.
Charles P. Taaub, Esq. } Directors.
A. Ure Mackinlay, Esq.
Norberto de la Riestra, Esq.
Frederic Wanklyn, Esq., Managing Director

From this date until further notice, Interest will be allowed:—

In account current .....4 per cent.
At 7 days' notice.....5 "
For 60 days fixed.....5½ "
" 90 " " .....6 "
And charged for Debits in Account Current, 12 per Cent.

Bills discounted at conventional rates.

Bills of Exchange purchased at current rates.

Bills of Exchange issued on London and other parts of England, all the branches of the National Bank in Ireland and of the British Linen Company Bank in Scotland; on Paris, Bordeaux, Antwerp, Genoa, Berlin, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Madrid, and all the branches of the Bank of Castile, Lisbon, Oporto, Genova, New York, Montreal, and all the branches of the Bank of Montreal, Bombay, and all the Branches of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, and also on all the principal cities of Europe, &c.

Circular Notes issued to travellers.

Letters of Credit issued on the Head Office in London, and on Paris, Antwerp, Genoa, New York, &c. Commission charged only on the amount used.

Letters of Credit, payable here at the current rate of Exchange, can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country from the Head Office in London, from the National Bank in Ireland, and from the other agents of the Bank.

A complete list of Agents may be seen at the office.

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

B. Ayres, April 17, 1873. 1 jan 1

Carabassa's Bank

127—CALLE CANGRELO—127

From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS

In Account Current..... 5 per cent. per an.
On a fixed term 30 days.. 6 " "
" " 60 ..... 6½ " "
" " 90 ..... 6 " "
At longer dates at conventional rates.

CHARGES

For Balances in Account Current, 12 per cent, per annum.

Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

Bank hours from Ten a.m. to Four p.m., and on Saturdays to Five p.m.

Bills drawn and taken on London, Paris, Bordeaux, Marseilles, and Genoa.

Buenos Ayres, April 15, 1873.
9 JOSE CARABASSA.

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY

NOTICE.

Buenos Ayres AND Montevideo Tariff FOR TELEGRAMS.

10 Words, exclusive of Addresses: 1.00f. or $25 m|c.

Every additional 10 Words: 0.50f. or $13 m|c.

Arrangements having been made for the Transmission of Telegrams to all parts of Europe, the United States, Asia, Australia, &c. Messages are now received at the

COMPANY'S OFFICES,

and posted at Montevideo for the Lisbon Submarine Line.

Particulars of CHARGES, &c., may be obtained at the Company's Stations.

JOHN OLDHAM,
Manager.
cj—90 1m jy4

COMPANIA Argentina de Seguros

SEGUN lo dispuesto por la Direccion, la junta general de accionistas de que trata el Art. 27 de los Estatutos de dicha Compañia, que en seguida se insertа, tendra lugar este año, como de costumbre, en las oficinas de la Compañia, el dia 10 de Mayo proximo, a la una de la tarde.

B. Ayres, Abril 24 de 1873.
F. F. MORENO,
Gerente.

ARTICULO 27

Todos los años en el mes de Mayo, la Direccion convocara a junta general de accionistas y presentara a esta, inventario y balance general de los negocios de la Compañia hasta el 30 de Abril anterior, acompañado de una memoria espresando los resultados prosperos o adversos, que se hubieran experimentado en el año y las medidas que considere conveniente al interes comun para lo sucesivo. 1 102 15p a24

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned executors of the late Canon Faby, being about to close up finally his affairs and to discharge the trust of the Irish Hospital, reposed in us, hereby call a meeting of the Irish Community, for the naming of trustees for Thursday the 22nd of May 1873, at the hour of one o'clock at the said hospital.

Buenos Ayres April 7th 1873,
THOMAS ARMSTRONG,
MIGUEL DUGGAN.
cj | 1131m 15a

ARGENTINE BANK.

31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M

PRESIDENT:
BERNARDO YRIGOYEN.
DIRECTOR-GENERAL:
D. ANACARSIS LANUS.

The rate of interest from the date, until further notice will be—

ALLOWS.

On account current, - 6 per cent. per annum
Ninety days' notice, - 6½ " "
At six months - 6 " "

CHARGES

On specie and currency 12 " " "
Money advanced on current account.
Bills and pagares discounted on conventional terms.

SAVINGS' BANK

Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
On specie and currency 6 per cent. per annum.

MARCO DEL PONT.
Manager.

Buenos Ayres, April 15, 1873.
cj—1873. 1j5m 16

Advances.

LIBERAL ADVANCES

Made on Consignments of Produce to the United States of North America, Belgium, England, and South of Germany, by

ALFREDO JONAS & CO.,
161½ CALLE CANGALLO.

Wool-growers wishing to enjoy the full price of their product in the European or American markets, will find it greatly to their advantage to apply to

ALFREDO JONAS & CO.
161½—Calle Cangallo—161½
cj—146 xp o16 41

PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

Business Hours, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Deposits of not less than $400 m|c and 4f.16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interest not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalised. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month, or on returning the deposit.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures, having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days to six months, on the condition that at maturity they are paid in full.

The Bank draws at sight upon the following branches:—

DOLORES,	CHIVILCOY,
SAN NICOLAS,	MERCEDES,
LOBOS,	BARADERO
SALTO,	AZUL.

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

LOANS TO THE WORKING CLASSES.

The Bank lends to artizans and operatives sums from *Three to Twenty Thousand Dollars*, on their own signature, taking as security a document with any well-known signature.

CREDITS IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

1st. The Bank opens Accounts Current for commercial house.

RATES OF INTEREST.

ALLOWS—

Private depositors, 5 per cent. per annum m|c
Do. 5 do do. specie
To private depositors,
In account current 2 per cent per annum do.
Do 2 do do cur.

CHARGES—

Discounts in currency, 6 per cent. per annum
Do specie 6 do do

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
Secretary.
—cj—n23

GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE BANK

Offices—111 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

This Bank will be open to the Public on all business days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

It advances on real estate to be repaid at long dates.

It pays Mortgage Certificates (Cedulas Hipotecarios) for the amount of the loan it advances, which bear an interest equal to that collected by the Bank.

The value of property offered in mortgage shall not be under two thousand patacons, nor the loan be less than 500 duertes.

No loan can exceed half the value of the property mortgaged.

The Mortgagor shall bind himself to pay an annual sum so long as the mortgage lasts, said sum to represent the interest on the sum lent the amortization fund and commission to the Bank. This yearly sum shall be paid quarterly or half-yearly.

Series A—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 20 years 117 days, 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series B—Quarterly.

Morgage for 27 years 270 days; 8 per cent. interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series C—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 20 years 190 days; 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series D—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 28 years 5 days: 8 per cent interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent commission.

Upon the full payment of the yearly sums stipulated in the Mortgage, both property and Mortgagor shall be freed from all further obligation.

The Mortgagor shall be at liberty to anticipate the payments and to discharge the mortgage, all or in part.

Applications for mortgages must be made in writing, specifying the property offered, accompanied by the title deeds, the receipts of the Contribucion Directa tax, and setting forth that the property is free from all incumbrance, or if not the incumbrance that exists thereon, and which is to be paid off by the mortgage. The Secretary of the bank will supply applicants with the forms necessary as also the tables for amortization.

Quarterly mortgagers shall pay from 8th to 15th of each January, April, July and October, and half yearly mortgagors shall pay between the 8th and 15th of each January and July.

With the amortization fund, mortgage certificates (cedulas) shall be redeemed at par by quarterly and half yearly drawings.

The mortgage Bank pays the interest on the quarterly cedulas or mortgage certificates between the 31st December and 6th January, the 31st March and 6th April, the 30th June and 6th July, the 30th September and 6th October every year, and on the half yearly cedulas from the 31st December to 6th January, and from 30th June to 6th July.

The Mortgage Bank can act between the capitalist and mortgagor, free of charge in the ay of realizing the cedulas, and for this purpose will receive deposits without interest, which will receive a preference, and which sums will be deposited in the Provincial Bank.

On and after the 15th February 1872 the Mortgage Bank will be open to the public.

Jose M. La Fuente,
Secretary.

111—CALLE SAN MARTIN—111
1— xp ff 10

BARRACA DEL COMBU.

244—Calle Chile—244

TO LET, the above Barraca Corralon, 40 by 70, with Galpones, Escritorio, &c.

Apply at 318 Buen Orden. h..178 3p a 22

Direct to Europe.

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE STEAMERS.

Messrs LAMPORT & HOLT'S LINE

RIVER PARANA LINE.

The Steamship
"PTOLEMY,"
1115 Tons,
JAXLEY, Commander,
Will on her return from Rosario and San Nicolas, be despatched for
ANTWERP and LIVERPOOL,
ON
2d MAY.
(Landing Passengers, Specie, &c. at Southampton.)

The Royal Mail Steamship
"GALILEO,"
2,300 Tons,
MARKWELL, Commander,
Will be despatched for
ANTWERP,
And
LIVERPOOL,
Via Montevideo, Rio Janeiro, Bahia and Lisbon
ON
FRIDAY, 9th MAY,
Carrying H.B.M. Mails.

Passengers, Specie, Mails, &c., landed at Southampton.

In the Mail Steamer Table Wine is supplied Gratis to all Passengers.

Cargo will be received on board until noon on the day of sailing.

Specie and Parcels will be received at the Office of the Agents on the same day.

These Steamers are replete with every comfort, and carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Liverpool	1st Class	£35
London	do	35
Southampton	do	35
Antwerp	do	35
Rio Janeyro	do	$f.60
Lisbon	do	$f.160
Liverpool	3d Class	£15
Londo	do	15
Southampton	do	15
Antwerp	do	15
Rio Janeyro	do	$f.25
Lisbon	do	$ f68.80

First-class Return Tickets are issued (with a reduction of 25 per cent, available for 12 month.)

PRE-PAID PASSAGES

Are issued to parties wishing to bring out their friends from England at the following rates:

1st Class £32
3d do..... 14

Apply to the Agents—
H. A. GREEN & CO.,
or to the Brokers,
GREEN, LE ROSSIGNOL & CO.,
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On her return from Rosario, calling at Montevideo.

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From Liverpool.

The voyage of this Steamer having terminated in Montevideo, Consignees of Buenos Ayres Cargo will please instruct their Agents in Montevideo in reference to the same.

Buenos Ayres April 23, 1873.
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Ship Sails, Door and Yard Awnings,
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ANALYSIS
BY
Professor Kyle.

The Iron exists in the form of a protosalt, one fluid ounce of the Gin containing 3-10ths of a grain of Protoxide of Iron. The Ferruginous Gin may therefore take its place amongst chalybeate preparations, and be employed with advantage where the administration of a tonic alcoholic stimulant is indicated.

National College, 31st May, 1872.
JOHN J. J. KYLE.
21 cj—ag2

La Flor del Desierto

190—RIVADAVIA—190

Los Empresarios de esta mensageria ponen en conocimiento del publico, que desde el 1° del entrante Mayo saldra para el 25 de Mayo la bisperas de su salida en el 2° tren que sale del Parque a las 2 de la tarde a dormir a Chivilcoy.

B Ayres Abril 24 de 1873.
AGUERRE Y Ca.
e | 6p 25a.

MONEY ORDERS.

British Consulate and Postal Agency.
B. Ayres, August 26, 1872.

The Public is informed that POST-OFFICE ORDERS, payable at any Money Order Office in the United Kingdom, are issued at this Office, at the following charges, viz.—

For a Sum not exceeding	£2	$ 7	m|c.
Do	do	5	13 "
Do	do	7	19 "
Do	do	10	25 "

English Sovereigns are received at their full value, and Paper Money at the rate of $125 m|c per pound sterling.

FRANK PARISH,
H.B.M.'s Consul and Postal Agent,
cj—136

FOR PORT STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS,
The fine fast-sailing A 1, British Clipper Barque
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773 Tons Tegister,
Commander THOS. GEORGE STEER.

This Vessel will be despatched for the above destination in about 14 days from date, and has splendid accommodation for a limited number of First-class Passengers.

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Montevideo, April 19, 1873.
cj—212 14p a25

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TO ALL PERSONS suffering from Moles, Warts, or any other deformities on the skin.

There is an opportunity offering to be cured of these irksome diseases without any operation or pain.

Apply by letter, under No. 215, to the office of this paper.

NOTE.—No payment or any remuneration is asked if not completely cured.
d 247 6p a26

MORON.

The new HOTEL alongside the Station.

52—CALLE PROGRESO—52

HERMAN THOLE.
oj -211 1m a25

J. B. Casablanca.

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Sobre consignaciones aprobadas.

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97—Calle Defensa—97

Guinness's Stout.

Bottled by E. & J. Burke.
h..49 xp n 8 26

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Every information and assistance will be given to intending settlers, on application to Messrs. J. Thompson, T. Bonar and Co.'s, 42 San Martin, Buenos Ayres cj—71 xp m30

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Mrs. POWELL DE REINOSO

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BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

In the Town of Ranchos, where the children entrusted to her charge will receive the rudiments of a sound English Education, with all the comforts of a home.

CHARGES

For Boarders per Month..... $4.0
" Day Pupils 50

ISABEL POWELL DE REINOSO.

Ranchos, March 22, 1872.
cj—227 1m m23

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

Miss Lowe, recently arrived from London, begs to acquaint the Ladies of this community that she is prepared to execute their orders in the above named branches in any style desired, at

407—ARTES—407

An apprentice wanted.
g | 221 1m a 25

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4000 (more or less) sheep from an Estancia near Chascomus, bred in the Magdalena camps, including 46 Rams (16 Pampa). For further particulars as to price &c. apply to

JOHN FORREST & CO.
44 — Calle 25 de Mayo — 44.
cj | 6p 25a.

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Se vende una en las Lomas de Zamora con 6 piezas nuevas, con monte y una area de 200 varas de frente sobre la linea ferrea por 100 de fondo, terreno todo alambrado y a cuatro cuadras de la Estacion Adrogué.

Ocurran a Santos Molinari Peru 135.
e | 136 8p 26a.

New Advertisements.

IT IS FOOLISH to say that chronic diseases of the stomach are incurable, when it is notorious that confirmed dyspepsia yields readily to the Sugar-coated Pills. In vain the theorists advance such dictum in the face of facts testified to by the convalescent and the cured. It may be that, according to pathological logic the patients ought not to get well; but, fortunately they do. In some instances dyspepsia leads to a degenerate condition of the blood. When this is the case Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in conjunction with the pills cj—ml

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PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

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1. GARONNE Sails—Monday, 5th May.
2. CORDILLERA „ Monday, 12th „
3. CORCOVADO „ Monday, 19th „
4. ARAUCANIA „ Monday. 26th „

Nos. 1 and 3 Touch at Rio Janeiro, Lisbon Bordeaux, and Liverpool.
Nos. 2 and 4 Touch at Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco. Lisbon, and Liverpool.

FOR

The Pacific.

6. JOHN ELDER Sails—Tuesday, 13th May
6. GALICIA „ Wednesday 21st „
7. ACONCAGUA „ Tuesday, 27th „

Nos. 5 and 7 Touch at Sandy Point, Coronel, Valparaiso. Callao.
No. 6 Touches at Sandy Point, Coronel. Valparaiso, Arica, Islay, and Callao.

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To	1st Class,	2d Class.	3d Class.
Rio Janeiro	£12	£ 6	£ 4
Bahia	20	6	10
Pernambuco	22	11	7
Lisbon	32	20	12
Bordeaux	35	20	14
Liverpool.....	35	20	15
Sandy Point	20	15	8
Valparaiso	40	30	15
Arico and Islay..	45	34	18
Callao	50	38	20

Children, under 12 years, half fare under 8 years quarter fare, and one child of a family under 3 years. free.
Return Tickets, available for One Year, with 25 per cent. discount.
A large reduction made to Theatrical and other Companies.
Table Wine supplied to all Passengers.
Freight on Specie at conventional rates.

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8ª FUNCION DE ABONO.

JUEVES 1º DE MAYO.

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Palcos	$300
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Palquitos de Cazuela.....	150
Cazuela	15
Entrada de Id.....	10
Entrada General	30

cj—a27

Female Phenomenon,

ON EXHIBITION AT

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THE BIGGEST WOMAN IN THE WORLD.

From 2 o'clock to 10 daily.

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Children half price.
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For Transmission to
BRAZIL, NORTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE.

Per Steamer "PTOLEMY," up to the 3d MAY.

Will be received at the Buenos Ayres Office.

CALLE RECONQUISTA,

63.

cj—a30

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

The Sixth Ordinary Meeting of this Society is convened for THURSDAY, MAY 1st, on which occasion Mr. Thomas Armstrong, the President, will take the chair, and important business will be transacted.

48 CALLE RECONQUISTA.

A punctual attendance is requested.
By Order.
cj—nl

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Books and Periodicals

MESSRS. JACOBSEN & SODERSTEDT beg to inform the public in town and camp that they supply all English and Foreign Books and Periodicals on most moderate, and for Provincial Traders and Libraries in the country also most liberal terms.
All standard and popular English and foreign works constantly kept on hand.
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TO BE LET a five-roomed House, with Kitchen, &c., boarded floors, and windows to the street, in San Jose de Flores. For further particulars apply at 74 Calle Florida, Buenos Ayres. cj—277 5p ml

TO LET, a fine Suite of OFFICES, situated at No. 58 and 60 Calle Reconquista, opposite the Commercial and London Bank, Telegraph Office, &c. Apply on the Premises cj—278 5p ml

ESTANCIA, with or without Lease, in the Partido 25 de Mayo. There are houses, corrales, water, &c. Apply Sr. Dionisio, Calle Suipacha 27, cj—275 6p ml

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WANTED, a Cook and Housemaid, for an English family. Apply at the corner of Piedad and Larrea. cj—276 3p ml

OPORTO.

En barriles y embotellado, viejo, superior y de pasto de la afamada bodega de Joao Eduardo dos Santos—Porto—Se encuentra en venta permanente.

48—CALLE PIEDRAS—48.
6 | 272 6p 1m.

FRIDAY.

FRIDAY. for Rosario and Ports, at 10 o'clock, the Steamer PRIMER ARGENTINO.
Receives cargo and passengers
Receives cargo, passengers, and parcels.
SUNDAY, for Concordia and Argentine Ports, o'Clock, the English steamer IRIS
Agency—Reconquista, 99 and 99½.
4 —cj

LETTERS.

Nugent, Barnett, Wells, Mrs. Walter, Mary Devine. | cj

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SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD

DAILY, per month.....	$30
WEEKLY	20
PACKET EDITION, single copy	2
Do Do. mailed from Office, including postage (per an.)	£2
Advertisements per line per day,	$1
Do WEEKLY, one insertion,	5
Do. Permanent, at conventional rates	
"Standard" Office,, January 1st, 1869.	

The Standard.

Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere.'
CICERO.

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1873.

Special Telegrams to the "STANDARD."

CHILIAN TELEGRAM.

Valparaiso, 26th April.

Steamer Atlantic sunk off Halifax, 750 lives lost.

Fearful earthquake in San Salvador.

City completely destroyed.

Five hundred citizens between dead and wounded.

Twelve millions patacones property destroyed.

PERU.

Shocking disaster at Piscobamba. City washed away by floods; 36 people drowned; 61 houses carried off.

Archbishop of Santiago dying.

OUR ANNIVERSARY.

Twelve long and pleasant years have elapsed since the STANDARD made its first appearance as a candidate for public favor and organ of the Foreign Community. The history of this journal since May 1861 is the history of the River Plate Republics, and if our career has been attended with some success the secret lies in the fact that our motto has been "the country before everything."

Whoever has lived a number of years in B. Ayres, whether his labors tend merely to the acquisition of wealth or be directly related with the advancement of the nation, knows how closely the prosperity of the Republic is bound up with the individual efforts of even the humblest sheep-farmer among us. To increase the producing power, to develop the splendid resources still unwrought, to remedy existing evils; here is the programme which every statesman, journalist and legislator endeavors to keep in view.

Although foreign residents may be said to have no representation either in Congress or the Provincial Legislature there is no country in the world where Foreign Opinion has so much influence both inside and outside the Chambers as in B. Ayres. The deference so accorded to us is no less gratifying to foreigners than beneficial to the commonwealth. The liberality of the laws, the equality enjoyed by men of every creed and color, the valuable reforms that are being daily adopted, cannot indeed blind us to the fact that the administration of justice is still very backward; but, great works of progress are generally slow, and if we compare Buenos Ayres with any other country in this Continent we can at once see how relatively advanced we are, and how insignificant is Foreign Opinion in all the sister Republics. Moreover, it must be borne in mind that if no European-born deputy sits in Argentine Chambers it is simply our own fault, because we have hitherto held aloof from politics which too long signified civil war. But, natives of every class have always been only too willing to welcome our co-operation in the making of the laws and the initiation of whatever tends to advance the country.

No wonder that this paper, which was for some years the only foreign organ, came to attain an importance that under other circumstances it could never have hoped for. Our position to-day in Buenos Ayres is not like that of 'Galignani's Messenger' in Paris, or of a French journal in London, or a German one in New York; such papers belong strictly to a small circle of readers of one nationality. The STANDARD, although the organ of the various English-speaking communities of the River Plate, belongs to Buenos Ayres, and is as intimately identified with this city as the Cabildo clock.

It has been said that half the loans and railways launched on the London Stock Exchange for the River Plate have been made by means of the STANDARD. If this be true we are happy (to use Mr. Wheelwright's words at Quilmes) to be able to make some return to Buenos Ayres for the hospitality, friendship and good-will vouchsafed to us.

And now reader, you will say we have been slow in returning thanks to the public which has so long and liberally supported us. Frankly, to tell you our sentiments we think the acknowledgment should at least be mutual. The STANDARD has loyally stood by you in every occasion: it has never made distinction whether you came from Severn, or Shannon, or Clyde, or Elbe, or Potomac. We feel an honest conviction of having done our duty up to the present, and hope on each succeeding anniversary to be able to refer you, as we now do, to the programme we drew up in May 1861, and ask you if in aught we fail to carry out our engagements?

In beginning to-day our 13th year we trust it will prove as prosperous for the country in general, and for our readers in particular, as the past dozen years which we have just alluded to.

THE BRITISH HOSPITAL MEETING.

Yesterday at the appointed hour the general annual meeting of subscribers was held at the school room of the Scotch church. We noticed present the following gentlemen.

Frank Parish H. B. M. Consul, Rev. Dr. Smith English Chaplain, Rev. J. Smith Scotch Clergyman, Messrs Naylor, Krabbe, Drysdale, Runciman, Smith, Methvin, M. Clymont, Barclay, Urban Smith, Brown, Duguid and Frazier, Muir, Crauford and others. The chair was taken by H. B. M. Consul Mr. Frank Parish, Mr. Jordan acting as Secretary.

The Chairman rose and said that he regretted the small attendance at the meeting, the more so since he considered that his illness had something to do with it, and also that the previous day fixed was found inconvenient, owing to the Rosario Railway inauguration and the sailing of the packet; furthermore, it is always a drawback to postpone a meeting. However, the attendance was ample for the despatch of business. The report is the most complete and exhaustive that has been published, and shows the working of the new rules during the past year. It might have been more gratifying to see the members of of the previous committees present to show them the working of the rules which they had initiated, but the report before us is a complete history of the hospital mangement for the year; the new rules had proved the greatest success, particularly as regards the medical department, and the zeal and assiduity of the doctors were deserving of the highest praise, and proved clearly that the present system should be continued in and carried out. As regards the financial condition of the hospital, nothing could be more satisfactory. The receipts exceed the expenditure, and this without any undue economy on the contrary, the hospital is if anything more liberal.

As regards the tonnage fee, he was glad to say that it showed the most satisfactory returns, and he never heard the slightest complaint from any captain, nor of a sailor who applied for admittance being refused. The tonnage fees for the year gave 180,000 m|c. against 150,000 previous year. The total receipts of the Hospital for the year amounted 480,000 m|c. against 380,000 m|c. expenditure. The number of patients for the year was small, but then the year had proved very healthy. The death rate is low, and lower than any other institution—5 per cent. of number admitted. This was nothing to frighten patients away, but on the contrary a proof of the salubrity of the institution and the scientific skill of the physicians. The reserve fund had risen from 700,000 to 860,000 m|c., and as a portion of this fund was for a specific purpose, and the municipal fiat respecting yellow fever cases was well known the Committee was compelled to consider the due and proper application of these funds, and to take timely steps, so that the trust reposed in them should be to the letter carried out. Any temporary change at the present hospital would entail outlay without meeting the great difficulty in the case of a recurrence of the fever. The Committee had well weighed the question and considered that they could not better consult their own duties and the interests of the hospital than by purchasing a large and convenient piece of land which was offered them in Caballito. The investment, viewed in any light, was a safe one, and was the wisest exercise of the trust reposed. The matter would now be brought before the meeting for its vote.

To call a meeting previous to the purchase was out of the question, since property-holders are unwilling to sell on such conditions. The new premises would afford larger space for a new and better built hospital, and with a very small subscription he (the chairman) considered that the Hospital would be free. With these few observations, gentlemen, and congratulating you all on the very prosperous and independent position of the British Hospital, I shall not further occupy the time of the meeting.

Mr. Robert Barclay then rose to move the adoption of the report and accounts, and said—

As Chairman of the Committee I beg to propose the adoption of the report now in your hands. It speaks for itself, and after what the Consul has said, it is not necessary for me to add much. I would only say that your Committee have sought faithfully to fulfil the trust with which they were charged.

We have tried to forget past dissensions and to keep before us only one object, namely, the good of the Institution, and if it is to prosper the motto should be as already indicated.

"Let the dead past bury its dead,
"Act, act, in the living present
"Heart within and God over head."

We have no wish to deprecate criticism or to avoid that full scrutiny which is the life of all free institutions.

We wish also to regard those who differ from us as actuated by the same motives as we ourselves prefer to be. At the same time while we judge thus charitably of others everyone indiyidually is bound to look well within, for we know that oftentimes prejudices and prepossessions sway our judgement more than we think.

It has been well said by one of the greatest thinkers of our age: "It is not the works which are all mortal, and the greatest no greator than the least, but the spirit in which thou workest that alone can have worth or continuance." One evil effect of undue censoriousness towards those who undertake public trusts is its influence in deterring others who would join willingly in such work. To all such I would say that while this may be so, the prompting of pure benevolence, and a sense of duty should outweigh such considerations. Cowardice is not an English characteristic, and we should allow no consideration to deter us in fulfilling those obligations which we owe to our country and to our God.

England is pre-eminently the land of self Government, and this is seen not only in her national institutions, but in the myriad of societies which everywhere exist and to which perhaps more of the greatness and glory of England are due than to anything else.

In these, whether of a philanthropic, social or a religious character, every man of intelligence and education finds his place. Nor are Englishmen living abroad beyond the sphere of such obligations. On the contrary, they are all the more bound to be faithful to the national traditions, and true to the instincts of our national life, and in maintaining the proud position which sh occupies in the van of progress and civilization. England looks to them, as she does to all her sons, and "Expects that every man will do his duty"

With these remarks I beg to move the adoption of the report, reserving for a separate vote the special alteration in the new code.

Mr. Naylor felt much pleasure in seconding Mr. Barclay's motion, and as chairman of the committee of the previous year, was willing to testify how far that committee worked to meet the views of the subscribers. When the new rules were proposed they were never supposed to be perfect; on the contrary, the committee looked forward to amendments suggested by the experience of the year's trial. Mr. Naylor touched very gracefully on the very great zeal and assiduity of those gentlemen who figured in former committees, and the very successful position of the Hospital to day was much due to their labours; everything concerning the Hospital now was in admirable working order, and he trusted that the period of Hospital recriminations had passed.

The Rev. J. Smith, asked to make a few remarks. As the oldest Committee member present he could bear witness to the zeal and labours of all previous committees, and he much deprecated this constant readiness to find fault with committee men and their labours; it operated most prejudicially, and his many years hospital experience had but too well proved the truth of Mr. Barclay's very excellent remarks. He, Mr. Smith, felt it his bounden duty to bear witness not only to the labors of the committee men, but also of the untiring zeal of the chairman, who spared no efforts to further hospital interests. As for the Secretary, we all know how heart and soul he worked for the cause. Then again the Medical Board claimed especial thanks, Drs. Smith, Alston and McDonald lent their great skill and ability to the hospital, and he never recollected the hospital better in this regard than at present. Upon the whole the hospital is in a most prosperous state, and it afforded him much pleasure to testify to the labours of those gentlemen who contributed to this success

The report and accounts were then put and carried nem con.

It was then proposed by Mr. Barclay, and seconded by Mr. Krabbe, that the following alterations of the Code proposed by the Committee be adopted, viz—

I. That in Rule VIII. line 4, after the word Chairman the word Secretary be inserted.

II. That in Rule IX. the following clause be added, viz.

Besides the five members elected as above to serve on the Committee, five others may be elected as Suppletories, who may be called on by the Committee to fill vacancies or otherwise assist the Committee if requisite.

III. That in Rule X. the word Superintendent be substituted for the words Secretary and Collector; and that the words, 'and to attend the Committee meetings' be struck out.

IV. That in Rule XVII the following clause be added, viz.

Collectors shall also be entitled to a similar letter of admission for each fifty patacones collected by them in smaller sums. Carried.

Mr. Krabbe offered some well timed remarks on the name superintendent, which he thought might admit of some alteration, and be changed to secretary—as the comprehensiveness of the word superintendent might lead to the official believing that he was more than he really was, and lead to his putting on airs.

Rev. Dr. Smith asked permission to offer same remarks on the right of suffrage and the propriety of making it more liberal.

Mr. Jordan opined that the question had been previously discussed at the last meeting.

Dr. Smith thought that the spirit of liberalism, if infused into the Hospital, would be productive of the greatest good; and if he was in order, he would ask to reduce the suffrage qualification from 10 to 4 pats. This would bring among us a number of young men weose circumstances did not admit of their giving over 4 pats.

Mr. Krabbe thought that he could speak with mellowed experience of the vigour and enthusiasm of youth, and the advantage of opening the doors to young men. He in his young days had been on numerous church committees, and he was with Dr. Smith.

It was therefore proposed by Rev. Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Krabbe—

That in Rule V. 48f. is substituted for 10$f.

Passed 'nem con.'

The Chairman said the next question for the meeting was to consider the recent purchase of property made by the committee, explaining in a very able manner the necessities which led to this purchase, and fully endorsing the wisdom of the committee in timely securing lands which were rising daily.

Mr. Krabbe thought that a special meeting for the consideration of this business should be called, as there was nothing in the notice about it.

Mr. Barclay rose, and in a very lucid and able manner explained the position of the hospital and its future wants.

Dr Alston—Thought that the present hospital was quite large enough for the patients applying. Several of the wards had never been filled, and except in cases of infectious diseases which were laid hold of by the Municipal Medical Board, there was really no difficulty whatever, but with this board and this municipality there was much trouble. He thought so because they were unaware that the Hospital had separate wards for such infectious diseases, and the British Hospital was not like the native hospitals, obliged to allow such cases into the ordinary wards of the hospital and to mix with the other patients.

Mr. John Drysdale asked if the matter could not be brought under the notice of some English member of the Municipality?

Dr. Alston said the difficulty is not with the Municipality, but with the so called medical board of the municipality that would listen to nothing as regards a hospital at Caballito; he well knew the inconveniences of attending patients out there. The road was long, and upon the whole it might be as well at least for the present to remain as we are say for a year or so.

Mr. Barclay stated that Dr. Alston's suggestions had already in committee been sufficiently discussed and that as the report had been passed the meeting had also approved of the acts therein referred to, therefore the land purchase had been fully and unanimously approved of, he (Mr. Barclay) thought that something might be done in the way of embellishing the front of the hospital.

Mr. Krabbe—Suggested bay windows and strengthening the wall; for instance, the south wall was but of one brick'

It was then proposed by Mr. Barclay, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the new code with the alterations now carried be adopted as a permanent code of rules for the Institution, and that Her Majesty's Consul be instructed to submit same for the sanction of Her Majesty's Government.

It was then proposed by Mr. Krabbe, seconded by Mr. R. McClymont—

That Mr. R. G. Runciman, Mr. George Cooper and Mr. Arthur Wyatt Smith be elected to serve on the Committee in place of the three members who now retire, and that the following be named as suppletories—Messrs. Francis Younger, Thomas Drake Peter, Ronald Bridgett, and John Zimmermann. (Carried unanimously).

Rev. Dr. Smith felt that he was called upon to testify to the great services of Drs. Alston and McDonald, and moved a special vote of thanks to them for same.

Mr. Krabbe asked leave to include in the vote the names of the Rev. Dr. Smith and the Rev. J. Smith.

Rev. J. Smith, in very eloquent terms, spoke to the services of these physicians.

Passed unanimously.

Mr. Krabbe moved a vote of thanks to the committee and especially to the Secretary who had so ably distinguished himself in drawing up positively the best Hospital report he had ever read, not for £100, nor £200, he doubted if even at all, he would have written out this luminous report.

Mr. R. McClymont seconded the motion.

Passed nem. con.

The Chairman now rose, and in delicate and polished terms adverted to his retirement from Buenos Ayres, and the possibility of his never meeting his Hospital friends again. He spoke back of the early history of the institution—of the first start in 1863—of all his friends who had helped him, and who, with the exception of one or two, were absent. He yielded his post with undisguised regret, and claimed at least the privilege of enrolling his name as a subscriber on the books of the institution.

The Rev. J. Smith came forward and in a feeling and most impressive way spoke to Mr. Parish's long services, he, Mr. Smith, was chairman of the hospital committee before Mr. Parish came to the country and consequently the best of all qualified to speak to his long and valued services, services which claimed an especial vote of thanks from the friends of the Hospital and the whole British community (great applause).

Proposed by Mr. Krabbe; seconded by the Rev. Dr. Smith:—

"That Mr. Parish vacate the chair."

Mr. Barclay having taken his place, a vote of thanks to Mr. Parish for his conduct in the chair was carried with applause.

The meeting then separated.

DESTRUCTION OF SAN SALVADOR.

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE.

The telegraph wires from Valparaiso have just flashed across the Andes the melancholy intelligence of the destruction of San Salvador. April seems an unlucky month for this ancient Central American state, for it was in April 1854, and almost 19 years to a day, since the same city was destroyed by an earthquake which buried houses and citizens, and churches and Government House in one vast pile of ruin. We hold no further details of the present dire catastrophe than those given in our telegram; but as it it must, doubtless, interest many of our readers to know something of a land the scene of such misfortune, we give the following particulars which we get from the books. San Salvador may be termed a hot water sulphureous republic a portion of which is from one end of the year to the other enveloped in smoke. There are springs near some of the country towns that always emit a dense white steam, and near the frontiers of Guatemala there is ever such a steaming, smoking and firing up going on that people who have read Bulwer's "Coming Race" must believe San Salvador is the entrance to the Guy World.

The City of San Salvador is a new town on a very ancient site, and some terrific height over the sea level. Europeans who have visited it represent it as beating Carracas hollow in the sublime and picturesque. From the windows of one of the principal hotels one can look almost into the other world, such is the frightful expanse beneath. The great peak of Tijuca can in nothing compare to San Salvador. Yet the people are friendly, hospitable, and as jolly as Greeks. A little below the city there is a sort of natural kitchen chimney: what goes on below, no man in or out of Salvador ever yet could tell; but some South American Pliny placed his ear on the top of the chimney and testified that the noise below resembled the hissing from a great frying-pan.

In this delightful Republic, which is ever teeming with the most extraordinary vegetation, there is a spot surrounded by no less than sixteen volcanoes, where, at certain intervals, cataracts of hot water break from the mountain sides and scald the whole country round. Eggs are frequently boiled hard in the little streams that fertilize the valleys.

Night time in Salvador is the busiest period, for then all the volcanoes are hard at work, and the lurid light from these belching mountains completely extinguishes the moon. Indigo is the great export, and pays for everything.

The principal ports are La Union, on the bay of Fonseca, La Libertad, and Acajutla. The last two however are unprotected, and derive their importance from their proximity to the cities of San Salvador and Sonsonate. Along the coast there is a belt of low, rich, alluvial land, varying in width from 10 to 20 m.; beyond which, and presenting an abrupt face seaward, rises a broad plateau or coast range with an average elevation of about 2,000 feet. Between this range and the great chain of the Cordilleras, which bounds the Republic on the N., lies a broad fertile valley from 20 to 30 m. wide and more than 100 m. long, drained by the river Lempa. A considerable basin is also formed by a system of small rivers which rise in the western part of the Republic, at the foot of the volcano of Santa Ana, and fall into the sea near the port of Acajutla; and another and still larger basin is that of the Rio San Miguel in the E., separated only by detached mountains from the bay of Fonseca. The Rio Paza or Pazaca, forming the boundary between the Republic and Guatamela, and the Rio San Miguel, are the only remaining streams of importance. San Salvador has two considerable lakes, one in the N.W. part of the state called Guija, and another very nearly in its centre, named Ilopango or Cojutepeque. The former is about 90 m. in circumference, and abounds in fish, the traffic in which is a source of considerable profit to the people on its shores. According to tradition, the lake was formed by an eruption of the neighboring volcanoes of San Diego and Masatepeque. On one of the islands of this lake are the remains of an ancient aboriginal town, called Zacapula. Lake Ilopango contains a species of small fish called 'mojarras', highly prized by the people of the city of San Salvador.

San Salvador is essentially an agricultural state. The basin of the river San Miguel, that of Sonsonate, and the valley proper of the Lempa, as also the alluvions bordering on the Pacific, are of extraordinary fertility. Around the bay of Jiquilisco and the port of La Libertad cotton has been cultivated with success; but up to this time the principal products of the state have been, in the order of their importance, indigo, sugar and maize. Indigo is produced from an indigenous triennial plant, known by the Indian name of 'jiquilite.' [See Jiquilite]. The amount of Indigo produced in the Republic ranges from 8,000 to 13,000 cerroons, of 150 lbs. each, annually. The amount exported in 1858 was 10,903 cerroons, and in 1859 11,957 cerroons, valued at $1,762,030. The sugar of San Salvador is of fine quality, with remarkably large and hard crystals, from an indigenous variety of cane, but it is chiefly used for home consumption. The exportation for 1859 was 3,702,800.

The climate of San Salvador is generally salubrious, although its temperature, owing to its less average elevation, is probably higher than that of Guatemala, Honduras, and Costa Rica. The heat is never oppressive except at a few points near the coast. The seasons are well defined, the wet season commencing in May and terminating in November. During the rest of the year the sky is cloudless and serene, the amount of rain fall being less than in any of the adjacent states. Of the total population of San Salvador, probably one fifth are whites, or have a preponderance of white blood; one third are pure Indians, and the remainder 'ladinos' or persons of mixed white and Indian blood. The number of negroes and mulattoes is insignificant. The Costa del Balsimo is entirely inhabited by Indians, who also greatly preponderate in the district of Izalco, and in the department of La Paz, between the volcano of San Vicente and the sea. These are all of the Nahuatl or Aztec stock, and were known to the conquerors as Pipils. They retain the Nahuatl language, very slightly modified from that which was spoken on the plains of Anahuac. On the Balsam coast they preserve their primitive habits and modes of life, in great part their ancient forms of government, and also some of their heathen rites, though they profess to be Roman Catholics. Under the constitution of the state they are entitled to equal political rights with the other inhabitants; but on the occasion of every general election they depute one of their old men to visit the capital, and inquire of the actual government for whom to cast their votes. The trade of San Salvador is chiefly carried on by means of fairs established by the government in convenient parts of the state. The principal are held at Chalatenango, San Vicente, and San Miguel. The last named is the most important. It continues about two weeks, and attracts buyers from nearly every port on the Pacific coast, as well as from England, Germany, France, Italy, and the United States. Almost the only product given in exchange for foreign merchandise is indigo.

The early chroniclers describe the country as one of the best peopled in all America, with large towns well built, and in all respects equal to those of Mexico. It was reduced, after much hard fighting, by Pedro de Alvarado, the lieutenant of Cortes, in 1524, and in 1528 his brother Jorge de Alvarado laid the foundation of the city of San Salvador, on the site of the Indian town of Cuscatlan. Under the Spanish crown the province was ruled by a Gobernador intendente, and was one of the most flourishing portions of what was known as the kingdom of Guatemala.

San Salvador, the capital of the Republic of the same name, situated near the S. base of the volcano of San Salvador; population about 15,000. It was founded by Jorge de Alvarado in 1528, at a place about 6 leagues N. of its present site, called Las Bermudas, and was removed to the spot it now occupies in 1539. Under the crown it was the capital of the province, and afterward of the Republic of Central America until its dissolution in 1839. In 1853 it contained about 30,000 inhabitants, a large and beautiful cathedral, 8 other churches, a university, a female seminary, several hospitals, and two considerable aqueducts for supplying the city with water. Its trade was large and increasing. On the night of April 16th, 1854, it was completely destroyed by an earthquake, and about 100 lives were lost. A new city was laid out by the government, 10 m. nearer the sea, and called Nuevo San Salvador; but so large a proportion of the inhabitants preferred to rebuild their ruined houses, that in Jan. 1855, the legislature reinstated the old city as the seat of government.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

To-day we open our Thirteenth Volume, and doff our editorial cap very respectfully and gratefully to the public and our colleagues. Everyone knows our principles—the country's good first, then lots of news, and, finally, lots of subscribers. We intend to hammer away on this 'ticket' harder than ever this year, and if anyone objects to it he will please let us know. 'Hemos dicho.'

The first news in town yesterday morning was from the 'Coast' to the STANDARD and was 'a caution' for lugubriousness. Such a harrowing tale of unutterable and unmitigated woe has never been sent through an electric wire, nor heard of since the time of Job. First and foremost it contains the awful catastrophe to the Atlantic; then a conclusive earthquake in San Salvador; then a washing out business in Peru, and finally an announcement that the venerable Archbishop of Santiago is all but off to the next world. If this 'E. T.' column prove unusually dull to-day, Gentle Readers, please attribute it to the depressing effect on our spirits of this funereal telegram. Every fellow in town will be asking to-day where San Salvador is, and whether it is inhabited by white, black, red, or yellow people. To save ourselves being bored with visitors anxious to extend their geographical knowledge we give full particulars in another column. It is 19 years since the place went to the bottom before in a similar manner, but on that memorable occasion there were only 100 persons killed; this time 500 citizens were caught in.

The auction sale of Mr. Naylor's furniture will come off to-morrow. The opportunity is a splendid one for parties anxious to secure cheaply very costly and fashionable household traps.

The weather yesterday had all the suavity of an Indian Summer, Winter flirting with Autumn, in fact, and the latter getting the best of it. Rain, mud, 'paniperos', mufflers, top coats, the shivers and red noses will soon have it all their own way, so let us enjoy to-day—if it is as fine as yesterday.

The Bonnemason liner Bourgogue entered port yesterday morning with 700 passengers, a splendid consignment. The regularity and safety of this Bonnemason line of steamers is really remarkable, and it is no wonder it has secured for itself such a preference amongst the emigrating classes of Southern Europe.

Enough of this insufferable humbug! Yesterday all our native colleagues had a stereotyped announcement about a "Ferro-Carril Suspendido," a heading affixed to a most maundering communication from the 'Beadledom' of the parish of Santa Lucia to the Municipality, complaining that the manager of the Boca Railway has not yet complied with the order of the Corporation to take up and remove the rails of that portion of the line which passes through Calle S. Antonio, etc. The pretension of the Municipality to jurisdiction over railways is the most comical piece of 'bosh' imaginable, and the sooner the Government puts an end to such a pernicious nuisance the better. What can have induced the President of that body to start such a theory it is hard to imagine. The Constitution gives the Municipality as much right to close the National Government House, the Bolsa, or Standard Court, as it does to meddle with Railways. For the sake of common sense let us have an end to this fooling. A railway is for the convenience of the Public at large; and a line once at work under its legal concession is not to be stopped even by the Government, except the interests of the Public are gravely involved. The idea of a Municipality assuming such a power is simply absurd.

We have been favoured with the photographic plan and details of the new Port and Land Reclamation scheme for Montevideo, and will publish the latter to-morrow or next day. It looks a grand affair.

We have received an amusing yet practical communication on the subject of the Dog Nuisance, which is worse than ever. The latest canine outrage is an attempt on the part of a mad mastiff to pick the shin bones of a whole family. There seems to be a silly belief amongst the public that dogs don't get mad in cold weather. That's moonshine. Cold Russia is famous for mad dogs and hydrophobia, and more of the brutes go out of their minds in winter than summer. The affection people here display for curs of every degree, not worth four pence a dozen, is truly astonishing; the more worthless they are the more bones they get, and the ungrateful brutes, in return, make no bones about eating our pantaloons. The Chief of Police should order an indiscriminate massacre of all the dogs in town, in fact offer a reward for their detunct muzzles. This is the only way to ensure the public safety.

The Saint Patrick's Society holds its usual weekly meeting to-night at No. 48 Calle Reconquista.

The latest imposition is a fellow having the appearance of a boiled beggarman, but of good address, going round town to private families, to collect funds to start a girls' school. It's himself and not a school he wants to start, and if he gets anything worth while, he is pretty certain to start for "fresh fields and pastures new."

The following reminds us of what might happen any day on the Flores Tramway—"A mule in Memphis is supposed to have a propensity for practical jokes. Being attached to a street car, he became perfectly immovable. All the men in the car got out and were pushing it with all their might, when Mr. Mule suddenly dashed off at full speed, leaving them all sprawling in the mud. They will not be so ready next time to help a distressed driver."

Has any prodigal calf seen the key of the cellar? not of the Standard cellar, for it is open to everybody (particularly when it's empty). The following funny advertizement from the agony column of the *Times* explains everything:—"Humpty Boo is implored to return to her distracted friend. All is forgotten and forgiven. Everything can be arranged provided the key of the cellar be promptly returned. Remember the Prodigal Calf."

The death of M. de Santa Coloma, Argentine Consul General in France, is announced. The lamented gentleman was the oldest representative of this country in Europe, having held his post for 30 years.

The improvements (?) in Congress Hall to accommodate the increased number of representatives have, according to a morning colleague, been carried out with the minutest regard to the inconvenience and discomfort of everyone most concerned. The new seats have been made in a kind of cock-loft, the Deputies occupying which will neither be able to see or be seen by the members on the floor. To carry out this piece of work the Diplomatic Corps and the Editorial Corps have been consigned to a corner where the only possible alternative will be for both to sit on each others laps in turn, each Minister taking the editor of his nationality on his knee, and vice versa,. (We hope Mr. St. John is strong, as he will have to accommodate two editors; all the other Foreign Ministers have only one each.) As for the Strangers, Gallery, it might hold a dozen very thin people, but we doubt it, and a sneeze from one of them would certainly burst the whole concern. This is a pleasant prospect for those who will have to attend Congress this session.

There will be no Ministerial Memorias presented to the Provincial Chambers this year. It wont make much difference, we'll endeavour to get on without them till next year.

Accidents to steamers now form a regular portion of the daily intelligence in every paper. In addition to the appalling—catastrophe at Halifax the bad weather in the North Atlantic has played havoc with craft of all kinds. Even in this hemisphere we have many minor casualties. The City of Rio broke down off Bahia on her last voyage here, and after seven days' helpless tossing about, was saved by the Newton and towed into Rio. The Sorata also broke her screw on her last home voyage, but bravely went on under sail. Marine engines are now in such prodigious demand that it is not wonderful it, in the hurry of manufacture, some of them have flaws.

Josh Billings speaks thus of a new agricultural implement to which the attention of farmers is invited: "John Rodgers's revolving, expanding, unceremonious, self-adjusting, self contrakting, self-greasing and self-righteous hoss rake is now for ever offered to a generous publick. These rakes are as easy to repair as hitching-posts, and will rake up a paper of pins sowed broadcast in a ten-acre field or wheat-stubble. These rakes can be used in winter for a hen-roost, or can be sawed up into firewood for the kitchen fire. No farmer of a good moral character should be without this rake, even if he had to steal one."

The report of the proceedings at the annual meeting of the British Hospital subscribers yesterday will be found in another column. It passed off well.

Lovers of music can have a treat to-night at the Opera House, the piece announced being Norma, a composition that will live for ever, and, perhaps, a day or two longer. Mesdames Marziali and Ferrer take the leading characters.

The line of steamers, No! the line of steamer (there's only one, the Patagones) between this port and Patagonia will be stopped shortly if the Government refuse to stump up a larger subvention than 2000 pats a trip, which the owners do not consider sufficient. Now how much will they take? The line must not be allowed to stop, otherwise how are we to send our prisoners down there?

It was said yesterday that another candidate for the Presidency will soon enter the field. Please don't, my dear Sir, whoever you are! Another candidate means half a dozen more wretched electioneering newspapers to support him, and the very idea is suffocating. No more candidates and no more newspapers for mercy's sake; there are too many of both already.

The demand for labourers, household servants and 'help' of every kind is again springing up so strong that the increasing immigration cannot keep pace with it. From every quarter demands for 'brazos' are pouring in on the Immigration Office.

Some of our colleagues mention news from Germany stating that the great Bismarck is ill. There's not a ghost of truth in it. The Chancellor is the healthiest man in Fatherland, and if he is 'foxing' it must be for some political purpose.

Messrs. Luders & Co., the eminent German merchants, have applied for a packet patent for the splendid new steamer Argentina, of the Hamburg line, for which they are the agents in this city.

The death of Mrs. Gonzalez de Hall is announced from Cordova. The deceased lady was young, and fell a victim to a lingering disease. Her death is greatly deplored in Cordova. This city is crowded just now with travellers 'en route' to Buenos Ayres for the parliamentary season and the May fetes. An attempt to commit suicide by an Italian has caused a painful sensation. The 'individuo' took a lot of insect poison, but it was not strong enough, and only caused him 'una irritacion espantosa' in the stomach. He wanted to 'shuffle off this mortal coil' as he could not shuffle off his wife who was the cause of the whole business, and who he refused to see at any price even when it was a most extreme case of 'touch and go' with him, and he was all but gone. Mr. Barrelier has got married to one of his pupils. The papers say he will make a first rate husband. How do they know? Some papers, really, will say any mortal thing. One of them salutes him 'with effusion'. He must get on well after that.

"The latest little joke on Cincinnati—coming, of course, from St. Louis—is that the Pork City is building a Brobdignagian sausage for the Vienna Exhibition. It will require the Great Eastern to tow it across the ocean, after it has been floated down the Mississippi to the Gulf. It is to be made in sections in a railroad tunnel, the hogs being driven in by the hundred and then subjected to hydraulic pressure."

The great and enlightened city of Buenos Ayres is not the only place on the Continent that is now plagued with too much cheap current literature. Every camp town aspiring to greatness has its advertising sheet—bless the mark! Places there are where the most useful city journals, ay, even the STANDARD itself, cannot count half-a-dozen subscribers, for the simple reason that there is not one to read them; even these out-of-the-way places must have their own organ. Foremost are Mercedes, Chivilcoy, Quilmes and Saladillo, and now we learn that muddy Lomas is to be so blessed. This is all that was wanting to do the 'headquarters of rank and beauty' up completely and entirely. It is all well enough 'to do the place justice and write it up,' but the first day that news lacks accidents will be reported on trains that never ran, and people will get drowned out 'á discretion de la plume.'

The latest polite name in New York for swindling is 'embracery.' This is the mildest term yet invented for expressing the criminal conversion of 'tuum' into 'meum,' It beats kleptomania hollow. What next?

The salaries to be paid to the leading artistes of the Colon opera company this year are very high for any theatrical 'empresa' in this country. Madame Pozzoni, the prima donna, will receive 4000 pats. a month, the contralto 3000, tenor 3000, the basso 2500, and the baritone 2000. The 'corps de ballet' is of a kind to open the eyes of a population which has never seen Taglioni or Fanny Ellsler in La Sylphide, There are families coming to town from distant parts of the Republic for nothing else but to hear and see this company.

The Rosario papers announce a splendid 'tertulia' on Saturday last at the Phœnix Park Casino in that city. The crowd was so great that they danced in the hall. The papers give the names of the girls who wore low dresses, but say nothing of the others. Well, ladies always look better in full dress; the 'beauty unadorned' theory is rubbish. There has been another case of drowning, another elopement, a Gymnastic Society started, a benefit at the theatre, a smart robbery some place else, and, on the whole, dear, old Rosary seems as lively as it can be.

Another suicide of a mere boy is announced from Saladillo. He was a student in Buenos Ayres some time ago, fell in love, went mad on the strength of it, and finally shot himself before he reached his 20th year. A sad warning.

We have fresh evidence that infallibility is not one of the virtues of newspaper reporters as is proven by the fact that our 'man about town' informed us yesterday that the lady of the United States Minister, General White, was in the plague striken city of Montevideo. We are happy to correct the error by stating that Mrs. White is in the United States and the General comes accompanied by his daughter. Our reporter apologises for his error by the statement that a bad cold has so effected his hearing that his eaves dorpping was not as successful as usual. If he does not improve in this respect we shall be obliged to find a substitute, as we must maintain at all hazards our reputation as veracious journalists.

The Great European Circus troupe gave their first performance on Tuesday night, and crowds went to witness their feats. We have heard that about a thousand persons, unable to effect an entrance, were forced to retire and wait for another occasion. Most of the artists of this company are first-rate, and foremost is Mlle. Rosalie, the great equestrienne. Several of them were loudly applauded; but, unfortunately, one met with a fall,—we sincerely trust it was not a severe one. We have been asked to call the attention of the directors to the paling that encloses the arena, which being very low is not only dangerous but very disagreeable to those sitting near it, as they continually get covered with dust. It is evident that no expense has been spared by this renowned troupe to give satisfaction to the public, and we feel confident they will meet with every success. They intend giving a performance every night, two on Sundays and holidays.

A St. Paul wife, who had lived with her husband for sixteen years, recently discovered she had no "affinity" for him and eloped with a more boy, leaving seven children behind her for the father to look after.

The Massachusetts Legislative Suffrage Committee will this week give a hearing to all opponents of female suffrage. The Boston hotels are expecting a great rush.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL AND ITS GERMAN COLONIES.

Rio Grande Do Sul and its German Colonies. By Michael G. Mulhall. London: Longman's & Co.

If the policy now being carried out by the coal-owners of this country should continue much longer, and the colliers still persist in ignoring not only the laws of political economy, but the laws of humanity, in order to indulge their vices and their idleness, it may soon become a question, both with the small capitalist and the respectable and industrious portion of the artizan classes, whether it would not be advisable to transfer their capital and labour to those countries in which they may escape the ruin to which we are being hurried. The writer of the book before us gives a lively and interesting sketch of a short tour he made last summer in one small State of that vast and rapidly-progressing territory of Brazil, which sketch is accompanied by a large amount of important statistical matter. The Emperor of Brazil is an enlightened statesman, and has been for some time steadily pursuing a policy which is tending to the rapid development of the material resources of the empire, and to the moral elevation and enlightment of the people. Railways, roads, canals, bridges, docks, and other public works of the most useful description are being carried on. A submarine cable, connecting Brazil with Europe, is to be completed by the end of 1874. A scheme is in operation for importing 150,000 English agriculturists and artizans in batches of 10,000 yearly, and at the same time 100,000 Germans are to be located where labor is required. Some valuable and interesting matter is given respecting the imports and exports and the national revenue. At the accession of the present Emperor, in 1832, we learn that the revenue of the territory, which consists of twenty provinces, "each of which is larger than an empire or kingdom in Europe," was £1,100,000, whilst in 1871 it had rised to 9,600,000, a most convincing argument in favor of the rapid progress which has been made. The national debt is stated at 65 millions, of which the sum of nearly 16 millions is owing in London, and of this latter sum about two-thirds went to pay the expenses of the late Paraguayan war, which, as the reader is aware, broke out in 1864. The imports and exports in 1864 were respectively £16,600,000 and £20,268,000, and the half of the trading represented by these figures was done with England. Those who are acquainted with the money market are well aware that Brazilian securities are a tolerably safe speculation and no further proof can be required of the growing prosperity of the States. The population of Brazil is put down at 11,000,000, including 1,400,000 slaves and 500,000 untamed Indians. By a new emancipation law, which provides for the gradual abolition, there will be no slavery by the close of this century. This brief synopsis of the general features of Brazil, a territory which could absorb the population of this country many times repeated, is sufficient to indicate that there is plenty of room in the world for enterprise. Leaving the general and enlarged aspect of the question, and coming to the special portion of Brazilian territory of which the book speaks, we can only say that Rio Grande Do Sul seems to be a very desirable place of residence — brethren have learnt to dwell together in unity; half the population is Catholic, and half Protestant, yet the two live in harmony and intermarry without domestic discord. The climate is pleasant and suited to the European, the land rank in luxuriance, the woods abound in game, the rivers teem with fish, and gold, silver, diamonds, and other precious stones are in abundance. Nobody is poor and some amongst the immigrants have amassed considerable means.

Intending emigrants will do well to read this book before deciding upon the place to which they will go; and those who wish to read and know something about a large portion of the world fast rising into importance, and about which little at present is generally known; will also find the book worth perusal.—*Yorkshire Post and Leeds Messsager, March 11th, 1873.*

ON 'CHANGE.

April 30th, 1873.

Ounces	400
Sovs	122½
Pats	25
National Bonds	77

To-day being the end of the month business in Bonds was animated, but very few expected that the market was so weak, the total sales for delivery were only 515,000 National Bonds.

Yet after the first sale of 2,000 at 79⅜ it became evident that prices must fall; transactions were as follows:—

Cash	2,000	at 79⅜
,,	25,000	at 79¼
,,	1,000	at 79
,,	4,000	at 78½
30th June	5,000	at 80½.

After two o'clock a stampede ensued among sellers and prices fell rapidly to 77½, closing with a sale of 10,000 at 77, this is a decline of nearly three per cent. on yesterdays rate.

Cedulas sympathised with Bonds, though the fall was not so marked. The purchases were principally for bona fide investors, as under—

Cash,	25,000	95¼
,,	2,300	95¼
,,	10,000	95¼
,,	92,200	95
,,	11,000	94¾
May 31,	20,000	95¼
,,	60,000	95¼
,,	10,000	95¼
Total sales,	230,200	

In the liquidation buyers freely offered 94¾; nothing done. The previous transactions due to-day amount to 675,500, series A.

In consequence of this weakness in the stock markets money was in great request at 10 and even 12 per cent., with collaterals; but, as a rule private discounters are without funds, and the banks, except the Provincial Bank, refuse to discount. The applications at the Provincial Bank were numerous, but the sums asked for were individually small and the directors were liberal.

Some doubts were expressed to-day as to the benefit of continuing the Provincial Bank rate of 6 per cent., while the best signatures are in the market at 9 to 12 per cent. The objection that this establishment is not anxious to make dividends is no doubt highly honourable; but it is possible to injure commerce by a too lenient policy, thus, if large holders of produce are enabled to obtain money on exceptionally easy terms the natural course of business is obstructed, produce remains here that should be on the way to Europe, and the importer is forced to raise his prices to reimburse the fall in exchange; viewed in this light, it seems as if the mistakes of any wealthy speculators are protected on erroneous principles at the expense of legitimate commerce.

The method employed by the Bank of England of checking undue speculation by raising the rate of interest is not with a view to large dividends but is based on the knowledge that an inflated business in one branch of trade most effectually reacts on general prosperity.

Roads and Bridges Stock was sold at 96½ cash shewing a decline of ½ per cent.

Exchange on Montevideo is offered at 1 per cent., takers will only pay ½ prem.

On France 5.15 to 5.16 is spoken of as the rate for the Bourgoyne to sail on 5th inst.; on London 48¼ to 48⅝ tendency firm, it is said that several firms are anxious to draw to invest the money here at present high rates of interest.

The dredge was delivered to-day to the committee of Boca magnates; four iron lighters will be employed in taking away the mud. A trial will be made in a few days.

Contracts to deliver capones at $55 each, between 1st July and 1st October, have been entered into. The present price is $43.

The National Government continues to pay all bills falling due, and it is stated with authority that no further remittances to London will be made until next September.

The Italian Bank to-day raised its rate in account current to 12 per cent.

Montevidean telegram—
No arrivals.
Cutter leaves to-day.
10000 Dry hides, no narrows at 88.
10000 Paysandu hides 92.
Cargo per Hendricka—
Gin at 11.
Aniseed 11½.
Spirit 32 in deposit.
Fever diminishing.
4 cases yesterday, 3 to-day, one death.
Streets crowded, offices opening.
Deuda interna 65.
Extraordinaria 63½.
Consols 81.
All firm.

R. Gamble has contracted with the National Government for three years for all the old clothing of the Military, and all small pieces of cloth from the Government depots.

The Leguizamon steamer entered this port late last night, on her return from the Vernejo expedition. Mr. Julio Hasse came down in her.

Letters from the Upper Provinces give fearful accounts of the harm committed by the late floods, particularly in the provinces of Santiago and Tucuman. The river at Lures had overflown its banks about two cuadras, and has brought down from the mountain piles of immense trees, and heaped one upon the other in some places 30 or 40 feet high. The state of the road from Tucuman to Catamarca is reported to be truly awful.

The opening of a new station on the Southern Railway shows the growing population along that line. Mr. Pla, a wealthy landed preprietor of the vicinity we hear, has paid to the Company the sum of 60,000 m/c towards the expenses incurred in opening this new station called Banfield. All the property about there is susceptible of a very great rise in value consequent on the opening of this new station, and many persons look forward to a new town in that locality.

The Mediterranean steamer Bourgogne entered port this morning with 700 immigrants on board. The great punctuality of these Bonnemason steamers and the splendid passenger list they bring place this line in the ranks of the best managed and best paying steamers plying with this port. Mr. Bonnemason says that in no steamer agency in any part of the world is there a greater passenger movement than in his office. The traffic is something wonderful.

The National Government has named Mr. J. M. Zuviria to the post of Government Inspector of the new National Bank, a post of much responsibility and trust. It seems, however, premature to name this officer before the opening of the bank.

The following important circular from Liverpool has been received per Galileo—

Liverpool, 2nd April.

Wool.

No description of wool has been depressed so long and so severly as that from the River Plate. It has, like all other clothing kinds, receded from the high rates current a year ago, but it has fallen more than any other description.

The following figures show its present position as compared with that of other clothing wools at various periods; we give the averages during 1858-62, and the values to-day—

	1858-62.	1868-72	To-day.
Buenos Ayres average unwashed mestizo	9½d.	6½d.	6½d. lb.
Port Philip average washed	23½	20½	5
Do. do. unwashed	12½	11½	14
Peruvian do. washed	13	12	14½

The main cause of the depression of R. Plate wool is the disorganisation of trade in Germany and Belgium, and until there is an improvement we cannot expect to see any material change in the article. There has, however, been more enquiry during the past week, both on the Continent and here, and buyers show a disposition to operate at present low quotations:

Liverpool—1,800 bales were offered from 26th to 28th ultimo, and 500 bales of unwashed were sold at 6d to 6¾ per lb for ordinary to average Buenos Ayres, 6d. per lb for Correntes, 8¼d per lb for superior Magdalena, 9d per lb. for San Luis; 150 bales Montevideo, being the remainder of the Jackson clips, and poor wool sold at 7¼d to 8¼ per lb., and a portion of the clip of the Uruguay Pastoral Association realised 9d. per lb.

We quote entire invoices of unwashed merino and mestizo wool as follows:—

Average Buenos Ayres, 6¾d per lb.; Montevideo, 8¾d. per do.

Superior do. 7¾d. per do.; Montevideo, 10¼d. per do.

London—The auctions of Australian, which closed on the 15th ultimo, improved towards the end, and a portion of the decline was recovered. The next series will begin on the 24th instant, when a further decline of about 10 per cent. is expected; 200,000 bales will then be offered at from 25 to 31 cents, currency, duty paid, for Buenos Ayres, and 32 to 38 cents for Monte Video; the new clip was, in that market, as it is here and on the Continent, out of favour, owing (as is generally the case after high prices have ruled for a season or two) to the want of care shown in putting it up: it is in all respects inferior to the old clip, and few parcels seem to have been skirted. The carpet trade in the States continued flat; unwashed Cordova was quoted 23 to 25 cents gold, duty paid.

Antwerp.—The sales during the month amount to 4,000 bales, at about 1d per lb under February prices. The auctions held in Havre from 11th to 14th ultimo showed little animation, and not half the quantity offered found buyers. At Bordeaux, out of 1,250 bales offered on 19th ultimo, only 400 bales were sold, the fall from January being 1d on Buenos Ayres, and more than this on M.Video, which is even more dull than Buenos Ayres, owing to the depression in the combing districts on the Continent. From the United States we have letters to 22nd March reporting a very slight improvement after a long period of dulness; the old clip wool had been sold

The Provincial Land Office publishes the following list of land bills maturing in May 1873—

Miguel Corry	May 2	$6.259
Adolfo Bayo	4	20,250
Dionisio Guevara	"	12,500
Avelino Fernandez	5	23,624
Jose M. Jurado	6	20,250
Cecilio Jacobe	"	40,500
Antonio C. Cambaceres	7	23,525
Julian M. Sosa	8	15 750
Manuel Quintana	"	20,250
Alberto Trejo	"	16,761
Vicente Chas	8	40,500
Hros. de Bermudes de F.	"	27,563
Moreno y Garrara	"	20,250
Adolfo Blayo	10	20,250
Jose M. g Emilio Nuñiz	"	13,500
E. Pacheco	11	100,000
Jose Pacheco;	11	100,000
Julio Pacheco	11	100,000
Emilio Cardenas	13	8,510
Adolfo Blayo	14	20,250
M. C. Morales	14	23,625
Julio Becker	14	15,883
V. Laussen	15	23,625
Juan Drysdale	15	23,625
" "	15	23,625
" "	15	23,625
" "	15	23,625
" "	15	23,625
Patricio Reid	15	27,000
Jose Macetti	17	19,263
A C Cambaceres	17	23 625
Adrian Arana	17	40,500
Juan Videla	20	23,625
Joaquin Lopez Camelo	"	5, 82
Roque Robles	"	13,500
Martin y Bellocq hos.	21	23,625
Id id	"	23,625
Id id	"	23,625
Id id	"	23,625
G. Mac Climont	"	54,000
Pedro Castro	24	12,898
Id id	"	1,673
Juan A. Grijera	"	30,376
Eujenio Grijera	"	30,276
Clemente Rom	27	27,000
Jose A. Burgos	"	18,000
Serapio Rosas	29	6,750
Amaro C. Rios	"	23,625
Pedro Balerga y Ca.	31	7,875

B. Ayres, April 14 de 1873.

IGNACIO FREYRE,
Oficial mayor.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

SOUTH PLAZA.

April 30.

General sales and prices obtained:—

Wool.

8755 ar in several lots, according to class and condition $48 up to 71.
Borregas 46 to 52.

Dry hides.

Campo, small lots, 197 to 202 pesada.

Sheepskins.

180 doz with wool 240 doz.
Campo 70 to 120.
Lambs 12.

Horse hides.

Very good ones 57 to 60.

Horse Hair.

Small lots, good mezcla, 180 to 196 ar.

Nutria.

In deposit 1,200 lb. 36 lb. Guedez.

Grease and Tallow.

100 bord. shipp. condition 15½ rls. fts.
Camp cond. 46.

Cereals—

Wheat.

According to class 133 to 205.

Maize.

According to class 49 to 56.

Barley.

According to class 36 to 45.

Flour.

According to class 35 to 36 ar.

NORTH PLAZA.

April 30, 1873.

In the Once to-day one buyer caused a stir in the wool business, by buying up mostly all offered at the Station.

We have remarked this buyer particularly sharp in his calculations, an instance of which we will mention. Some months ago, when wools were at their highest, he offered to day's prices, and of course bought scarcely any, not being able to come near the prices paid at that time, but now we see him pulling up doubly, having his pick of the wool offered at low prices.

Sales—

Wool.

2000 arr., a very fine lot, good condition, 69.
3000 do in three small good lots, 66-65
2000 fair class and condition, 59-65
1030 very inferior, 55
2000 ar lambs wool, with burr, 45-54.

Sheepskins.

Some large sales of camp skins effected.
600 doz, several lots, camp, half wool, 75-95
270 do do campo pelados, various lots, 30 to 40
100 do lambskins, loug and desechos, 35 to 55
200 do medium 20 to 27
300 do, very young, 10 to 13.

Cow Hides.

A good many arriva's, and a facility in disposing of same.
300 hides, a very superior lot, 195
600 do do, good, 191
1300 different lots, 196-189

Horsehides.

120, very good lot. 60
300 in several lots, 47 to 57.

Hair.

A fall of close on $10 in prices.
270 ar good mezcla, 164 to 174.

Grease.

Active demand continues, and the usual high prices paid.
140 bords. shipping condition, 46½
30 do camp, 42½ to 44½
44 do potro oil, 44
400 ar in panzas, various, 42
50 small casks sebo pisado 32, 34.

Wheat.

Dulness noticed and few sales. No change in prices.
600 fan. several classes, 140 to 215

Maiz.

Market pretty dull, caused by over stock.
400 do several qualities 34 to 40.

Barley.

250 fan. several lots 22 to 41.

Zapallos.

80 zapallos, very good, 3 each.

Mr. Richard Allen's wool, from Chascomus, has arrived in this plaza—17 carts good wool, not exposed for sale as yet; we hear it is to be sent into deposit.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

Reduced to 0° Cels

BUENOS AYR

	Bar.	Therm
April 29 at 8 p.m....	759.85 ..	17° 2 Cels
,, 30 8 a.m....	760.22 ..	16° 6
,, 2 p.m....	759.03 ..	22° 2

BIRTH.

On the 29th inst., at Buenos Ayres, Mrs Lersner-Dufour of a daughter.

Dupuy's Brandy.

Real Estate and Dupuy's Brandy are the two most saleable articles in this market to-day.

BARON y BRIET, the Agents, hold now both camp and town. There's no other Brandy drunk in cafe, casino, hotel, or camp pulperia; and such is the demand from the camp, that at the Plaza Once immense piles of boxes are ranged along the deposits waiting for waggons.

BARRAN y BRIET,
Sole Agents,
No. 116 Cuyo.

THE TIGRE TO ROSARIO.

Reduction of Prices.

TRAIN GRATIS.

The fine, fast, new and commodious Steamer,
SAN CRISTOBAL
leaves the Tigre for it early and intermediate Ports every WEDNESDAY and SUNDAY on the arrival of the 10 a.m. Train (Central Station) calling at
Campana, Zarate, San Pedro, Hermanas & San Nicolas.

This new Packet Steamer offers rare advantages to Families or Single Ladies desirous of taking the trip, having magnificent state rooms and double berths.

TARIFF
(Including train Fare.)

	Cabin.	Steerage.
Campaña and Zarate	4 ..	2
San Pedro	8 ..	4
Obligado & Hermanas	10 ..	5
San Nicolas	10 ..	5
Rosario	12 ..	6

For freight, charges, &c., apply to the Agents,
RUBIO & FOLEY,
Canglio, 140
j..16 xp f9

EL MEJOR DE TODOS LOS COGNACS ES EL DE Otard, Dupuis y Cia.

PRIMER PREMIO,
á la Exposicion de Cordoba,
MEDALLA DE PLATA,

Unicos Agentes,
BARRAN y BRIET,
115—Cuyo—115 24

Mutual Gas Company.

TENDERS FOR LIGHTERAGE.

Wanted, TENDER for the Lighterage, Cartage, and Unloading of 4,000 to 5,000 Tons of Goods, principally Cast Iron Pipes, from the Inner and Outer Roads, to the Fabric situated in Calle Defensa.

TENDERS
Can be sent in up to the 20th MAY.

For further particulars apply to C. H. SMITH
Florida 16. cj—262 7p a30

ENGLISH Millinery Establishment.

Mrs. McDOUGALL

Begs to advise her numerous Friends and Customers, that she has just received a Large and Fashionable Assortment of
MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.,
Direct from
PARIS & LONDON,
And respectfully solicits the favor of an inspection.

71—CALLE BOLIVAR—71
cj—268 1m a30

Gt. Southern Railway.

OPENING OF A PASSENGER STATION AT

BANFIELD.

(Between Lanus and Lomas de Zamora.)

On and from Sunday next the 4th instant, all Local Trains will stop at the above Station when required.

B Ayres 29th April 1873.
THE ADMINISTRATION.
c | 270 1m a30

Northern Railway.

NOTICE.

The First Train and the Last Train, to and from Belgrano, will be discontinued on and after the 1st of May.

HENRY CRABTREE.
April 29, 1873. cj—263 8p a30

CUIDADO CON EL ENGAÑO

AL PEDIR
HESPERIDINA
EXIGIR QUE CADA
ROTULO ETIQUETA
CORCHO Y CAPSULA
DE LA BOTELLA
LLEVE LA FIRMA DE
M. J. Bailey

New Lumber Yard.

Rivadavia 1029, & Piedad 882

1st CLASS ROOFING SLATES.

CHERRYWOOD, WALNUT, MAHOGANY, | CEDAR, OAK, ASH.

ALEXANDER MILLER & CO.

NOTE—TO ARRIVE.

English Flagstones and Encaustic Flooring Tiles.
cj—256 6p a29

Lost, Strayed, or Stolen,

From Mr. Thos. Dillon's Estancia, Las Toscas, Partido Chacabuco, on the 20th March last, EIGHT fine tame HORSES.

Any person returning same, or giving such information as may lead to their recovery, will be handsomely rewarded, cj—264 6p a30

Removal.

HENRY N. HART
HAS
REMOVED his OFFICE to
107 San Martin
(Formerly Hotel Louvre,)
cj—269 3p a30

THE MAGNIFICENT PHOTO. ENGRAVING OF
St. James Palace.
Reception Day,
ON
SALE AT
DAWS AND CO.
107—PIEDAD—107.
—cj

NEW GOODS
AT THE
New English Drapery AND Clothing Establishment.
179—CALLE POTOSI—179
(*Between Calles Peru and Chacabuco.*)

THIS WEEK
We will show our First Importation of New Winter Goods.

WATSON & MacCALLUM,
Importers & Retailers of
DRAPERY AND CLOTHING,
179—POTOSI—179
cj—a20

AL COMERCIO.

DEBIENDO cesar, en el 30 del corriente por fallecimiento de nuestro socio Dn. Federico Barro la Sociedad Comercial existente en esta Plaza bajo la razon social de Berro, Braga & Co., se previene al Comercio que dicha casa continuará sus operaciones, desde 1° de Mayo, en adelante bajo la nueva firma de
BRAGA & CO.
La nueva casa, queda encargada de la liquidacion de nuestra firma con los poderes necesarios al efecto.
Buenos Aires, 26 Abril, 1873.
BERRO, BRAGA, & CO.
cj—254 10p a29

NATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY;

The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society will meet in Session on THURSDAY, MAY 1st, at ONE, P.M.
DANIEL C. KELLY, Secretary.
cj—250 3p a29

Schoolmasters.

Wanted 3 English resident schoolmasters, sober and competent men (must bring recommendations as such). Requirements able to teach English and Spanish, Arithmetic, Geography and History (must either have diplomas or pass an examination at the Academy).

Applicants are requested to call on the 28th inst from 6 to 7 o'clock in the evening.

BRITISH ACADEMY,
149 — Calle Bolivar — 149.
cj | 11212p 15a.

American Walnut Furniture.

NOW OPENING,
SETS OF DINING-ROOM, CHAMBER AND OF PARLOR FURNITURE,
Of choice Designs, and low in Price.
ALSO
TOBACCO CUTTERS, MEAT CUTTERS,
KEROSENE STOVES, REFRIGERATORS
PLATED FORKS, SPOONS,
And a General Assortment of SPECIALITIES OF AMERICAN GOODS
Of Household use.

A First Lot of the pure, fine flavored ENGLISH BREAKAAST TEA.
For Sale,
In Tin Linen Chests of 6lbs. each.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO.,
(Formerly Bate and Livingston),
76 — San Martin — 76
In front of Argentine Bank.
cj—a22

RIBBON STAMPS.

French Stamps of all kinds.

Engraving of all kinds.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO.,
76—San Martin—76
In front of Argentine Bank
cj—154 xp m9

TO SMOKERS.

Just Received.
A further supply
Of the highly-appreciated Tobacco,
"The Richmond Smoking Mixture."

Fragrant Havanna Cigars.

VIRGINIA CAKE TOBACCO,
of the famous mark,
"THE KNIGHT OF THE RED CROSS"

COPE'S FINE CIGARETOS,
Peerless and Boquet Brands.

The Cheapest
Virginia Cake Tobacco
In Buenos Ayres,
Mark,
"GRAPE JUICE."

JEWEL TWIST TOBACCO,
In Silver Foil.

GERMAN AND BAHIA CIGARS.
20 different Brandes,
Each unsurpassed in South America.

CHOICE MANILLA CHEROOTS.

BEAR'S VIRGINIA BIRDS EYE,
Unequalled as Cigrette Tobacco,
In 2 and 4 ounce Baskets.

Booth & Stevens

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
193½——CALLE FLORIDA——193½
cj—m11

TEA! TEA! TEA!

$20. 20. 20.

In Packets of One Pound.

A TRIAL ONLY REQUISITE.

ENGLISH BAZAAR
61—Calle Florida—61
cj—7 xp f11g

SAMUEL BOOTH
HAS
REMOVED
His Photographic Warehouse to larger Premises, at
No. 64 CALLE PIEDAD.

Wanted, some good operators for City and Provinces.
Apply at the Photographic Deposit, 64 Calle Piedad. cj—

PERSONS BUILDING.

FAMILIES desirous of having proper doors in their houses should not fail to pay Mr. Pedro Ebbeke an early call. They are beautifully wrought, and will be disposed of cheap.
Calle Peru No. 80.
l 218 9p a25

ROSARIO.

TO BE LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, or to Sold, if required, a fine FAMILY RESIDENCE, beautifully situated on the banks of the River Parana, within easy distance from the Town, and close to the Central Argentine Railway Station.
Apply to JOHN THOMPSON and CO., Calle Bajada, Rosario; or at the Standard Office, Buenos Ayres. cj—248 xp a29

FURNISHED HOUSE.

A FAMILY, leaving for Europe, wish to Let their House Furnished. Its position is central and airy. Two Tramways. Terms moderate.
Address No. 14 Plaza Lores, altos.
cj—251 6p a29

FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET, Nice Furnished Rooms, in Calle de Maypu, No. 61. Balconies to the street.
Apply on the premises.
d 209 9p a24

TO BE LET AT CABALLITO.

To let, at Caballito, two squares from the College, towards Flores, a Dwelling-house, with five large rooms, patio, kitchen, garden, &c.
Apply at the Tienda next door or to Mr. Watel, No. 70, Calle de Potosi.
cj—244 6p a29

STEGMAN'S QUINTA, FLORES.

TO LET, from the end of MAY.
Apply at 13 Calle Chacabuco.
cj—137 3p a27

SE ALQUILA la casa calle Venezuela No 38 tiene 9 piezas aljive etc con accion a 9 piezas mas en altos con entrada independiente, que se pueden alquilar juntas o separadas.
Para tratar en el mismo calle De cosa No. 293 de 9 a 11 de la mañana o de 4 a 5 de la tarde.
c | 265 5p 30a.

REQUIRED.

WANTED, a STEWARD, for the British Hospital. To a competent Person, good wages will be paid,
Apply with references, to Mr. Macindoe, at the Hospital, Calle Bolivar. cj—241 6p a27

WANTED, at 339 Calle Piedad, two Women Servants. One to mind a child and the other as House maid. cj—213 8p a25

WANTED a servant or general house work in a small family of two persons. Good wages will be paid.
Apply at Calle Santa Fe, No. 239 between Montevideo and Garantias.
c | 266 3p 30a.

WANTED a Clerk one who speaks Spanish for an auctio business.
Address in own handwri

Enough of this insufferable humbug! Yesterday all our native colleagues had a stereotyped announcement about a "Ferro-Carril Suspendido," a heading affixed to a most maundering communication from the 'Beadledom' of the parish of Santa Lucia to the Municipality, complaining that the manager of the Boca Railway has not yet complied with the order of the Corporation to take up and remove the rails of that portion of the line which passes through Calle S. Antonio, etc. The pretension of the Municipality to jurisdiction over railways is the most comical piece of 'bosh' imaginable, and the sooner the Government puts an end to such a pernicious nuisance the better. What can have induced the President of that body to start such a theory it is hard to imagine. The Constitution gives the Municipality as much right to close the National Government House, the Bolsa, or Standard Court, as it does to meddle with Railways. For the sake of common sense let us have an end to this fooling. A railway is for the convenience of the Public at large; and a line once at work under its legal concession is not to be stopped even by the Government, except the interests of the Public are gravely involved. The idea of a Municipality assuming such a power is simply absurd.

We have been favoured with the photographic plan and details of the new Port and Land Reclamation scheme for Montevideo, and will publish the latter to-morrow or next day. It looks a grand affair.

We have received an amusing yet practical communication on the subject of the Dog Nuisance, which is worse than ever. The latest canine outrage is an attempt on the part of a mad mastiff to pick the shin bones of a whole family. There seems to be a silly belief amongst the public that dogs don't get mad in cold weather. That's moonshine. Cold Russia is famous for mad dogs and hydrophobia, and more of the brutes go out of their minds in winter than summer. The affection people here display for curs of every degree, not worth four pence a dozen, is truly astonishing; the more worthless they are the more bones they get, and the ungrateful brutes, in return, make no bones about eating our pantaloons. The Chief of Police should order an indiscriminate massacre of all the dogs in town, in fact offer a reward for their detunct muzzles. This is the only way to ensure the public safety.

The Saint Patrick's Society holds its usual weekly meeting to-night at No. 48 Calle Reconquista.

The latest imposition is a fellow having the appearance of a boiled beggarman, but of good address, going round town to private families, to collect funds to start a girls' school. It's himself and not a school he wants to start, and if he gets anything worth while, he is pretty certain to start for "fresh fields and pastures new."

The following reminds us of what might happen any day on the Flores Tramway—"A mule in Memphis is supposed to have a propensity for practical jokes. Being attached to a street car, he became perfectly immovable. All the men in the car got out and were pushing it with all their might, when Mr. Mule suddenly dashed off at full speed, leaving them all sprawling in the mud. They will not be so ready next time to help a distressed driver."

Has any prodigal calf seen the key of the cellar? not of the Standard cellar, for it is open to everybody (particularly when it's empty). The following funny advertizement from the agony column of the *Times* explains everything:—"Humpty Boo is implored to return to her distracted friend. All is forgotten and forgiven. Everything can be arranged provided the key of the cellar be promptly returned. Remember the Prodigal Calf."

The death of M. de Santa Coloma, Argentine Consul General in France, is announced. The lamented gentleman was the oldest representative of this country in Europe, having held his post for 30 years.

The improvements (?) in Congress Hall to accommodate the increased number of representatives have, according to a morning colleague, been carried out with the minutest regard to the inconvenience and discomfort of everyone most concerned. The new seats have been made in a kind of cock-loft, the Deputies occupying which will neither be able to see or be seen by the members on the floor. To carry out this piece of work the Diplomatic Corps and the Editorial Corps have been consigned to a corner where the only possible alternative will be for both to sit on each others laps in turn, each Minister taking the editor of his nationality on his knee, and vice versa,. (We hope Mr. St. John is strong, as he will have to accommodate two editors; all the other Foreign Ministers have only one each.) As for the Strangers, Gallery, it might hold a dozen very thin people, but we doubt it, and a sneeze from one of them would certainly burst the whole concern. This is a pleasant prospect for those who will have to attend Congress this session.

There will be no Ministerial Memorias presented to the Provincial Chambers this year. It wont make much difference, we'll endeavour to get on without them till next year.

Accidents to steamers now form a regular portion of the daily intelligence in every paper. In addition to the appalling catastrophe at Halifax the bad weather in the North Atlantic has played havoc with craft of all kinds. Even in this hemisphere we have many minor casualties. The City of Rio broke down off Bahia on her last voyage here, and after seven days' helpless tossing about, was saved by the Newton and towed into Rio. The Sorata also broke her screw on her last home voyage, but bravely went on under sail. Marine engines are now in such prodigious demand that it is not wonderful it, in the hurry of manufacture, some of them have flaws.

Josh Billings speaks thus of a new agricultural implement to which the attention of farmers is invited: "John Rodgers's revolving, expanding, unceremonious, self-adjusting, self contrakting, self-greasing and self-righteous hoss rake is now for ever offered to a generous publick. Those rakes are as easy to repair as hitching-posts, and will rake up a paper of pins sowed broadcast in a ten-acre field or wheat-stubble. These rakes can be used in winter for a hen-roost, or can be sawed up into firewood for the kitchen fire. No farmer of a good moral character should be without this rake, even if he had to steal one."

The report of the proceedings at the annual meeting of the British Hospital subscribers yesterday will be found in another column. It passed off well.

Lovers of music can have a treat to-night at the Opera House, the piece announced being Norma, a composition that will live for ever, and, perhaps, a day or two longer. Mesdames Marziali and Ferrer take the leading characters.

The line of steamers, No! the line of steamer(there's only one,the Patagones) between this port and Patagonia will be stopped shortly if the Government refuse to stump up a larger subvention than 2000 pats a trip, which the owners do not consider sufficient. Now how much will they take? The line must not be allowed to stop, otherwise how are we to send our prisoners down there?

It was said yesterday that another candidate for the Presidency will soon enter the field: Please don't, my dear Sir, whoever you are! Another candidate means half a dozen more wretched electioneering newspapers to support him, and the very idea is suffocating. No more candidates and no more newspapers for mercy's sake; there are too many of both already.

The demand for labourers, household servants and 'help' of every kind is again springing up so strong that the increasing immigration cannot keep pace with it. From every quarter demands for 'brazos' are pouring in on the Immigration Office.

Some of our colleagues mention news from Germany stating that the great Bismarck is ill. There's not a ghost of truth in it. The Chancellor is the healthiest man in Fatherland, and if he is 'foxing' it must be for some political purpose.

Messrs. Luders & Co., the eminent German merchants, have applied for a packet patent for the splendid new steamer Argentina, of the Hamburg line, for which they are the agents in this city.

The death of Mrs. Gonzalez de Hall is announced from Cordova. The deceased lady was young, and fell a victim to a lingering disease. Her death is greatly deplored in Cordova. This city is crowded just now with travellers 'en route' to Buenos Ayres for the parliamentary season and the May fetes. An attempt to commit suicide by an Italian has caused a painful sensation. The 'individuo' took a lot of insect poison, but it was not strong enough, and only caused him 'una irritacion espantosa' in the stomach. He wanted to 'shuffle off this mortal coil' as he could not shuffle off his wife who was the cause of the whole business, and who he refused to see at any price even when it was a most extreme case of 'touch and go' with him, and he was all but gone. Mr. Barrelier has got married to one of his pupils. The papers say he will make a first rate husband. How do they know? Some papers, really, will say any mortal thing. One of them salutes him 'with effusion'. He must get on well after that.

"The latest little joke on Cincinnati coming, of course, from St. Louis—is that the Pork City is building a Brobdignagian sausage for the Vienna Exhibition. It will require the Great Eastern to tow it across the ocean, after it has been floated down the Mississippi to the Gulf. It is to be made in sections in a railroad tunnel, the hogs being driven in by the hundred and then subjected to hydraulic pressure."

The great and enlightened city of Buenos Ayres is not the only place on the Continent that is now plagued with too much cheap current literature. Every camp town aspiring to greatness has its advertising sheet—bless the mark! Places there are where the most useful city journals, ay, even the STANDARD itself, cannot count half-a-dozen subscribers, for the simple reason that there is not one to read them; even these out-of-the-way places must have their own organ. Foremost are Mercedes, Chivilcoy, Quilmes and Saladillo, and now we learn that muddy Lomas is to be so blessed. This is all that was wanting to do the 'headquarters of rank and beauty' up completely and entirely. It is all well enough 'to do the place justice and write it up,' but the first day that news lacks accidents will be reported on trains that never ran, and people will get drowned out 'à discretion de la plume.'

The latest polite name in New York for swindling is 'embracery.' This is the mildest term yet invented for expressing the criminal conversion of 'tuum' into 'meum,' It beats kleptomania hollow. What next?

The salaries to be paid to the leading artistes of the Colon opera company this year are very high for any theatrical 'empresa' in this country. Madame Pozzoni, the prima donna, will receive 4000 pats. a month, the contralto 3000, tenor 3000, the basso 2500, and the baritone 2000. The 'corps de ballet' is of a kind to open the eyes of a population which has never seen Taglioni or Fanny Ellsler in La Sylphide, There are families coming to town from distant parts of the Republic for nothing else but to hear and see this company.

The Rosario papers announce a splendid 'tertulia' on Saturday last at the Phœnix Park Casino in that city. The crowd was so great that they danced in the hall. The papers give the names of the girls who wore low dresses, but say nothing of the others. Well, ladies always look better in full dress; the 'beauty unadorned' theory is rubbish. There has been another case of drowning, another elopement, a Gymnastic Society started, a benefit at the theatre, a smart robbery some place else, and, on the whole, dear, old Rosary seems as lively as it can be.

Another suicide of a mere boy is announced from Saladillo. He was a student in Buenos Ayres some time ago, fell in love, went mad on the strength of it, and finally shot himself before he reached his 20th year. A sad warning.

We have fresh evidence that infallibility is not one of the virtues of newspaper reporters as is proven by the fact that our 'man about town' informed us yesterday that the lady of the United States Minister, General White, was in the plague striken city of Montevideo. We are happy to correct the error by stating that Mrs. White is in the United States and the General comes accompanied by his daughter. Our reporter apologises for his error by the statement that a bad cold has so effected his hearing that his eaves dorpping was not as successful as usual. If he does not improve in this respect we shall be obliged to find a substitute, as we must maintain at all hazards our reputation as veracious journalists.

The Great European Circus troupe gave their first performance on Tuesday night, and crowds went to witness their feats. We have heard that about a thousand persons, unable to effect an entrance, were forced to retire and wait for another occasion. Most of the artists of this company are first-rate, and foremost is Mlle. Rosalie, the great equestrienne. Several of them were loudly applauded; but, unfortunately, one met with a fall,—we sincerely trust it was not a severe one. We have been asked to call the attention of the directors to the pailing that encloses the arena, which being very low is not only dangerous but very disagreeable to those sitting near it, as they continually get covered with dust. It is evident that no expense has been spared by this renowned troupe to give satisfaction to the public, and we feel confident they will meet with every success. They intend giving a performance every night, two on Sundays and holidays.

A St. Paul wife, who had lived with her husband for sixteen years, recently discovered she had no "affinity" for him and eloped with a more boy, leaving seven children behind her for the father to look after.

The Massachusetts Legislative Suffrage Committee will this week give a hearing to all opponents of female suffrage. The Boston hotels are expecting a great rush.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL AND ITS GERMAN COLONIES.

Rio Grande Do Sul and its German Colonies. By Michael G. Mulhall. London: Longman's & Co.

If the policy now being carried out by the coal-owners of this country should continue much longer, and the colliers still persist in ignoring not only the laws of political economy, but the laws of humanity, in order to indulge their vices and their idleness, it may soon become a question, both with the small capitalist and the respectable and industrious portion of the artizan classes, whether it would not be advisable to transfer their capital and labour to those countries in which they may escape the ruin to which we are being hurried. The writer of the book before us gives a lively and interesting sketch of a short tour he made last summer in one small State of that vast and rapidly-progressing territory of Brazil, which sketch is accompanied by a large amount of important statistical matter. The Emperor of Brazil is an enlightened statesman, and has been for some time steadily pursuing a policy which is tending to the rapid development of the material resources of the empire, and to the moral elevation and enlightenment of the people. Railways, roads, canals, bridges, docks, and other public works of the most useful description are being carried on. A submarine cable, connecting Brazil with Europe, is to be completed by the end of 1874. A scheme is in operation for importing 150,000 English agriculturists and artizans in batches of 10,000 yearly, and at the same time 100,000 Germans are to be located where labor is required. Some valuable and interesting matter is given respecting the imports and exports and the national revenue. At the accession of the present Emperor, in 1832, we learn that the revenue of the territory, which consists of twenty provinces, "each of which is larger than an empire or kingdom in Europe," was £1,100,000, whilst in 1871 it had risen to 9,600,000, a most convincing argument in favor of the rapid progress which has been made. The national debt is stated at 65 millions, of which the sum of nearly 16 millions is owing in London, and of this latter sum about two-thirds went to pay the expenses of the late Paraguayan war, which, as the reader is aware, broke out in 1864. The imports and exports in 1864 were respectively £16,600,000 and £20,268,000, and the half of the trading represented by these figures was done with England. Those who are acquainted with the money market are well aware that Brazilian securities are a tolerably safe speculation and no further proof can be required of the growing prosperity of the States. The population of Brazil is put down at 11,000,000, including 1,400,000 slaves and 500,000 untamed Indians. By a new emancipation law, which provides for the gradual abolition, there will be no slavery by the close of this century. This brief synopsis of the general features of Brazil, a territory which could absorb the population of this country many times repeated, is sufficient to indicate that there is plenty of room in the world for enterprise. Leaving the general and enlarged aspect of the question, and coming to the special portion of Brazilian territory of which the book speaks, we can only say that Rio Grande Do Sul seems to be a very desirable place of residence — brethren have learnt to dwell together in unity; half the population is Catholic, and half Pro, testant, yet the two live in harmony and intermarry without domestic discord. The climate is pleasant and suited to the European, the land rank in luxuriance, the woods abound in game, the rivers teem with fish, and gold, silver, diamonds, and other precious stones are in abundance. Nobody is poor and some amongst the immigrants have amassed considerable means.

Intending emigrants will do well to read this book before deciding upon the place to which they will go; and those who wish to read and know something about a large portion of the world fast rising into importance, and about which little at present is generally known, will also find the book worth perusal.—*Yorkshire Post and Leeds Mensagger, March 11th*, 1873.

ON 'CHANGE.

April 30th, 1873.

Ounces	400
Sovs	122½
Puts	25
National Bonds	77

To-day being the end of the month business in Bonds was animated, but very few expected that the market was so weak, the total sales for delivery were only 515,000 National Bonds.

Yet after the first sale of 2,000 at 79¾ it became evident that prices must fall; transactions were as follows:—

Cash	2,000	at 79¾
"	25,000	at 79¼
"	1,000	at 79
"	4,000	at 78¾
30th June	5,000	at 80¼

After two o'clock a stampede ensued among sellers and prices fell rapidly to 77½, closing with a sale of 10,000 at 77, this is a decline of nearly three per cent. on yesterdays rate.

Cedulas sympathised with Bonds, though the fall was not so marked. The purchases were principally for bona fide investors, as under—

Cash,	25,000	95¼
"	2,200	95½
"	10,000	95¼
"	92,200	95
"	11,000	94¾
May 31,	20,000	95¼
"	60,000	95¼
"	10,000	95½
Total sales,	230,200	

In the liquidation buyers freely offered 94½; nothing done. The previous transactions due to-day amount to 675,500, series A.

In consequence of this weakness in the stock markets money was in great request at 10 and even 12 per cent., with collaterals; but, as a rule, private discounters are without funds, and the banks, except the Provincial Bank, refuse to discount. The applications at the Provincial Bank were numerous, but the sums asked for were individually small and the directors were liberal.

Some doubts were expressed to-day as to the benefit of continuing the Provincial Bank rate of 6 per cent., while the best signatures are in the market at 9 to 12 per cent. The objection that this establishment is not anxious to make dividends is no doubt highly honourable; but it is possible to injure commerce by a too lenient policy, thus, if large holders of produce are enabled to obtain money on exceptionally easy terms the natural course of business is obstructed, produce remains here that should be on the way to Europe, and the importer is forced to raise his prices to reimburse the fall in exchange; viewed in this light, it seems as if the mistakes of any wealthy speculators are protected on erroneous principles at the expense of legitimate commerce.

The method employed by the Bank of England of checking undue speculation by raising the rate of interest is not with a view to large dividends but is based on the knowledge that an inflated business in one branch of trade most effectually reacts on general prosperity.

Roads and Bridges Stock was sold at 95½ cash showing a decline of ¼ per cent.

Exchange on Montevideo is offered at 1 per cent., takers will only pay ¼ prem.

On France 5.15 to 5.16 is spoken of as the rate for the Bourgoyne to sail on 5th inst.; on London 48½ to 48¾ tendency firm, it is said that several firms are anxious to draw to invest the money here at present high rates of interest.

The dredge was delivered to-day to the committee of Boca magnates; four iron lighters will be employed in taking away the mud. A trial will be made in a few days.

Contracts to deliver capones at $55 each, between 1st July and 1st October, have been entered into. The present price is $43.

The National Government continues to pay all bills falling due, and it is stated with authority that no further remittances to London will be made until next September.

The Italian Bank to-day raised its rate in account current to 12 per cent.

Montevidean telegram—

No arrivals.

Cutter leaves to-day.

10000 Dry hides, no narrows at 88.

10000 Paysandu hides 92.

Cargo per Hendricka—

Gin at 11.

Aniseed 11½.

Spirit 32 in deposit.

Fever diminishing.

4 cases yesterday, 3 to-day, one death.

Streets crowded, offices opening.

Deuda interna 65.

Extraordinaria 63½.

Consols 81.

All firm.

R. Gamble has contracted with the National Government for three years for all the old clothing of the Military, and all small pieces of cloth from the Government depots.

The Leguizamon steamer entered this port late last night, on her return from the Vermejo expedition. Mr. Julio Hasse came down in her.

Letters from the Upper Provinces give fearful accounts of the harm committed by the late floods, particularly in the provinces of Santiago and Tucuman. The river at Lures had overflown its banks about two cuadras, and has brought down from the mountain piles of immense trees, and heaped one upon the other in some places 30 or 40 feet high. The state of the road from Tucuman to Catamarca is reported to be truly awful.

The opening of a new station on the Southern Railway shows the growing population along that line. Mr. Pla, a wealthy landed proprietor of the vicinity we hear, has paid to the Company the sum of 00,000 m/c towards the expenses incurred in opening this new station called Banfield. All the property about there is susceptible of a very great rise in value consequent on the opening of this new station, and many persons look forward to a new town in that locality.

The Mediterranean steamer Bourgogne entered port this morning with 700 immigrants on board. The great punctuality of these Bonnemason steamers and the splendid passenger list they bring place this line in the ranks of the best managed and best paying steamers plying with this port. Mr. Bonnemason says that in no steamer agency in any part of the world is there a greater passenger movement than in his office. The traffic is something wonderful.

The National Government has named Mr. J. M. Zuviria to the post of Government Inspector of the new National Bank, a post of much responsibility and trust. It seems, however, premature to name this officer before the opening of the bank.

The following important circular from Liverpool has been received per Galileo—

Liverpool, 2nd April.

Wool.

No description of wool has been depressed so long and so severly as that from the River Plate. It has, like all other clothing kinds, receded from the high rates current a year ago, but it has fallen more than any other description.

The following figures show its present position as compared with that of other clothing wools at various periods; we give the averages during 1858-62, and the values to-day—

	1858-62.	1868-72	To-day.
Buenos Ayres average unwashed mestizo	9½d.	6¾d.	6¾d. lb.
Port Philip average washed	23½	20¾	5
Do. do. unwashed	12½	11¾	14
Peruvian do. washed	13	12	14¼

The main cause of the depression of R. Plate wool is the disorganisation of trade in Germany and Belgium, and until there is an improvement we cannot expect to see any material change in the article. There has, however, been more enquiry during the past week, both on the Continent and here, and buyers show a disposition to operate at present low quotations:

Liverpool—1,800 bales were offered from 25th to 28th ultimo, and 500 bales of unwashed were sold at 6d to 6¾ per lb for ordinary to average Buenos Ayres, 6d. per lb for Corrientes, 8¼d per lb for superior Magdalena, 9d per lb. for San Luis; 150 bales Montevideo, being the remainder of the Jackson clips, sad poor wool sold at 7¼d to 8¾ per lb., and a portion of the clip of the Uruguay Pastoral Association realised 9d. per lb.

We quote entire invoices of unwashed merino and mestizo wool as follows:—

Average Buenos Ayres, 6¾d per lb.; Montevideo, 8¾d. per do.

Superior do. 7¾d. per do.; Montevideo, 10¼d. per do.

London—The auctions of Australian, which closed on the 15th ultimo, improved towards the end, and a portion of the decline was recovered. The next series will begin on the 24th instant, when a further decline of about 10 per cent. is expected; 200,000 bales will then be offered at from 25 to 31 cents, currency, duty paid, for Buenos Ayres, and 32 to 38 cents for Monte Video; the new clip was, in that market, as it is here and on the Continent, out of favour, owing (as is generally the case after high prices have ruled for a season or two) to the want of care shown in putting it up; it is in all respects inferior to the old clip, and few parcels seem to have been skirted. The carpet trade in the States continued flat; unwashed Cordova was quoted 23 to 25 cents gold, duty paid.

Antwerp.—The sales during the month amount to 4,000 bales, at about ½d. per lb under February prices. The auctions held in Havre from 11th to 14th ultimo showed little animation, and not half the quantity offered found buyers. At Bordeaux, out of 1,250 bales offered on 19th ultimo, only 400 bales were sold, the fall from January being 1d on Buenos Ayres, and more than this on M.Video, which is even more dull than Buenos Ayres, owing to the depression in the combing districts on the Continent. From the United States we have letters to 22nd March reporting a very slight improvement after a long period of dulness; the old clip wool had been sold

The Provincial Land Office publishes the following list of land bills maturing in May 1873—

Miguel Corry	May	2	$6.259
Adolfo Baye		4	20,250
Dionisio Guevara		"	12,500
Avelino Fernandez		5	23,624
Jose M. Jurado		6	20,250
Cecilio Jacobo		"	40,500
Antonio C. Cambaceres		7	23,625
Julian M. Sosa		8	15 750
Manuel Quintana		"	20,250
Alberto Trejo		"	16,761
Viconte Chas		8	40,500
Hros. de Bermudes de F.		"	27,563
Moreno y Garrara		"	20,250
Adolfo Blaye		10	20,250
Jose M. g Emilio Nuñiz		"	13,500
E. Pacheco		11	100,000
Jose Pacheco		11	100,000
Julio Pacheco		11	100,000
Emilio Cárdenas		13	8,510
Adolfo Blaye		14	20,250
M. C. Morales		14	23,625
Julio Becker		14	15,883
V. Laussen		15	23,625
Juan Drysdale		15	23,625
" "		15	23,625
" "		15	23,625
" "		15	23,625
" "		15	23,625
Patricio Reid		15	27,000
Jose Macetti		17	19,269
A C Cambaceres		17	23 625
Adrian Arana		17	40,500
Juan Videla		20	23,625
Joaquin Lopez Camelo		"	6, 82
Roque Robles		"	13,500
Martin y Bellocq hos.		21	23,625
Id id		"	23,625
Id id		"	23,625
Id id		"	23,625
G. Mac Climont		"	54,000
Pedro Castro		24	12,898
Id id		"	1,673
Juan A. Grijera		"	30,376
Eujenio Grijera		"	30,276
Clemente Rosa		27	27,000
Jose A. Burgos		"	18,000
Serapio Rosas		29	6,750
Amaro C. Rios		"	23,625
Pedro Balerga y Ca.		31	7,875

B. Ayres, Abril 14 de 1873.

IGNACIO FREYRE, Oficial mayor.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

SOUTH PLAZA.

April 30.

General sales and prices obtained:—

Wool.

8755 ar in several lots, according to class and condition $48 up to 71.

Borregas 46 to 52.

Dry hides.

Campo, small lots, 197 to 202 pesada.

Sheepskins.

180 doz with wool 240 doz.

Campo 70 to 120.

Lambs 12.

Horse hides.

Very good ones 57 to 60.

Horse Hair.

Small lots, good mezcla, 180 to 196 ar.

Nutria.

In deposit 1,200 lb. 50 lb. Guedez.

Grease and Tallow.

100 bord. shipp. condition 15½ rls. fts.

Camp cond. 46.

Cereals—

Wheat.

According to class 133 to 205.

Maize.

According to class 49 to 56.

Barley.

According to class 36 to 45.

Flour.

According to class 35 to 36 ar.

NORTH PLAZA.

April 30, 1873.

In the Once to-day one buyer caused a stir in the wool business, by buying up mostly all offered at the Station.

We have remarked this buyer particularly sharp in his calculations, an instance of which we will mention. Some months ago, when wools were at their highest, he offered to day's prices, and of course bought scarcely any, not being able to come near the prices paid at that time, but now we see him pulling up doubly, having his pick of the wool offered at low prices.

Sales—

Wool.

2000 arr., a very fine lot, good condition, 69.

3000 do in three small good lots, 66-65

2000 fair class and condition, 59-65

1000 very inferior, 55

2000 ar lambs wool, with burr, 45-54.

Sheepskins.

Some large sales of camp skins effected.

600 doz, several lots, camp, half wool, 75-95

270 do de campo pelados, various lots, 30 to 40

100 do lambskins, long and desechos, 35 to 55

200 do medium 20 to 27

300 do, very young, 10 to 13.

Cow Hides.

A good many arrivals, and a facility in disposing of same.

300 hides, a very superior lot, 195

600 do do, good, 191

1300 different lots, 196-189

Horsehides.

120, very good lot. 60

300 in several lots, 47 to 57.

Hair.

A fall of close on $10 in prices.

270 ar good mezcla, 164 to 174.

Grease.

Active demand continues, and the usual high prices paid.

140 bords. shipping condition, 45½

30 do camp, 42½ to 44½

44 do potro oil, 44

400 ar in panzas, various, 42

50 small casks sebo pisado, 32, 34.

Wheat.

Dulness noticed and few sales. No change in prices.

600 fan. several classes, 140 to 215

Maiz.

Market pretty dull, caused by over stock.

400 do several qualities 34 to 40.

Barley.

250 fan. several lots 22 to 41.

Zapallos.

80 zapallos, very good, 3 each.

Mr. Richard Allen's wool, from Chascomus, has arrived in this plaza—17 carts good wool, not exposed for sale as yet; we hear it is to be sent into deposit.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

Reduced to 0° Cels

BUENOS AYR

		Bar.		Therm
April	29 at 8 p.m.	759.85	..	17° 2 Cels
"	30 8 a.m.	760.22	..	16° 6
"	2 p.m.	759.03	..	22° 2

BIRTH.

On the 29th inst., at Buenos Ayres, Mrs Lersner-Dufour of a daughter.

Dupuy's Brandy.

Real Estate and Dupuy's Brandy are the two most saleable articles in this market to-day.

BARON y BRIET, the Agents, hold now both camp and town. There's no other Brandy drunk in cafe, casino, hotel, or camp pulperia; and such is the demand from the camp, that at the Plaza Once immense piles of boxes are ranged along the deposits waiting for waggons.

BARRAN y BRIET, Sole Agents, No. 115 Cuyo.

THE TIGRE TO ROSARIO.

Reduction of Prices.

TRAIN GRATIS.

The fine, fast, new and commodious Steamer, SAN CRISTOBAL leaves the Tigre for Rosario and intermediate Ports every WEDNESDAY and SUNDAY on the arrival of the 10 a.m. Train (Central Station) calling at

Campana, Zarate, San Pedro, Hermanas & San Nicolas.

This new Packet Steamer offers rare advantages to Families or Single Ladies desirous of taking the trip, having magnificent state rooms and double berths.

TARIFF

(Including train Fare.)

	Cabin.		Steerage.
Campana and Zarate	4	..	2
San Pedro	8	..	4
Obligado & Hermanas	10	..	5
San Nicolas	10	..	5
Rosario	12	..	6

For freight, charges, &c., apply to the Agents, RUBIO & FOLEY, Canglio, 140 j..16 xp f9

EL MEJOR DE TODOS LOS COGNACS ES EL DE Otard, Dupuis y Cia.

PRIMER PREMIO, en la Exposicion de Cordoba, MEDALLA DE PLATA,

Unicos Agentes, BARRAN y BRIET, 115—Cuyo—115 24

Mutual Gas Company.

TENDERS FOR LIGHTERAGE.

Wanted, TENDER for the Lighterage, Carriage, and Unloading of 4,000 to 5,000 Tons of Goods, principally Cast Iron Pipes, from the Inner and Outer Roads, to the Fabric situated in Calle Defensa.

TENDERS Can be sent in up to the 20th MAY.

For further particulars apply to C. H. SMITH Florida 16. cj—262 7p a30

ENGLISH Millinery Establishment.

Mrs. McDOUGALL

Begs to advise her numerous Friends and Customers, that she has just received a Large and Fashionable Assortment of MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c., Direct from PARIS & LONDON, And respectfully solicits the favor of an inspection.

71—CALLE BOLIVAR—71 cj—268 1m a30

Gt. Southern Railway.

OPENING OF A PASSENGER STATION AT

BANFIELD.

(Between Lanus and Lomas de Zamora.)

On and from Sunday next the 4th instant, al. Local Trains will stop at the above Station when required.

B Ayres 29th April 1873. THE ADMINISTRATION.

c | 270 1m a30

Northern Railway.

NOTICE.

The First Train and the Last Train, to and from Belgrano, will be discontinued on and after the 1st of May.

HENRY CRABTREE.

April 29, 1873. cj—263 8p a30

CUIDADO CON EL ENGAÑO

AL PEDIR HESPERIDINA EXIGIR QUE CADA ROTULO ETIQUETA CORCHO Y CAPSULA DE LA BOTELLA LLEVE LA FIRMA DE A. Y. Bayley

New Lumber Yard.

Rivadavia 1029, & Piedad 882.

1ST CLASS ROOFING SLATES.

CHERRYWOOD, WALNUT, MAHOGANY, | CEDAR, OAK, ASH.

ALEXANDER MILLER & CO.

NOTE—TO ARRIVE.

English Flagstones and Encaustic Flooring Tiles.

cj—256 6p a29

Lost, Strayed, or Stolen,

From Mr. Thos. Dillon's Estancia, Las Toscas, Partido Chacabuco, on the 20th March last, EIGHT fine tame HORSES.

Any person returning same, or giving such information as may lead to their recovery, will be handsomely rewarded, cj—264 6p a30

Removal.

HENRY N. HART HAS REMOVED his OFFICE to 107 San Martin (Formerly Hotel Louvre.) cj—369 3p a30

THE MAGNIFICENT PHOTO. ENGRAVING OF St. James Palace.

Reception Day, ON SALE AT DAWS AND CO.

107—PIEDAD—107. —cj

NEW GOODS AT THE New English Drapery AND Clothing Establishment.

179—CALLE POTOSI—179 (*Between Calles Peru and Chacabuco.*)

THIS WEEK We will show our First Importation of New Winter Goods.

WATSON & MacCALLUM, Importers & Retailers of DRAPERY AND CLOTHING, 179—POTOSI—179 cj—a20

AL COMERCIO.

DEBIENDO cesar, en el 30 del corriente por fallecimiento de nuestro socio Dn. Federico Berro la Sociedad Comercial existente en esta Plaza bajo la razon social de Berro, Braga & Co., se previene al Comercio que dicha casa continuará sus operaciones, desde 1° de Mayo, en adelante bajo la nueva firma de BRAGA & CO.

La nueva casa, queda encargada de la liquidacion de nuestra firma con los poderes necesarios al efecto.

Buenos Aires, 26 Abril, 1873. BERRO, BRAGA, & CO. cj—254 10p a29

NATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY;

The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society will meet in Session on THURSDAY, MAY 1st, at ONE, p.m.

DANIEL C. KELLY, Secretary. cj—250 3p a29

Schoolmasters.

Wanted 3 English resident schoolmasters, sober and competent men (must bring recommendations as such). Requirements able to teach English and Spanish, Arithmetic, Geography and History (must either have diplomas or pass an examination at the Academy).

Applicants are requested to call on the 28th inst from 6 to 7 o'clock in the evening.

BRITISH ACADEMY, 149 — Calle Bolivar — 149. cj | 11212p 15a.

American Walnut Furniture.

NOW OPENING, SETS OF DINING-ROOM, CHAMBER AND OF PARLOR FURNITURE, Of choice Designs, and low in Price. ALSO TOBACCO CUTTERS, MEAT CUTTERS, KEROSENE STOVES, REFRIGERATORS PLATED FORKS, SPOONS, And a General Assortment of SPECIALITIES OF AMERICAN GOODS Of Household use.

A First Lot of the pure, fine flavored ENGLISH BREAKAAST TEA. For Sale, In Tin Linen Chests of 5lbs. each.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO., (Formerly Bate and Livingston), 76 — San Martin — 76 In front of Argentine Bank. cj—a22

RIBBON STAMPS.

French Stamps of all kinds.

Engraving of all kinds.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO., 76—San Martin—76 In front of Argentine Bank. cj—144 xp m9

TO SMOKERS.

Just Received, A further supply Of the highly-appreciated Tobacco, "The Richmond Smoking Mixture."

Fragrant Havanna Cigars.

VIRGINIA CAKE TOBACCO, of the famous mark, "THE KNIGHT OF THE RED CROSS

COPE'S FINE CIGARETOS, Peerless and Boquet Brands.

The Cheapest Virginia Cake Tobacco In Buenos Ayres, Mark, "GRAPE JUICE."

JEWEL TWIST TOBACCO, In Silver Foil.

GERMAN AND BAHIA CIGARS. 20 different Brandes, Each unsurpassed in South America.

CHOICE MANILLA CHEROOTS.

BEAR'S VIRGINIA BIRDS EYE, Unequalled as Cutrette Tobacco, In 2 and 4 ounce Baskets.

Booth & Stevens

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS, 193½—CALLE FLORIDA—193½ cj—m11

TEA! TEA! TEA!

$20. 20. 20.

In Packets of One Pound.

A TRIAL ONLY REQUISITE.

ENGLISH BAZAAR 61—Calle Florida—61 cj—7 xp f11g

SAMUEL BOOTH HAS REMOVED His Photographic Warehouse to larger Premises, at No. 64 CALLE PIEDAD.

Wanted, some good operators for City and Provinces. Apply at the Photographic Deposit, 64 Calle Piedad. cj—

PERSONS BUILDING.

FAMILIES desirous of having proper doors in their houses should not fail to pay Mr. Pedro Ebbeke an early call. They are beautifully wrought, and will be disposed of cheap. Calle Peru No. 80. 1 218 9p a25

ROSARIO.

TO BE LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, or Sold, if required, a fine FAMILY RESIDENCE, beautifully situated on the banks of the River Parana, within easy distance from the Town, and close to the Central Argentine Railway Station.

Apply to JOHN THOMPSON and CO., Calle Bajada, Rosario; or at the Standard Office, Buenos Ayres. cj—248 xp a29

FURNISHED HOUSE.

A FAMILY, leaving for Europe, wish to Let their House Furnished. Its position is central and airy. Two Tramways. Terms moderate. Address No. 14 Plaza Lores, altos. cj—251 6p a29

FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET, Nice Furnished Rooms, in Calle de Maipu, No. 61. Balconies to the street. Apply on the premises. d 209 9p a24

TO BE LET AT CABALLITO.

To let, at Caballito, two squares from the College, towards Flores, a Dwelling-house, with five large rooms, patio, kitchen, garden, &c. Apply at the Tienda next door or to Mr. Watel, No. 70, Calle de Potosi. cj—244 6p a29

STEGMAN'S QUINTA, FLORES.

TO LET, from the end of MAY. Apply at 13 Calle Chacabuco. cj—137 3p a27

SE ALQUILA la casa calle Venezuela No 38 tiene 9 piezas alt. ve etc con accion a 9 piezas mas en altos con entrada independiente, que se pueden alquilar juntas o separadas. Para tratar se urran calle De ensa No. 293 de 9 a 11 de la mañana o de 4 a 5 de la tarde. c | 265 6p a30.

REQUIRED.

WANTED, a STEWARD, for the British Hospital. To a competent Person, good wages will be paid, Apply with references, to Mr. Macindoe, at the Hospital, Calle Bolivar. cj—241 6p a27

WANTED, at 339 Calle Piedad, two Women Servants. One to mind a child and the other as Housemaid. cj—213 8p a25

WANTED a servant or general house work in a small family of two persons. Good wages will be paid. Apply at Calle Santa Fe, No. 239 between Montevideo and Garantias. c | 266 3p a30.

WANTED a Clerk one who speaks Spanish for an auctio business. Address in own handwriting stating sal ry, required to A B Standard office. c | 268 3p a30.

SAVINGS BANK

BANK MAUA AND CO.

101--Calle Cangallo--103

BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current is now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. of this city, following the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM

CONDITIONS.

First--The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Mauá & Co.

A. M. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

32

CELEBRATED SHEEP-DIP.

LICOR DERMATOSICO.

Prepared by

TORRE and BARTON, Druggists

DEFENSA, 65,67, and 69.

Guaranteed

Infallible for the Cure of Scab in Sheep.

After long and innumbrable trials, we have succeeded in preparing the above Sheep-dip, by the use of which we guarantee the thorough eradication of Scab in Sheep.

Besides cheapness and easy application, it has the great advantage over all other similar preparations of being

COMPLETELY SOLUBLE IN WATER,

a circumstance which admits of our liquid penetrating to the very surface of the skin, without spotting the wool or making it adhere.

AGENTS.

O'GORMAN & DANSEY, Guardia del Monte.
TORROBA HERMANOS, Lujan, Mercedes, and Chivilcoy.
AULD & PETTIGREW, Chascomus.
J. BARTON, Olivera.
R. DEWEY, Cañuelas.
W. BARRY, Buenos Ayres.
FLORENTINO BLANCO é HIJOS, 11 de Setiembre.

d—143 xp s17 33

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

NEW ARTICLES RECEIVED.

No one was blind so much who would not see!
Not one so blind,
Thus rumor spreading over, says to thee
That not to see
'Tis not always blind to be,
And all that's new
Say, before or after tea,
Is kindly asked to come and see.

Ladies: Silk Gro, variety of colors,
Reps Do. do.
Gentlemen's White and Colored Shirts,
Tweed Suits,
Childrens' Patent Leather Boots,
Boys' Hats and Cloth Capes.

Per COLINA

Ladies' Stays,
Floor Carpetting, different classes,
White Calico, "La Fuente." special quality.
Boys' Sailor Suits, and other patterns, for the winter,
Black Cloth Jackets,
Gosnell's Cologne Wtater,
" Florida "
Indian Matting, 4|4, 5|4, 6|4 width, all colors,
Special quality.
Children's and Infants' Under Clothing,
Bird's Eye Diaper Pinafores, Brown Holland do.

CARPETS.

Reps for Window and Door Curtains, Brussels Sofa Carpets, beautiful design.

A beautiful assortment of Silk and Wool Cutting Articles for Ladies, viz.—Jacquettes, Tunicas, Kindermantel, Coiffeurs, Rasblike, Bedunies, Kragen, Muffeu, Casquettes, Bournous, Schawlcoiffeurs, Camt-Kinderschinte, Gauts, Collars, Cravats, Tucher, Jupons.

15—DEFENSA—15

Adolfo L. Arriola.

cj—387 1m o1

TRANSATLANTIC
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
IN
HAMBURG.

CAPITAL, 1,000,000 PRUSSIAN THALERS.

Insures all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, at a Moderate Premium.

All Losses Adjusted by the Undersigned, General Agents for the River Plate,

MANTELS & PFEIFFER,
Calle Chacabuco, Nos. 19 and 21.

d 138xp

ARGENTINE HOTEL

Calle 25 de Mayo, No. 1.

PUBLIC BATHS IN THE HOTEL.

Wines of all kinds.

Monthly Pension,	700$ m|c
Dinner,	25 "
Breakfast,	20

Out-door Orders taken. Hot Suppers at any hour of the night. Banquets supplied.

h..289 xp m18

FEDERICO REEPEN AND CIA
WOOL AND PRODUCE BROKERS.
673—CALLE CANGALLO—673
cj—36 xp e5 73

FLORENCIO DONOVAN,
Wool and General Broker,
Broker,
CALLE CUYO,
In Front of the Telegraph Office,
Plaza Once

La Popular Argentina

Society Authorised by Decrees of the Provincial Government, of the 30th July, 1869, and 28th August, 1870.

ADMINISTRATIVE CAPITAL, $500,000.

Administrator-General—Dn PEDRO S. LAMAS

Government Delegate—Dn. H. MEDRANO

Secretary—NICANOR FERNANDEZ.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Dn. Jaime Llavallol, | Dn. Cruz Benavidez,
" A. Maverott, | " E. Daireaux,
" C. Santa Maria, | " Carlos Pecher.
Dr. Decio Nulle,

Consulting Lawyer—Dr Dn Vicente Fidel Lopez

Valuators—Srs. Rodriguez Larazabal and Co.

Inspector-General—Dn. Oscar Levy.

BONDS and VOUCHERS deposited in the Provincial Government Treasury.

BANKING OFFICES.
213½—CALLE PIEDAD—213½
Buenos Ayres.

OPERATIONS.

Deposits of $1.100 and upwards received at the following rates:

Six Months ..... 9 per an.
Nine " ..... 10 "
Twelve " ..... 11 "

Payable Quarterly. The Receipts will bear the signature of the Government Delegate, in proof of Mortgaged Deeds having been placed in the Government Treasury as a Special Guarantee, besides the Company's Capital.

The Branch Offices will pay one per cent, less in every instance.

Deposits of five years will receive, besides the Interest and original Capital, whatever dividend may be coming to the Seccion, and which even doubles the sum originally invested.

Annual, half-yearly, and quarterly deposits of from ten patacons upwards, receive at the end of five years the original amount, plus the Interest, plus the Dividends.

SAVINGS BANK.

Tickets, to the value of Two to Ten Patacons, with rights to Premiums four times a-year—

MARCH—JUNE—SEPTEMBER—DECEMBER.

The holder is entitled to these four advantages—

1st. The charge of acquiring a small fortune without risk of Capital.

2d. To withdraw your whole Capital at the end of five years even should you not hove been fortunate at the drawings,

3d. To exchange at any moment for Shares of the Seccion de Beneficios Mutuos of the same Company, receiving a quarterly interest, at the rate of 4 to 10 per cent. per an.

4th. The power to receive an advance of 50 per cent. on the value of the Shares.

The next Drawing is on—

June 30, 1873.

Paid in Accounts Current, 7 per cent.

Branches in Brazil, Banda Oriental, the Province of Buenos Ayres, and all the Interior.

Head Offices:
213½—CALLE PIEDAD—213½

OFFICE HOURS:
Week Days..... 10 to 4 p.m.
Sundays..... 11 to 1 p.m.

cj—m6

List of Letters

LYING AT 48 RECONQUISTA

Allen Ellen,
Austin Thomas,
Auchinleck Daniel,
Byrne Mary, (widow)
Brown Bridget,
Brown Ignacio, 2
Burke Joseph,
Brady Anne,
Butler Annie,
Burns Richard,
Ballesty Patrick,
Brennan Thomas,
Bolton Patrick,
Belson Mary,
Burke Eliza,
Conlan Patrick,
Conroy Maryanne,
Cox Mrs. C, 2
Callagan Edward;
Carney Mary,
Clayton Mrs.,
Cruncan Francis,
Cormack Eliza,
Creagan Francis,
Coffee Laurence 2,
Carroll Mary,
Carrigg Pak,
Casey Mrs,
Connolly Wm,
Cormack Mary,
Coyne P.,
Carrell Catherine,
Clavin Joseph,
Dunn John, Lujan
Dalton Elizabeth,
Donlan Michael,
Dogherty Mary,
Greenway J. W.,
Glynn May,
Garrahan Margaret,
Gahan Mrs. C.,
Griffin Mary A.,
Geoghegan Michael, Lobos,
Hogan Bridget,
Heavey Catherine,
Hooper Thomas F, 2,
Heavey Margaret,
Henderson Henry,
Hall James,
Harrold Mary,
Jeffers Catherine,
Kilcomate Peter,
Ken James,
Kennedy Bridget,
Kenny May,
Kenny Catherine,
Kont James or John,
Kerr James, Mercedes,
Kelly P, Carmen Areco
Kelly Cath., Quilmes,
Kelly Andrew,
Killeen Ellen,
Kinsell Michael,
Kinsella Michael,
Kelly Michael,
Keegan Hugh or John,
Lynn Bridget,
Sennett Mrs Marcella,
Ledwith P, Carmen de Areco,
Lestrange Margaret,
Larkin Margaret,
Loorani Miguel, Carmen de Areco,
O'Brien Bernard,
O'Connell Mary,
O'Connor Patrick, Mercedes, 2
O'Brien Catherine,
O'Keefe Catherine,
Purcell John J,
Pigeon Thomas,
Quinn James,
Quinn James, Mercedes
Rafferty Kate,
Rourke Mary,
Rahilly Denis, 2, Carmen de Areco,
Reynolds Eliza,
Rafferty Wm.,
Scully P, Capilla
Simpson James,
Scott B, Mercedes,
Sheehy James,
Shannon Mrs,
Stone Mrs J,
Smyth Kate,
Donlon Thomas,
Donlon Mary,
Dinnegan P,
Dillon M,
Daly J.
Doolin James,
Drew James 2, Fortin de Ateco,
Dinnegan Anne,
Doolin Catherine,
Delaney Michael 3, Magdalena,
Dalton Mrs M,
Duffey John,
Daly Peter,
Dowd Michael,
Dillon John,
Dillon Mrs. B.,
Evers Margaret,
Egan P, Carmen Areco
Edwards G,
Farrell James 2,
Finnerty Essy,
Freyne Thomas, Mercedes, Oriental,
Feighan Marp,
Farrelly Mary,
Fay, Elizabeth S,
Griffin Mary S, 2
Graham Mrs M,
Gibbon John,
Gaynor Thomas 2,
Gillon Mary,
Gaynor Jas., Capilla,
Gibbs Captain, on board Lanoy,
Gannon Michael,
M'Maguire Mrs. R.,
M'Guinness James,
Murray Kate,
M'Grath Anne,
Murray Ellen,
M'Dermott M., Carmen Areco,
Mulligan Michael,
M'Donnell Michael,
M'Guire Anne,
Moran Margaret 2,
Meehan Patrick,
M'Gann W., N. Railw
Maxwell L,
M'Loughlin J,
Mangan M,
M'Loughlin M,
M'Loughlin P,
M'Donnell Margaret,
Murray Henry,
Molloy Mary, 2
M'Dermott Mrs. Joseph
M'Ginn J H,
Mani n Ellen,
Moran Kate,
Murtagh J, Carmon de Areco,
Murphy R. S., Carmen de Areco,
Kelly Anne,
Naughton John,
Naughton J., Mor'o,
Nicholson James,
Cooney Michael,
Nolan W, Mercedes,
Nee Danie',
Nolan Thomas,
Nicholson Thomas,
Sheehy M, Carmen de Areco,
Story Thomas,
Tipping Elen.,
Tracey A,
Tyrrell Kate,
Tobin E, 2
Tumilty Kate,
Tormey L,
Toner M,
Ward M, Carmen de Areco
Ward Catherine 2,
Ward Julia,
Ward Anne,
Whitcomb A,
Walsh Anne,
Walsh M,
Wallace E, 2
Walker J 3
Wheeler Mrs E, 2
Young, Laurence

cj—m16

JAMES WADHAM, SENR., AND CO. IRON MERCHANTS

Supply Pig Iron, Steel, and Iron Rails, Ship and Boiler Plates, also Mallets, Backied Plates for Fireproof Flooring, Bridges, &c.

Merchant Iron, Bridgeworth Machinery and Tools, &c.

Offices—88 NORTHGATE. DARLINGTON, ENGLAND.

Correspondence conducted in French und German. cj | j

Deposits, Stores,
&c. &c.

TO RENT,

A large central

BAJO HOUSE,

Suitable for Stores, Depojts, or otherwise.

It measures 23x70 yards, is in one of the leading streets, and surrounded by Shops, Theatres, &c.

For terms apply at this OFFICE.

cj—6 6p a2

La Popular Argentina

Drawing on 31st March, 1873

First Prize, 1500 Pats.
No. 25,047.

Ten Prizes of 50 Pats. each.

4786 9547 9822 13166 17398 17464 18977 19167 25083 26133

Twenty-five Prizes of 20 Pats. each.

1076 1805 2521 2618 3509 4621 6043
9069 9104 11398 12940 13731 17233
18900 19501 23215 23892 25536 26186
28075 28926 30204 30850 31276 32086

350 Prizes of 10 Pats. each.

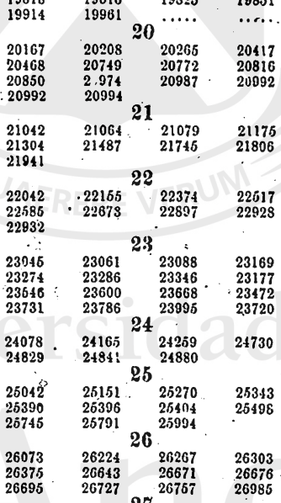
1			
1169	1305	1310	1425
1471	1900	1930	1986
2			
2069	2259	2280	2365
2565	2673	2659	2704
2751	2754	2847	2857
2973	....	....	....
3			
3079	3145	3160	3266
3511	3549	3560	3622
3630	3690	3713	3875
3936	3985	....	....
4			
4050	4237	4327	4416
4444	4578	4756	4757
4785	4935	6974	....
5			
5031	5052	5060	5085
5216	5439	5449	5472
5703	5709	5863	5867
5902	....	....	....
6			
6052	6134	6164	6164
6279	6313	6138	6470
6513	6513	6910	....
7			
7002	7034	7341	7526
7570	7579	7609	7713
7714	7824	7872	7917
7933	7956	....	....
8			
8029	8287	8364	8431
8846	8848	8860	8894
9			
9053	9089	9311	9382
9495	9548	9844	9862
9920	9928	....	....
10			
10160	10321	10363	10371
10372	10411	10432	19665
10670	10813	10832	....
11			
11050	11214	11508	11664
11776	11858	11914	11915
12			
12065	12095	12112	12176
12362	12378	12473	12500
12530	12656	12708	12718
12830	12966	....	....
13			
13225	13765	13897	13901
13908	13921	13963	13977
13996	....	....	....
14			
14092	14426	14478	14632
14794	14821	14955	....
15			
15146	15160	15151	15181
15189	15207	15286	15334
15348	15439	15515	15663
15767	15931	....	....
16			
16055	16102	16156	16489
16633	16637	16646	16860
16946	16968	16976	....
17			
17025	17041	17077	17167
17266	17290	17296	17439
17476	17576	17684	17754
17826	17890	17922	17966
17986	17399	....	....
18			
18162	18197	18260	18594
19			
19104	19116	19151	19225
19251	19429	19473	19601
19613	19616	19825	19851
19914	19961	....	....
20			
20167	20208	20265	20417
20468	20749	20772	20816
20850	2.974	20987	20992
20992	20994		
21			
21042	21064	21079	21175
21304	21487	21745	21806
21941			
22			
22042	22155	22374	22617
22585	22673	22897	22928
22832			
23			
23045	23061	23088	23169
23274	23286	23346	23177
23546	23600	23668	23472
23731	23786	23995	23720
24			
24078	24165	24259	24730
24829	24841	24880	
25			
25042	25151	25270	25343
25390	25396	25404	25498
25745	25791	25994	
26			
26073	26224	26267	26303
26375	26643	26671	26676
26695	26727	26757	26985
27			
27043	27082	27144	27185
27251	27256	27413	27474
27502	27576	27713	27794
27941	....	....	....
28			
28064	28268	28327	28402
28421	28430	28533	28761
28883	....	....	....
29			
29042	29175	29241	29282
29433	29753	29922	29924
30			
30004	30143	30164	30197
30240	30260	30283	30590
30986	30993	....	....
31			
31118	31199	31200	31230
31299	31383	31393	31511
31656	31796	31849	31927
31945	....	....	....
32			
32179	32360	32493	32591
32605	32777	32998	....

1 19 2m a4

59—CUYO—59

GUSTAVO LEROY & CO.,
Sole Agents
in BUENOS AYRES of the best Manufacturers in France and Belgium.

105



FIRE-GRATES AND STOVES.

BALCONIES AND FENCINGS.

59—CUYO—59

cj—10 xp a10

Jenkins and Thorne,
COMISIONISTAS,
PARA
COMPRA Y VENTA
DE
Terrenos, Fincas. &c.

Real Estates Agents,
ENSENADA.

cj—382 3 m a 2

GERMAN BURMEISTER,
consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker
166—CALLE VENEZUELA—166

42

The Committee of Maritime Insurers of Genoa.

The undersigned, Agent of Maritime Insurers of Amsterdam, Antwerp, Bordeaux, Elberfeld, Bremen, Frankfort-on-Main, Havre, Heilbronn, Lyon, Marseille, Paris, Rotterdam, and Vienna, has the honor to inform the Trade of his Nomination as Representative of the above-said Company.

J. de BOER.

OFFICE,
55 Calle Corrientes.

ajm13xp —214

THE COLONIA

THIS "DOCK" IS IN FINE WORKING ORDER.

Vessels hauled in in 25 minutes.

For particulars inquire of

RUBIO & FOLEY,
AGENTS,
40— CALLE CANGALLO—40

cj—piy28x150

Winter Novelties

JUST LANDED.

Madam Laforque

Informs her Lady Customers that she is in receipt of the most elegant assortment of Winter Goods, direct from Paris, that has ever arrived in this market; such as

VELVET TUNICS

Of the richest class, and a special assortment of the largest sizes.

CLOTH TUNICS,

Most elaborately embroidered, black and of the newest and most fashionable colours.

A large and varied assortment of ready-made Dresses,
Latest Paris styles and colors.

HATS AND BONNETS

Of the most elegant styles and colours; and a great variety of other Articles.

129—San Martin—129

cj—133 1m a 26

Carmen de Areco.

IN THIS Flourishing Camp Town, the centre of rural riches, the home of pastoral magnicence, the flower garden of bucolic prosperity, here where Health, Peace and Happiness may be said to have taken up their headquarters,

DON MANUEL HORTAL TORROBA,

so well and favorably known to the foreign residents of Mercedes and Chivilcoy, has established a

GENERAL CAMP STORE,

where sheep-shears, twine, tea, coffee, &c., are retailed at the

LOWEST PRICES.

N.B.—All kinds of produce bought

All the necessaries, and most of the luxuries of life, can be had here at Buenos Ayres prices, viz., the best Congou or Orange Pekoe, Oatmeal, Coffee, Sugar, Currants, Pickles, Old Irish Whiskey, Brandy, Biscuits, Iron Ware, and an infinity of other articles too numerous to mention, but which are always in Stock.

cj—53 xp a6 9

COMPANIA DE NAVEGACION RIO DE LA PLATA.

Linea regular de paquetes entre Buenos Ayres y Asuncion.

Vapores
GUARANY, TARAGUA, y GOYA.

Saldran alternativamente de este puerto los dias 10, 20 y 30 de cada mes.

Agencia 24—CALLE CUYO—24

e | 24 xp a4.

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLER

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city

Charges moderate.
Wines Superb.
Table d'Hote on Europe
Board, with Room, Gaslights, and Attendance
HOTEL DE LA PAZ,
Corner of Cangallo and Recoquista
cj—7

Wm. Paats & Co.

Cognac Charchy & Co.

Superior to any other brand introduced into this market.

Real Hollands

Herman van Houten, finest Mark of Gin.

DORDMUND BEER.
HAGERBEER.
Of the Hamburg Actien Brauerei.

BORDEAUX WINES
Brand A Lalande & Co. from $180 upwards.

Bordeaux Wines
A Geisneiler and fils. Nuits.

GINGER
Chyloong Canton.

BISCUITS
Huntley & Palmers, London.

Java Coffee

Wm. Paats and Co.

e | m18.

George J. Dick
AND
William Golding,

Information is desired by anxious relatives respecting the foregoing. The former was last heard of on a schooner from up the river, and the latter was last year employed in the British Hospital.

FRANK PARISH,
H. B. M. Consul.

e—382 1m 30m.

AUCTION.
BY
A. BULLRICH & CO.

ENGLISH FURNITURE,

The best in the country, the property of

MR. E. NAYLOR,
who leaves for Europe.

Calle Juncal, between Artes and Libertad.
QUINTA DE ARROYO.

FRIDAY, MAY 2D,
At 12 o'Clock.

INVENTORY.

DRAWING-ROOM.—A set of walnut, having two tables six easy chairs (each of a different pattern, as per latest fashion) a Palmerston table, an easy reclining-chair, walnut sofa, muslin curtains, a lady's writing-table (Devonport), paintings, carpetting, two hand sewing-machines (Cleopatra and Wear), a fine large concert piano by Broadway.

DINING-ROOM.—A massive oaken table for 24 covers, sideboard, lunch table, twelve chairs, two lounges, two curtains of reps, carpetting, glass service, china ditto.

DORMITORY.—A nice set of birch, composed of wardrobe and pier-glass, washstand and china set, towel-stands, chairs, lamps, pictures, etc.

DRESSING-ROOM.—Gentleman's wardrobe, desk, e.c.

BEDROOMS.—Bedsteads wardrobes, etc.

KITCHEN.—Fine range, washing machines, etc

d 257 4p a 30.

Furniture Auction
BY
A. BULLRICH and CO.

Calle Corrientes, No 89

On MONDAY, 5th MAY,
At 12 o'Clock.

INVENTORY.

SALA—One black horsehair sofa, two armchairs and six small to match, mahogany table with marble slab, large wardrob with looking-glass, Brussels carpets, curtains, &c.

BEDROOM No. 1—Iron bedstead with paliass, &c., Mahogany chest of drawers, rosewood lavatory and glass, porcelain sets, towel stretchers, night chairs, &c, &c.

" No. 2—Bedsteads, mattrasses, &c.; washstand, &c.

" No. 3—Bed-chairs, wardrobes, chests of drawers, looking-glasses, pictures, curtains, chairs, &c.

" No. 4—Iron bedsteads complete, clothes basket, &c.

DINING-ROOM—One sideboard, carpetting, chairs, table with two leaves, kerosene lamps, golden pier-glass, gas jets, &c.

h—261 3 p a 30

A la Mano de Oro
A LA MAIN D'OR
To the Golden Hand
ZUR GOLDENEN HAND

MME. LIDIE MASSAT'S
NEW TIENDA

Novelties from Paris received with every steamer.
Bazar and Fancy Articles.
Perfumeries from the first Establishments in Europe.
Artificial Flowers, the finest thing ever seen in Buenos Ayres.
White Wares for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Gloves from the first manufacturers in Europe, and all articles in a first class Tienda.

52 CALLE CANGALLO 52
(Corner of Reconquista.)

1 169 1m a20

English Boot and Shoe Shop.

4 VICTORIA, RECOBA NUEVA 64

Just Received, by last Steamers, a large Assortment of Boots and Shoes for the coming Season.

They are of the best English Manufacture, for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children.

Boots and Shoes made to order on the same premises.

The same assortment can be found at the Boot and Shoe Shop,

No. 400 BELGRANO-STREET,
(Corner of Santiago del Estero, 128.)

cj—194 1m a23

GRAN NEGOCIO.

SE VENDE

UN ALMACEN
DE MENUDEO,

En un Pueblo de Campo, inmediato a la Ciudad.

Es escusado entrar a recomendar la situacion donde se encuentra, pues es uno de los pueblos mas concurridos por su parage y condiciones: siendo esta una

BUENA OPORTUNIDAD

para colocar un capital seguro y que dé un buen interes.

Se calcula que, con las rentas de cuatro meses, se puede cubrir el costo.

Por mas pormenores, ocurrir

CALLE SAN MARTIN, No. 60.

d 130 15p a26

Messrs. Gebbie & Dodds

DRAPERS, TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS.

27 DEFENSA 27

We have always on hand an assortment of Goods received direct from England, suitable for Camp use.

1 38 12m a6

C. H. Twyford & Co.
FAMILY GROCERS
AND
TEA DEALERS,
102—Calle Piedad—102

Beg to Call the attention of the Public to the Articles which are always to be had at their Stores.

Coffee roasted and ground daily on the premises.

Goods guaranteed and delivered free of chp 30 in the city.

659 c..10

JOHN FORREST and CO.,
CUSTOM-HOUSE, CAMP,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
44—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—44
And
86 CALLE DEL PUERIO,
Rosario.

h..ne 6 52

RODGERS, BAKER AND CO.

ENGLISH TAILORS.

43—SAN MARTIN—43

j—67 1m a9

MACLEAN & CO.

SHIP AND GENERAL CUSTOM-HOUSE BROKERS.

Proprietors of the "LOCAL EXPRESS,"

4—RECONQUISTA—4

Half-yearly accounts with Established Houses

cj—62 xp jy4

BOOKS—BOOKS.

WANTED TO PURCHASE all sorts of Books, in English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Latin, Greek, &c.

Potosi, 103.

h—246 3p a 27

REMATE
POR
Benjamin Nazar y Ca.

DE
MAGNIFICOS
Carneros Rambouillets,
SANGRE PURA
Del las tres primeras Cabañas de Francia,

Cabana Imperial
Cabana Bailleau
Y
Cabana Gilbert.

Venidos por el buque "Bleville," a la consignacion de los Senores Gomez y Ca. y Bustamante y Galup.

En nuestra Casa

CALLE VICTORIA, 154,

El JUEVES 15 y VIERNES 16 de MAYO, a las 12 en punto,

Se remataran a la mas alta postura, y dinero contada, los Carneros mas valiosas que han venido a Buenos Ayres de dichas Cabañas.

CABAÑA IMPERIAL

9 Carneros Rambouillets refinadores de magnificos tipos y de gran valor, costando algunos de ellos $20,000.

CABAÑA "BAILLEAU."

7 Carneros tipos selectos de gran robustez y abundantes de lana larga, los que han sido obtenidos por precios sumamente altas de mil a cuatro mil francos cada uno.

CABAÑA "GILBERT."

26 Carneros Rambouillets, sangre pura, entre de gran robustez bien formados, lana larga y abundante, entre los que vienen algunos de valor de $16,000.

OVEJAS RAMBOUILLETS.

4 preciosas Ovejas de la Cabaña Bailleau y 3 id. id. de la Cabaña Gilbert.

A LOS SRES. HACENDADOS

Les llamamos la atencion sobre los magnificos Carneros Rambouillets que remataremos el Jueves 15 y Viernes 16 de Mayo, procedentes de las tres afamadas Cabañas de Francia, los que se venderán al mejor precio por haber recibido orden de realizar su venta en Remate.

AL MISMO TIEMPO.

11 Carneros Lincoln puros, de lindos tipos, lana abundante, muy larga y abrillantada, procedentes de uno de los primeros rebaños de Inglaterra, vendidos a la consignacion de los Srs. Ferber, Hutm y Cia.

DE OTRA PROCEDENCIA.

9 Carneros Lincoln puros, nacidos en el pais.

NOTA.

Mas pormenores se encontraran en los Catalogos que se repartiran detallado los numeros classificacion y cabaña a que pertenecen los carneros.

Desde hoy estan en exhibicion todos los carneros en nuestra casa—

154 VICTORIA

g | 129 1m a17

IMPORTANTE REMATE
POR
Benjamin Nazar y Ca.

Del gran establecimiento denominado "El Potrillo," con sus haciendas y utiles. Situado en el Partido 25 de Mayo, de la propiedad de los señores Eduardo Olivera y Hermanos. Por órden de dichos señores.

En nuestro Casa,

Victoria 154

El MIERCOLES, 21 de Mayo,
A las 12 en punto,

Se rematara a la mas alta postura con plazo y condiciones que se estipularan en el acto de la venta, el valioso establecimiento denominado "El Potrillo."

NOTA—Los detalles; tanto de la area del campo y sus condiciones, como de las haciendas y enseres del Establecimiento se publican en un folleto que tenemos en nuestra casa y que los interesados si gustan pueden pasar a recojerlo.

OTRA—Todos los Sabados a la tarde llegara al 25 de Mayo, a la Fonda de Doña Mariana, un dog-cart de la Estancia que estara a la disposicion de los senores que quieran visitarla, partiendo de alli en la mañana del Domingo.

h 122 1m a 16

Attention!

Grand Auction.

BY
ENRIQUE RAYMOND,
In the Patio of the
CAFE DE CATALANES,
CALLE CANGALLO,
(Corner of Calle San Martin),
2½ LEAGUES OF
SPLENDID CAMP,
In the Partido of Bragado,

Distant 7 Leagues from said Town, and 4 from Junin.

TO BE SOLD IN ONE OR TWO LOTS,
At the option of the Purchasers.

The AUCTION will take place on

Tuesday, May 6th
At THREE P.M. Precisely.

To be sold to the highest Bidders, on the conditions stipulated at Sale.

The Camp is known as that of Sr. Pedro Castro, and is situated 7 leagues from Bragado, and 4 from Junin; has three pustos, lagunes, springs, tender and hard pasturage, montes, with fruit trees, &c

It is only 45 leagues distant from Buenos Ayres, and will shortly be available by rail, on the extension of the Western Railway to Bragado.

Plans and Specifications at the Office, 140 Calle San Martin. ci—197 10p a24

Estanciafor Sale.

3 leage of camp situate, 3 leagues from the town of Chascomus and one and half league from the Gandora estate adjoining the estancia Las milas.

There are five squares wired in with the best wire and mandubay posts 3 yards distants.

The estancia house is szotes, with six rooms and stable, coach house, kitchen the whole surrounded by peach mount. Also a four wheeled carriage, a tilbury and one horse cart, plough harness &c.

ANOTHER.

Sheep run seven squares front by 10 deep with brick puestos.

For terms apply
Dn. PATRICIO WALLACE,
on the Estancia, or
To MR. JOHN. WALKER,
97 Defensa 97.

e | 68 1m 9a.

THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
60—CALLE SAN MARTIN—60
(Opposite the Provincial Bank.)

The greater part of our Stock is renewed semi monthly by importations, direct per Steamer especially: or this Establishment.

Every Article warranted.

xptp 6

THE STANDARD—PRINTED and PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING at the *Standard Printing Office* 118 Calle San Martin, Buenos Ayres, by the Proprietors and Editors, M. G. and E. T MULHALL.

The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No 3,284—THIRTEENTH YEAR | BUENOS AYRES, THURSDAY, MAY 1 1873. | CIRCULATION, 3000.

MAUA BANK

101 & 103 CALLE CANGALLO.

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious Building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the Public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities, approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques part or the full amount, at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons, for one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England, and France, as also on other places, of which due notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions, within the orbit of banking operations.

The Establishment is always open from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. MAUA & CO.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1868. cj—jy16 1

MAUA BANK

101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.

For balances in our favor, .. 12 per cent
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY
For balances in our favor .. .. 12 per cent
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Do. 30 days' do. paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Fixed deposits from

P. P. MAUA & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM

Royal Mail Steampacket Company

DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO EUROPE.

Twice a Month.

The Royal Mail Steamship
"DOURO,"
2824 Tons—500 Horse-power,
Captain THWAITES,

Will leave this Port for Southampton, on the 15th MAY, 1873, carrying Her Majesty's Mails, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, and Lisbon.

PASSENGER FARES:

Southampton ..	£35	and upwards	£20	£15
Lisbon	32	do.	20	12
St. Vincent	180	fts.	90	fts 50
Pernambuco	120		60	35
Bahia	110		55	30
Rio de Janeiro..	70		35	2 50
Montevideo			4	—

The Royal Mail Steampacket
"LIFFEY,"
1800 Tons—350 Horse Power,
Captain W. GILLIES,

For Montevideo, Rio, St. Vincent, Lisbon, Cherbourg; Southampton and Antwerp, sailing 30th MAY, 1873.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

	1st.	2d.	3d.
To Southampton.....	£35	£20	£15
Do. Cherbourg.....	35	20	15
Do. Lisbon	32	20	12
Do. Rio Janeiro	£11	£5 10s	£3 13 4
Do. Montevideo.....	£1	12 16s.	

Passengers for PARIS, travelling by this Steamer, will, on their arrival at Cherbourg, be provided by the Purser with a Document, which will enable them to secure Tickets on the Railway to Paris, at a discount of 20 per cent. on the fare.

These Steamers are provided with every accommodation for Passengers, to whom Wine is given to all classes GRATIS.

RETURN TICKETS.

To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money

FAMILIES

A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money is charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult cabin passengers.

CARGO, as per mutual agreement.

INSURANCE on Freight can be effected if adult desired.

Passengers are requested to be on board before four on the above-named day, as the Steamer will leave precisely at that hour.

The U.S. Mail Steamer "Merrimack," in connection with the above, will sail from Rio on the 25th inst.

For further particulars please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Agents,

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIPS.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The names of the Steamers are as follow:
BONITA—GALATEA—LACYDON, ARIADNE, RHONE.

This Company will despatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

From London, 27th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd.

From Buenos Ayres, on the 22d, to Falmouth Antwerp, and London, Calling at Montevideo.

Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to London by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.

Cargo will be received on board, 48 hours after arrival at this port, for London and the Continent, at through rates.

Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35; to Rio Janeiro, $50 Pats. Freight or Specie one-half per cent. payable here.

All Letters must be taken to the Post-office.

For further particulars apply to the Agents—
WOODGATE, Brothers,
Shipbrokers,
36 San Martin.

17 cj—a6

New Family Grocery.

89½—CANGALLO—89½

MACLEAN, MOORE, & CO.

Always on hand a large supply of BASS'S ALE, in Quarts and Pints.

GUINNESS'S PORTER, do. do.

Best PORT, SHERRY, and CLARET WINES.

Every Class of English and French Preserves.

All Articles Warranted and sent free of charge.

89½—CANGALLO—89½

cj—160 12m a20

DRAUGHTSMAN.

PLANS COPIED, Drawings made, or Tracings Colored of Elevations, Sections or Machinery with accuracy and despatch. Also Estimates, Specifications and Extraction of quantities.

Address 'Surveyor,' care of Hibbert and Co., 116½ Calle Florida.

1 63 1m a9

London and River Plate Bank, (LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital.....	£2,000,000	Sterling
Subscribed Capital.....	1,600,000	"
Reserved Fund	155,000	

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Depositing Bills Coupons, &c., for Collection—and of lodging Valuable Property in the Treasury of the Bank for custody.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in their Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

Issued and Purchased on the following places:—

Montevideo.	Antwerp,
Rosario de Santa Fé,	Amsterdam,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	New York.
London,	Rio de Janeiro,
Liverpool,	Genoa.

All the principal Towns of

SCOTLAND and	IRELAND.
Paris,	Madrid,
Bordeaux,	Barcelona,
Marseilles,	Vigo,
Bayonne,	Corunna,
Cadiz,	Santander,
Naples,	Bilbao.
	Havre.

G. B. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR,
MANAGERS. 4

London and River Plate Bank

(LIMITED)
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista.)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies in account current,	3 per cent.
On do., subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal	3½ "
On do. do. for 90 days fixed,	5 "
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal,	5 "

CHARGED.

For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.

On debit balances in account current in both currencies,	10½ p. cent.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR.
Buenos Ayres, April 15, 1873.

BANCO DE ITALIA Y Rio de la Plata.

74—CALLE PIEDAD—74

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
$f.1,500,000.

This is divided into 15,000 Shares.

Board of Directors:
J. B. PIAGGIO,
AGILES MAVEROFF,
ANTONIO DEVOTO,
PABLO MARENGO,
MARCOS DEMARCHI,
NICOLAS SCHIAFFINO,
BARTOLOME VIALE.

Until further notice the rates of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS

Account current, 5 per Cent.
Fixed periods, conventional terms.

CHARGES

Account current, 10 per cent.
Discounts, Promissory Notes, and other documents—conventional.

BILLS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT Issued on London, France, Belgium, and all the chief Cities of Italy.

BANKING HOURS

From Ten to Four p.m., and until Five on Saturdays.

Buenos Ayres, August 18, 1872.
S. POLLINI,
Manager.

6 185 h..x pag 20

Athletic Sports.

THE
Autumn Meeting
Will be held at
PALERMO
ON
THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1873.

The following is the programme, subject to alterations:—

High Jump Standing
" Running
Length Jump Running.
Throwing the Cricket Ball.
" Hammer
Putting the Shot
Pole Leaping
Vaulting
Hurdle Race, 120 yards, 10 flights, 3 ft. in
Flat Race, 100 yards
" 200
" 300, open to all comers,
" 400
" 880
" 1760
" 300, Youths under 18
" 150, Boys under 15
Steeple-chase, 3000 yards.

Entries can be made at Messrs. Mackern Bros. 44 Calle San Martin, up to 7 p.m on Saturday, 17th May.

Competitors are requested to make themselves acquainted with the Rules and By-laws of the Society.

h 282 2m m 18

BOOTS AND SHOES.

CHEAP AND DURABLE.

DEFENSA, 19.

(Mr. Fleming's Old Premises.)

Always on hand a choice supply of English and French boots and shoes of the best quality and newest fashions, for ladies, gentlemen, and children.

Also an assortment of strong English shoes for camp men,

They are of the best English manufacture, and only to be found at this establishment.

d 105xp 010 40

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY
Consignatorios de Frutos del Pais,
Wool Brokers,
Office
8—CALLE PERU—268
—x91j1 6

Deutsch, Belgische La Plata Bank.

Cologn & Buenos-Ayres

Authorised Capital: Prussian Silver Thalers.....	20,000,000	
Subscribed Capital: Prussian Silver Thalers.....	10,000,000	

Offices in Buenos Ayres,
20—CALLE FLORIDA—20

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial firms and private individuals.

MONEY RECEIVED on fixed deposit at conventional rates.

BILLS DISCOUNTED at conventional rates.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchashed at current rates.

DRAFTS issued on the following places—

Montevideo	Bremen
Rio de Janeiro	Paris
New York	Amsterdam
London	Antwerp,
Berlin	Genoa
Cologn	Madrid
Hamburg	Lisbon

and all the principal places of commerce on the Continent of Europe.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available for purchase of merchandize in all parts of the world on terms to be ascertained on application to the Bank.

W. MOLL, M. CASSEL
MANAGERS.
26 c—336 xp. o3.1

Deutsch-Belgische La Plata Bank.

From the 1st of December and till further Notice the rate of Interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows—

Interest Allowed.

On Deposits in Account Current, in both Currencies, 3 per cent. per annum.

Ds. on a fixed term:—

At 30 days	3½ per cent.
" 60 days	4 "
" 90 days	5 "

At longer dates at conventional rates.

Interest Charged.

On Debit Balances in Account Current in both currencies, 10½ per cent.

For Discounts—Conventionol according to circumstances.

Bank hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., an don Saturdays to 5 p.m.

W. Moll, M. Cassel.
Managers.
cj | 255 p1n26

Caja de Credito Hipotecario.

Founded May 16th.

OFFICES:
25—CALLE SAN MARTIN—25

Hours from 10 to 4 p.m.

Consulting Lawyers and Examiners of Titles.
Dr. MIGUEL ESTEVES SEGUI,
" JOSE MARIA NUNEZ.

Allows in Account Current..	5 p%	per an	
" On Deposits, 3 months..	7	"	
" " 6 "	8	"	
" " 12 "	9	"	

Advances on Mortgages at conventional rates

Charges on Advances 12 p%.

Draughts on all the chief markets of Europe.

Goods bought on Commission, and Credits arranged at very small charge.

Buenos Ayres, December 4, 1872.
P. de MONTRAVEL, Manager.
cj—m26

Huntley and Palmer's

CELEBRATED
READING BISCUITS.

BASS'S PALE ALE
GUINNESS' STOUT.

Agent:
A. W. ROOKE,
212 Calle Cangallo 212,
Entre Maipu y Esmeralda.

Copland & Co.

(ESTABLISHED 1832.)

Provision Merchants, Export Oilmen AND MANUFACTURERS

PICKLES
JAMS
SAUCES
HAMS CHEESE
CAPERS
OLIVES
&c., &c.

Agent—A. W. ROOKE,
212 Calle Cangallo 212.
(Entra Maipu y Esmeralda.)

Washington Morton

BORDEAUX.

CHATEAU MARGAUX
CHATEAU LAFITE
ST. JULIEN
CHATEAU LAROSE
CHATEAT LEOVILLE
ST. ESTEPH
ST. EMELION

BURGUNDIES
BIAUNE
POMARD
FINE CHAMPAGNE
COGNAC

AGENTS:
A. W. ROOKE,
212—Calle de Cangallo—212
Entre Maipu y Esmeralda.
cj | 152 xp a19

English Roman Catholic COLLEGE.

MERCEDES.

Under the Direction of
THE REV. A. McNAMARA.

The above Institution is now
FORMALLY OPENED.
cj—337 xp f23

Guinness's

CELEBRATED
Extra Stout.
IN QUARTS AND PINTS.

Bottled in Dublin, and guaranteed by SPECIAL LABEL from the Brewery.

On Sale at
WILLIAM BARRY & CO.,
161—Calle Potosi 161
p, n17 84

THE
COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE,
London, (Limited) Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

The Statutes of this Bank having been duly approved by the Chambers and the Government, the Public are hereby informed that the Business hitherto carried on in the name of WANKLYN and CO., will henceforth be continued in that of "THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE, LIMITED.

All Cheques, and other Documents still existing in the name of "Wanklyn and Co.," will be considered as equally valid with those of the new Bank

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

Buenos Ayres, January 1, 1873.

Messrs. Wanklyn and Co. take this opportunity to thank the Public for the liberal share of support accorded to them in the past, and to request a continuance of favors for the new Establishment.

THE
COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.
(Limited.)

No. 85---Reconquista---No. 85

Authorized Capital....	£1,500,000 stg.
Subscribed Capital....	1,000,000 "

Directors in Buenos Ayres.

Samuel B. Hale, Esq.
Ambrosio P. Lezica, Esq.
Charles P. Lumb, Esq.
A. Ure Mackinlay, Esq.
Norberto de la Riestra, Esq.
} Directors.
Frederic Wanklyn, Esq., Managing Director

From this date until further notice, Interest will be allowed:—

In account current	4 per cent.
At 7 days' notice.....	5 "
For 60 days fixed.....	6½ "
" 90 " "	6 "

And charged for Debits in Account Current, 12 per Cent.

Bills discounted at conventional rates.

Bills of Exchange purchased at current rates.

Bills of Exchange issued on London and other parts of England, all the branches of the National Bank in Ireland, and of the British Linen Company Bank in Scotland; on Paris, Bordeaux, Antwerp, Genoa, Berlin, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Madrid, and all the branches of the Bank of Castile, Lisbon, Oporto, Genova, New York, Montreal, and all the branches of the Bank of Montreal, Bombay, and all the Branches of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, and also on all the principal cities of Europe, &c.

Circular Notes issued to travellers.

Letters of Credit issued on the Head Office in London, and on Paris, Antwerp, Genoa, New York, &c. Commission charged only on the amount used.

Letters of Credit, payable here at the current rate of Exchange, can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country from the Head Office in London, from the National Bank in Ireland, and from the other agents of the Bank.

A complete list of Agents may be seen at the office.

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

B. Ayres, April 17, 1873. 1 jan 1

Carabassa's Bank

127—CALLE CANGRELO—127

From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS

In Account Current.....	5	per cent.	per an.
On a fixed term 30 days..	6	"	"
" " 60	6½	"	"
" " 90	6	"	"

At longer dates at conventional rates.

CHARGES

For Balances in Account Current, 12 per cent, per annum.

Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

Bank hours from Ten a.m. to Four p.m., and on Saturdays to Five p.m.

Bills drawn and taken on London, Paris, Bordeaux, Marseilles, and Genoa.

Buenos Ayres, April 15, 1873.
9 JOSE CARABASSA.

RIVER PLATE TELEGRAPH COMPANY

NOTICE.

Buenos AND Ayres
Montevideo
Tariff
FOR
TELEGRAMS.

10 Words, exclusive of Addresses: 1.00f. or $25 m|c.

Every additional 10 Words: 0.50f. or $13 m|c.

Arrangements having been made for the Transmission of Telegrams to all parts of Europe, the United States, Asia, Australia, &c. Messages are now received at the

COMPANY'S OFFICES,

and posted at Montevideo for the Lisbon Submarine Line.

Particulars of CHARGES, &c., may be obtained at the Company's Stations.

JOHN OLDHAM,
Manager.
cj—90 1m jy4

COMPANIA Argentina de Seguros

SEGUN lo dispuesto por la Direccion, la junta general de accionistas de que trata el Art. 32 de los Estatutos de dicha Compañia, que en seguida se insertara, tendra lugar este año, como de costumbre, en las oficinas de la Compañia, el dia 10 de Mayo proximo, a la una de la tarde.

B. Ayres, Abril 24 de 1873.
F. F. MORENO,
Gerente.

ARTICULO 27

Todos los años en el mes de Mayo, la Direccion convocara a junta general de accionistas y presentara a estos, inventario y balance general de los negocios de la Compañia hasta el 30 de Abril anterior, acompañado de una memoria espresando los resultados prosperos o adversos, que se hubieran esperimentado en el año y las medidas que considere conveniente al interes comun para lo sucesivo.

1 102 15p a24

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned executors of the late Canon Fahy, being about to close up finally his affairs and to discharge the trust of the Irish Hospital, reposed in us; hereby call a meeting of the Irish Community, for the naming of trustees for Thursday the 22nd of May 1873, at the hour of one o'clock at the said hospital.

Buenos Ayres April 7th 1873.
THOMAS ARMSTRONG,
MIGUEL DUGGAN.
cj. | 113 1m 15a

ARGENTINE BANK.

31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M

PRESIDENT:
BERNARDO YRIGOYEN.
DIRECTOR-GENERAL:
D. ANACARSIS LANUS.

The rate of interest from the date, until further notice will be—

ALLOWS.

On account current,	5	per cent.	per annum
Ninety days' notice,	5½	"	"
At six months'	6	"	"

CHARGES

On specie and currency	12	"	"

Money advanced on current account.

Bills and pagares discounted on conventional terms.

SAVINGS' BANK
Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
On specie and currency 6 per cent. per annum.

MARCO DEL PONT.
Manager.

Buenos Ayres, April 16, 1873.
cj—1873. 15m 16

Advances.

LIBERAL ADVANCES

Made on Consignments of Produce to the United States of North America, Belgium, England, and South of Germany, by
ALFREDO JONAS & CO.,
161½ CALLE CANGALLO.

Wool-growers wishing to enjoy the full price of their product in the European or American markets, will find it greatly to their advantage to apply to

ALFREDO JONAS & CO.
161½—Calle Cangallo—161½
cj—146 xp o16 41

PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

Business Hours, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Deposits of not less than $400 m|c and if 16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interest not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalised. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors, in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month, or on returning the deposit.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures, having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days to six months, on the condition that at maturity they are paid in full.

The Bank draws at sight upon the following branches:—

DOLORES,	CHIVILCOY,
SAN NICOLAS,	MERCEDES,
LOBOS,	BARADERO
SALTO,	AZUL.

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

LOANS TO THE WORKING CLASSES.

The Bank lends to artizans and operatives sums from *Three to Twenty Thousand Dollars*, on their own signature, taking as security a document with any well-known signature.

CREDITS IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

1st. The Bank opens Accounts Current for commercial house.

RATES OF INTEREST.

ALLOWS—

Private depositors,	5	per cent.	per annum m|c
Do.	5	do	do. specie
To private depositors,			
In account current	2	per cent	per annum do.
Do	2	do	do cur.

CHARGES—

Discounts in currency,	6	per cent.	per annum
Dor specie	6	do	do

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
Secretary.
—cj—n23

GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE BANK

Offices—111 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

This Bank will be open to the Public on all business days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

It advances on real estate to be repaid at long dates.

It pays Mortgage Certificates (Cedulas Hipotecarios) for the amount of the loan it advances, which bear an interest equal to that collected by the Bank.

The value of property offered in mortgage shall not be under two thousand patacons, nor the loan be less than 500 duertes.

No loan can exceed half the value of the property mortgaged.

The Mortgagor shall bind himself to pay an annual sum so long as the mortgage lasts, said sum to represent the interest on the sum lent the amortization fund and commission to the Bank. This yearly sum shall be paid quarterly or half-yearly.

Series A—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 20 years 117 days, 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series B—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 27 years 270 days; 8 per cent. interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series C—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 20 years 190 days; 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series D—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 28 years 5 days; 8 per cent interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent commission.

Upon the full payment of the yearly sums stipulated in the Mortgage, both property and Mortgagor shall be freed from all further obligation.

The Mortgagor shall be at liberty to anticipate the payments and to discharge the mortgage, all or in part.

Applications for mortgages must be made in writing, specifying the property offered, accompanied by the title deeds, the receipts of the Contribucion Directa tax, and setting forth that the property is free from all incumbrance, or if not, the incumbrance that exists thereon, and which is to be paid off by the mortgage. The Secretary of the bank will supply applicants with the forms necessary as also the tables for amortization.

Quarterly mortgagers shall pay from 8th to 15th of each January, April, July and October, and half yearly mortgagors shall pay between the 8th and 15th of each January and July.

With the amortization fund, mortgage certificates (cedulas) shall be redeemed at par by quarterly and half yearly drawings.

The mortgage Bank pays the interest on the quarterly cedulas or mortgage certificates between the 31st December and 6th January, the 31st March and 6th April, the 30th June and 6th July, the 30th September and 6th October every year, and on the half yearly cedulas from the 31st December to 6th January, and from 30th June to 6th July.

The Mortgage Bank can act between the capitalist and mortgagor, free of charge in the way of realizing the cedulas; and for this purpose will receive deposits without interest, which will receive a preference, and which sums will be deposited in the Provincial Bank.

On and after the 15th February 1872 the Mortgage Bank will be open to the public.

José M. La Fuente,
Secretary.

111—CALLE SAN MARTIN—111
1— xp f7

BARRACA DEL OMBU.

244—Calle Chile—244

TO LET, the above Barraca Corralon, 40 by 70, with Galpones, Escritorio, &c.

Apply at 318 Buen Orden.

h..178 3p a 22

Direct to Europe.

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE STEAMERS.

Messrs LAMPORT & HOLT'S LINE

RIVER PARANA LINE.

The Steamship
"PTOLEMY,"
1115 Tons,
JAXLEY, Commander,
Will on her return from Rosario and San Nicolas, be despatched for
ANTWERP and LIVERPOOL,
ON
2d MAY.
(Landing Passengers, Specie, &c. at Southampton.)

The Royal Mail Steamship
"GALILEO,"
2,300 Tons,
MARKWELL, Commander,
Will be despatched for
ANTWERP,
And
LIVERPOOL,
Via Montevideo, Rio Janeiro, Bahia and Lisbon
ON
FRIDAY, 9th MAY,
Carrying H.B.M. Mails.

Passengers, Specie, Mails, &c., landed at Southampton.

In the Mail Steamer Table Wine is supplied Gratis to all Passengers.

Cargo will be received on board until noon on the day of sailing.

Specie and Parcels will be received at the Office of the Agents on the same day

These Steamers are replete with every comfort, and carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Liverpool	1st Class	£35
London	do	35
Southampton	do	35
Antwerp	do	35
Rio Janeyro	do	$f. 60
Lisbon	do	$f.150
Liverpool	3d Class	£15
Londo	do	15
Southampton	do	15
Antwerp	do	15
Rio Janeyro	do	$f.25
Lisbon	do	$ f58.80

First-class Return Tickets are issued (with a reduction of 25 per cent, available for 12 month.)

PRE-PAID PASSAGES

Are issued to parties wishing to bring out their friends from England at the following rates:

1st Class	£32
3d do	14

Apply to the Agents—
H. A. GREEN & CO.,
or to the Brokers,
GREEN, LE ROSIGNOL & CO.,
62 and 64 Reconquista.
Agents in Rosario,
JOHN THOMPSON & CO.

cj—a18

DONALDSON BROTHERS.

CLYDE LINE OF STEAMERS
TO
BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE.

ASTARTE	— 1360	Tons Reg.—	Captain BLAIR
MARINA	— 1361	" "	" GIBB.
COLINA	— 2000	" "	" MARR.
CYBELE	— 2000	" "	" Building

Calling at SOUTHAMPTON to land Passengers, Specie, and Parcels.

This steamer has been fitted out with all the latest improvements. The cabins are elegant and spacious, every regard having been given for the comfort of passengers, who will find this a splendid opportunity to travel by.

Cargo will be received on board 48 hours after arrival at this Port for Liverpool and the Continent, at through rates.

Passage Money to Liverpool or Antwerp £45.

Freight on specie one-half per cent., payable here.

She has room for a limited number of SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS at £25.

Carrying also Surgeons and Stewardesses.

For further particulars apply to the Agents
WOODGATE, Brothers, shipbrokers,
No. 36, Calle San Martin.

18 cj—m27

THE RIVER PARANA STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED)

VANGUARD, OLGA, ARGENTINO.

The first-class well-known screw steamship
"ARGENTINO,"
1446 Tons,
Is the next Steamer sailing from
LIVERPOOL,
The 10th MARCH,
And will be despatched for
LIVERPOOL and ANTWERP,
On her return from Rosario, calling at Montevideo.

These Steamers have been specially built for this Trade, and are fitted with every modern improvement, having accommodation of the best description for passengers.

For further particulars apply to the Agents.
Messrs. C. J. SHAW and CO.;
Or to the Brokers,
WOODGATE, Brothers, 36 Calle San Martin.

9 cj—m26

The Steamship
COPERNICUS,
From Liverpool.

The voyage of this Steamer having terminated in Montevideo, Consignees of Buenos Ayres Cargo will please instruct their Agents in Montevideo in reference to the same.

Buenos Ayres April 23, 1873.
JOHN P. BOYD & CO., Agents.
cj—216 6p a25

VELERIA DEL PROGRESO

CALLE DE CANGALLO, No. 36.
(Opposite the Merced Church.)

In this Establishment will always be found large stock of—

Ship Sails, Door and Yard Awnings,
Tents for Railway Encampments,
Bags, Sacks, Sadlo Bags,
Military Tents, Coach Covers,
Also a fine assortment of Carpet, Imitation of Brussels Carpets, cut and sewn.
Flags and Streamers of all Nations.
E. F. QUINTIN,
Proprietor.

P.S. French, English, Spanish, and Italian spoken. cj—244 xpj31

To Auctioneers, Almaceneors, Wholesale Merchants, and others.

A LARGE CENTRAL DEPOSIT, 13x101 yards. Only five squares from the Plaza Victoria,

Apply "Alpha," at this Office.
cj..228 10p a26

Ferruginous Gin

COMPOSED OF THE FINEST TONIC INGREDIENTS SUCH AS
QUININE
BY
J. FERD. NAGEL,
HAMBURG,
INVENTOR AND SOLE MANUFACTURER OF THE FERRUGINOUS GIN.

Sole Agents.
SIEVERS & MEYER
33 Calle Piedad 33.
Buenos Ayres.

ON SALE AT
Cranwell and Murray's,
L. L. Jones and Co.,
Torres and Barton,
John Eastman and Sons,
R. Simmermacker,
A. Demarchi, Hnos.,
And all the chief Boticas.

Ferruginous Gin.

ANALYSIS
BY
Professor Kyle.

The Iron exists in the form of a protosalt, one fluid ounce of the Gin containing 3-10ths of a grain of Protoxide of Iron. The Ferruginous Gin may therefore take its place amongst chalybeate preparations, and be employed with advantage where the administration of a tonic alcoholic stimulant is indicated.

National College, 31st May, 1872.
JOHN J. J. KYLE.
21 cj—ag3

La Flor del Desierto

190—RIVADAVIA—190

Los Empresarios de esta mensageria ponen en conocimiento del publico, que desde el 1° del entrante Mayo saldra para el 25 de Mayo la bisposa de su solido en el 2° tren que sale del Parque a las 2 de la tarde a dormir a Chivilcoy.

B Ayres Abril 24 de 1873.
AGUERRE Y Ca.

e | 6p 25a.

MONEY ORDERS.

British Consulate and Postal Agency.
B. Ayres, August 26, 1872.

The Public is informed that POST-OFFICE ORDERS, payable at any Money Order Office in the United Kingdom, are issued at this Office, at the following charges, viz.—

For a Sum not exceeding	£2	$ 7	m|c.
Do	do	5	13 "
Do	do	7	19 "
Do	do	10	25 "

English Sovereigns are received at their full value, and Paper Money at the rate of $125 m|c per pound sterling.

FRANK PARISH,
H.B.M.'s Consul and Postal Agent,
cj—136

FOR PORT STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS,
The fine fast-sailing A 1, British Clipper Barque
SCOTIA,
773 Tons Tegister,
Commander THOS. GEORGE STEER.

This Vessel will be despatched for the above destination in about 14 days from date, and has splendid accommodation for a limited number of First-class Passengers.

For further particulars apply to HUMPHREY and CLARKE, Calle Piedras, 124 a.

Montevideo, April 19, 1873.
cj—212 14p a25

TO THE PUBLIC

TO ALL PERSONS suffering from Moles, Warts, or any other deformities on the skin.

There is an opportunity offering to be cured of these irksome diseases without any operation or pain.

Apply by letter, under No. 215, to the office of this ape.

NOTE.—No payment or any remuneration is asked if not completely cured.

d 247 6p a26

MORON.

The new HOTEL alongside the Station.

52—CALLE PROGRESO—52

HERMAN THOLE.
cj—211 1m a25

J. B. Casablanca.

COMERCIANTE COMISIONISTA

Hace adelantos y abre creditos.

Sobre consignaciones aprobadas.

No. 35 BEAVER-STREET,
NEW YORK.
P.O. Box 953. cj—143 3m 77

JOHN WALKER

97—Calle Defensa—97

Guinness's Stout.

Bottled by E. & J. Burke.
h..49xpn8 36

ALEXANDRIA COLONY.

SANTA FE.

Messrs. J. THOMPSON, T. BONAR and CO. of London,

Having established a large and important Colony in the Province of Santa Fe, with facile riverine communication, and supplied with Agricultural Implements and Stores of every description necessary for Settlers, are now prepared to receive applications from families or others desirous of purchasing and settling on their own freehold properties.

Every information and assistance will be given to intending settlers, on application to Messrs. J. Thompson, T. Bonar and Co.'s, 42 San Martin, Buenos Ayres cj—71 xp m30

English School, RANCHOS.

Mrs. POWELL DE REINOSO

Begs to inform the English-speaking community of Ranchos, that she has opened a

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

In the Town of Ranchos, where the children entrusted to her charge will receive the rudiments of a sound English Education, with all the comforts of a home.

CHARGES

For Boarders per Month.....	$4 0
" Day Pupils	50

ISABEL POWELL DE REINOSO.

Ranchos, March 22, 1873.
cj—227 1m m23

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

Miss Lowe, recently arrived from London, begs to acquaint the Ladies of this community that she is prepared to execute their orders in the above named branches in any style desired, at

107—ARTES—107

An apprentice wanted.

g | 221 1m a 25

For Sale.

4000 (more or less) sheep from an Estancia near Chascomus, bred in the Magdalena camps, including 46 Rams (16 Pampas). For further particulars as to price &c. apply to

JOHN FORREST & CO.
44 — Calle 25 de Mayo — 44.
cj | 6p 25a.

FOR SALE

DURHAM BULLS ½ and ¾ bred.
BERKSHIRE PIGS.

Apply to James Sidener, at Mr. Greec's chacra, 'Los Paraisos,' Lomas de Zamora.
cj—214 8p a 26

Casa Quinta.

Se vende una en las Lomas de Zamora con 6 piezas nuevas, con monte y una area de 200 varas de frente sobre la linea ferrea por 100 de fondo, terreno todo alambrado y a cuatro cuadras de la Estacion Adrogue.

Ocurran a Santos Molinari Peru 135.

e | 136 8p 26a.

New Advertisements.

IT IS FOOLISH to say that chronic diseases of the stomach are incurable, when it is notorious that confirmed dyspepsia yields readily to the Sugar-coated Pills. In vain the theorists advance such dictum in the face of facts testified to by the convalescent and the cured. It may be that, according to pathological logic the patients ought not to get well; but fortunately they do. In some instances dyspepsia leads to a degenerate condition of the blood. When this is the case Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in conjunction with the pills! cj—ml

P.S.N.C.

WEEKLY SAILINGS.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

For Europe.

1. GARONNE Sails—Monday, 5th May.
2. CORDILLERA „ Monday, 12th „
3. CORCOVADO „ Monday, 19th „
4. ARAUCANIA „ Monday, 26th „

Nos. 1 and 3 Touch at Rio Janeiro, Lisbon Bordeaux, and Liverpool.
Nos. 2 and 4 Touch at Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco. Lisbon, and Liverpool.

FOR

The Pacific.

5. JOHN ELDER Sails—Tuesday, 13th May
6. GALICIA „ Wednesday 21st „
7. ACONCAGUA „ Tuesday, 27th „

Nos. 5 and 7 Touch at Sandy Point, Coronel, Valparaiso. Callao.
No. 6 Touches at Sandy Point, Coronel, Valparaiso, Arica, Islay, and Callao.

PRICES OF PASSAGES FROM BUENOS AYRES.

To	1st Class,	2d Class.	3d Class
Rio Janeiro	£12	£ 6	£ 4
Bahia	20	6	10
Pernambuco	22	11	7
Lisbon	32	20	13
Bordeaux	36	20	14
Liverpool	35	20	15
Sandy Point	20	15	8
Valparaiso	40	30	15
Arico and Islay..	45	34	18
Callao	50	38	20

Children, under 12 years, half fare under 8 years quarter fare, and one child of a family under 3 years. free.
Return Tickets, available for One Year, with 25 per cent. discount.
A large reduction made to Theatrical and other Companies.
Table Wine supplied to all Passengers.
Freight on Specie at conventional rates.

For full particulars apply to the Agents—
YARROW, HETT, and CO.,
63——CALLE RECONQUISTA——63
BUENOS AYRES,
20 cj—ml

Teatro de la Opera.

COMPANIA LIRICA ITALIANA Y DE BAILE.

8ª FUNCION DE ABONO.

JUEVES 1º DE MAYO.

N O R M A.

Con BAILE.

PRECIOS

Palcos	$300
Tertulias de Balcan	70
Id Altas de Orquesta	50
Lunetas	30
Palquitos de Cazuela.....	160
Cazuela	15
Entrada de Id.....	10
Entrada General	30

cj—a27

Female Phenomenon,

ON EXHIBITION AT

99—CALLE PERU—99

THE BIGGEST WOMAN IN THE WORLD.

From 2 o'clock to 10 daily.

Admission—10 mjc.

Children half price.
cj | 176 10p a22

River Plate Telegraph Company.

Latest Telegrams

For Transmission to
BRAZIL, NORTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE.
Per Steamer "PTOLEMY," up to the 3d MAY.
Will be received at the Buenos Ayres Office.
CALLE RECONQUISTA,
63.
cj—a30

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

The Sixth Ordinary Meeting of this Society is convened for THURSDAY, MAY 1st, on which occasion Mr. Thomas Armstrong, the President, will take the chair, and important business will be transacted.

48 CALLE RECONQUISTA.—

A punctual attendance is requested.
By Order.
cj—nl

ENGLISH & FOREIGN

Books and Periodicals

MESSRS. JACOBSEN & SODERSTEDT beg to inform the public in town and camp that they supply all English and Foreign Books and Periodicals on most moderate, and for Provincial Traders and Libraries in the country also most liberal terms.
All standard and popular English and foreign works constantly kept on hand
Weekly parcels received from England and the European Continent by mail steamers
Orders punctually attended to and periodicals supplied with the utmost speed and regularity.

CATALOGUES
Gratis on Application.
Libreria Europea
178 FLORIDA 178
cj | 77 3p a10

TO BE LET, a five-roomed House, with Kitchen, &c., boarded floors, and windows to the street, in San Jose de Flores. For further particulars apply at 74 Calle Florida, Buenos Ayres. cj—277 6p ml

TO LET, a fine Suite of OFFICES, situated at No. 58 and 60 Calle Reconquista, opposite the Commercial and London Bank, Telegraph Office, &c. Apply on the Premises cj—278 5p ml

ESTANCIA, with or without Lease, in the Partido 25 de Mayo. There are houses, corrales, water, &c. Apply Sr. Dionisio, Calle Sup cha 27. cj—274 6p ml

AN ENGLISH LADY, of experience in teaching, would be glad of Lessons in Music or French. Can produce the best recommendations. Address Y. Z., at the Office of the Standard cj—271 6p ml

WANTED, a Cook and Housemaid, for an English family. Apply at the corner of Piedad and Larrea. cj—276 3p ml

OPORTO.

En barriles y embotellado, viejo, superior y de pasto de la famada bodega de Joao Eduardo dos Santos—Porto—Se encuentra en venta permanente.

48—CALLE PIEDRAS—48.
e | 272 6p 1m.

FRIDAY.

FRIDAY. for Rosario and Ports, at 10 o'clock, the Steamer PRIMER ARGENTINO.
Receives cargo and passengers
Receives cargo, passengers, and parcels.
SUNDAY, for Concordia and Argentine Ports, o'Clock, the English steamer IRIS.
Agency—Reconquista, 99 and 99½.
—cj

LETTERS.

Nugent, Barnett, Wells, Mrs. Walter, Mary Devine. | cj

☞ All ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS. under $100 mjc, must be paid CASH.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE STANDARD

DAILY, per month.....	$30
WEEKLY	20
PACKET EDITION, single copy	2
Do Do. mailed from Office, including postage (per an.)	£2
Advertisements per line per day,	$1
Do WEEKLY, one insertion,	5
Do. Permanent, at conventional rates	
"Standard" Office,, January 1st, 1869.	

The Standard.

Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere.'
CICERO.

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1873.

Special Telegrams to the "STANDARD."

CHILIAN TELEGRAM.

Valparaiso, 26th April.

Steamer Atlantic sunk off Halifax, 750 lives lost.

Fearful earthquake in San Salvador. City completely destroyed.

Five hundred citizens between dead and wounded.

Twelve millions patacones property destroyed.

PERU.

Shocking disaster at Piscobamba. City washed away by floods; 36 people drowned; 61 houses carried off.

Archbishop of Santiago dying.

OUR ANNIVERSARY.

Twelve long and pleasant years have elapsed since the STANDARD made its first appearance as a candidate for public favor and organ of the Foreign Community. The history of this journal since May 1861 is the history of the River Plate Republics, and if our career has been attended with some success the secret lies in the fact that our motto has been "the country before everything."

Whoever has lived a number of years in B. Ayres, whether his labors tend merely to the acquisition of wealth or be directly related with the advancement of the nation, knows how closely the prosperity of the Republic is bound up with the individual efforts of even the humblest sheep-farmer among us. To increase the producing power, to develop the splendid resources still unwrought, to remedy existing evils; here is the programme which every statesman, journalist and legislator endeavors to keep in view.

Although foreign residents may be said to have no representation either in Congress or the Provincial Legislature there is no country in the world where Foreign Opinion has so much influence both inside and outside the Chambers as in B. Ayres. The deference so accorded to us is no less gratifying to foreigners than beneficial to the commonwealth. The liberality of the laws, the equality enjoyed by men of every creed and color, the valuable reforms that are being daily adopted, cannot indeed blind us to the fact that the administration of justice is still very backward; but, great works of progress are generally slow, and if we compare Buenos Ayres with any other country in this Continent we can at once see how relatively advanced we are, and how insignificant is Foreign Opinion in all the sister Republics. Moreover, it must be borne in mind that if no European-born deputy sits in Argentine Chambers it is simply our own fault, because we have hitherto held aloof from politics which too long signified civil war. But, natives of every class have always been only too willing to welcome our co-operation in the making of the laws and the initiation of whatever tends to advance the country.

No wonder that this paper, which was for some years the only foreign organ, came to attain an importance that under other circumstances it could never have hoped for. Our position to-day in Buenos Ayres is not like that of 'Galignani's Messenger' in Paris, or of a French journal in London, or a German one in New York; such papers belong strictly to a small circle of readers of one nationality. The STANDARD, although the organ of the various English-speaking communities of the River Plate, belongs to Buenos Ayres, and is as intimately identified with this city as the Cabildo clock.

It has been said that half the loans and railways launched on the London Stock Exchange for the River Plate have been made by means of the STANDARD. If this be true we are happy (to use Mr. Wheelwright's words at Quilmes) to be able to make some return to Buenos Ayres for the hospitality, friendship and good-will vouchsafed to us.

And now reader, you will say we have been slow in returning thanks to the public which has so long and liberally supported us. Frankly, to tell you our sentiments we think the acknowledgment should at least be mutual. The STANDARD has loyally stood by you in every occasion: it has never made distinction whether you came from Severn, or Shannon, or Clyde, or Elbe, or Potomac. We feel an honest conviction of having done our duty up to the present, and hope on each succeeding anniversary to be able to refer you, as we now do, to the programme we drew up in May 1861, and ask you if in aught we fail to carry out our engagements?

In beginning to-day our 13th year we trust it will prove as prosperous for the country in general, and for our readers in particular, as the past dozen years which we have just alluded to.

THE BRITISH HOSPITAL MEETING.

Yesterday at the appointed hour the general annual meeting of subscribers was held at the school room of the Scotch church. We noticed present the following gentlemen.

Frank Parish H. B. M. Consul, Rev. Dr. Smith English Chaplain, Rev. J. Smith Scotch Clergyman, Messrs Naylor, Krabbe, Drysdale, Runciman, Smith, Methvin, M. Clymont, Barclay, Urban Smith, Brown, Duguid and Frazier, Muir, Crauford and others. The chair was taken by H. B. M. Consul Mr. Frank Parish, Mr. Jordan acting as Secretary.

The Chairman rose and said that he regretted the small attendance at the meeting, the more so since he considered that his illness had something to do with it, and also that the previous day fixed was found inconvenient, owing to the Rosario Railway inauguration and the sailing of the packet; furthermore, it is always a drawback to postpone a meeting. However, the attendance was ample for the despatch of business. The report is the most complete and exhaustive that has been published, and shows the working of the new rules during the past year. It might have been more gratifying to see the members of of the previous committees present to show them the working of the rules which they had initiated, but the report before us is a complete history of the hospital mangement for the year; the new rules had proved the greatest success, particularly as regards the medical department, and the zeal and assiduity of the doctors were deserving of the highest praise, and proved clearly that the present system should be continued in and carried out. As regards the financial condition of the hospital, nothing could be more satisfactory. The receipts exceed the expenditure, and this without any undue economy, on the contrary, the hospital is if anything more liberal.

As regards the tonnage fee, he was glad to say that it showed the most satisfactory returns, and he never heard the slightest complaint from any captain, nor of a sailor who applied for admittance being refused. The tonnage fees for the year gave 180,000 mjc. against 150,000 previous year. The total receipts of the Hospital for the year amounted 480,000 mjc. against 380,000 mjc. expenditure. The number of patients for the year was small, but then the year had proved very healthy. The death rate is low, and lower than any other institution—5 per cent. of number admitted. This was nothing to frighten patients away, but on the contrary a proof of the salubrity of the institution and the scientific skill of the physicians. The reserve fund had risen from 700,000 to 860,000 mjc., and as a portion of this fund was for a specific purpose, and the municipal fiat respecting yellow fever cases was well known the Committee was compelled to consider the due and proper application of these funds, and to take timely steps, so that the trust reposed in them should be to the letter carried out. Any temporary change at the present hospital would entail outlay without meeting the great difficulty in the case of a recurrence of the fever. The Committee had well weighed the question and considered that they could not better consult their own duties and the interests of the hospital than by purchasing a large and convenient piece of land which was offered them in Caballito. The investment, viewed in any light, was a safe one, and was the wisest exercise of the trust reposed. The matter would now be brought before the meeting for its vote.

To call a meeting previous to the purchase was out of the question, since property-holders are unwilling to sell on such conditions. The new premises would afford larger space for a new and better built hospital, and with a very small subscription he (the chairman) considered that the Hospital would be free. With these few observations, gentlemen, and congratulating you all on the very prosperous and independent position of the British Hospital, I shall not further occupy the time of the meeting.

Mr. Robert Barclay then rose to move the adoption of the report and accounts, and said—

As Chairman of the Committee I beg to propose the adoption of the report now in your hands. It speaks for itself, and after what the Consul has said, it is not necessary for me to add much. I would only say that your Committee have sought faithfully to fulfil the trust with which they were charged.

We have tried to forget past dissensions and to keep before us only one object, namely, the good of the Institution, and if it is to prosper the motto should be as already indicated.

"Let the dead past bury its dead,
" Act, act, in the living present
"Heart within and God over head."

We have no wish to deprecate criticism or to avoid that full scrutiny which is the life of all free institutions.

We wish also to regard those who differ from us as actuated by the same motives as we ourselves prefer to be. At the same time while we judge thus charitably of others everyone individually is bound to look well within, for we know that oftentimes prejudices and prepossessions sway our judgement more than we think.

It has been well said by one of the greatest thinkers of our age: "It is not the works which are all mortal, and the greatest no greater than the least, but the spirit in which thou workest that alone can have worth or continuance." One evil effect of undue censoriousness towards those who undertake public trusts is its influence in deterring others who would join willingly in such work. To all such I would say that while this may be so, the prompting of pure benevolence, and a sense of duty should outweigh such considerations. Cowardice is not an English characteristic, and we should allow no consideration to deter us in fulfilling those obligations which we owe to our country and to our God.

England is pre-eminently the land of self Government, and this is seen not only in her national institutions, but in the myriad of societies which everywhere exist and to which perhaps more of the greatness and glory of England are due than to anything else.

In these, whether of a philanthropic, social or a religious character, every man of intelligence and education finds his place. Nor are Englishmen living abroad beyond the sphere of such obligations. On the contrary, they are all the more bound to be faithful to the national traditions, and true to the instincts of our national life, and in maintaining the proud position which she occupies in the van of progress and civilization. England looks to them, as she does to all her sons, and "Expects that every man will do his duty"

With these remarks I beg to move the adoption of the report, reserving for a separate vote the special alteration in the new code.

Mr. Naylor felt much pleasure in seconding Mr. Barclay's motion, and as chairman of the committee of the previous year, was willing to testify how far that committee worked to meet the views of the subscribers. When the new rules were proposed they were never supposed to be perfect; on the contrary, the committee looked forward to amendments suggested by the experience of the year's trial. Mr. Naylor touched very gracefully on the very great zeal and assiduity of those gentlemen who figured in former committees, and the very successful position of the Hospital to day was much due to their labours; everything concerning the Hospital now was in admirable working order, and he trusted that the period of Hospital recriminations had passed.

The Rev. J. Smith, asked to make a few remarks. As the oldest Committee member present he could bear witness to the zeal and labours of all previous committees, and he much deprecated this constant readiness to find fault with committee men and their labours; it operated most prejudicially, and his many years hospital experience had but too well proved the truth of Mr. Barclay's very excellent remarks. He, Mr. Smith, felt it his bounden duty to bear witness not only to the labors of the committee men, but also of the untiring zeal of the chairman, who spared no efforts to further hospital interests. As for the Secretary, we all know how heart and soul he worked for the cause. Then again the Medical Board claimed especial thanks, Drs. Smith, Alston and McDonald lent their great skill and ability to the hospital, and he never recollected the hospital better in this regard than at present. Upon the whole the hospital is in a most prosperous state, and it afforded him much pleasure to testify to the labours of those gentlemen who contributed to this success

The report and accounts were then put and carried nem con.

It was then proposed by Mr. Barclay, and seconded by Mr. Krabbe, that the following alterations of the Code proposed by the Committee be adopted, viz—

I. That in Rule VIII. line 4, after the word Chairman the word Secretary be inserted.

II. That in Rule IX. the following clause be added, viz.

Besides the five members elected as above to serve on the Committee, five others may be elected as Suppletories, who may be called on by the Committee to fill vacancies or otherwise assist the Committee if requisite.

III. That in Rule X. the word Superintendent be substituted for the words Secretary and Collector; and that the words, 'and to attend the Committee meetings' be struck out.

IV. That in Rule XVII the following clause be added, viz.

Collectors shall also be entitled to a similar letter of admission for each fifty patacones collected by them in smaller sums. Carried.

Mr. Krabbe offered some well timed remarks on the name superintendent, which he thought might admit of some alteration, and be changed to secretary—as the comprehensiveness of the word superintendent might lead to the official believing that he was more than he really was, and lead to his putting on airs.

Rev. Dr. Smith asked permission to offer same remarks on the right of suffrage and the propriety of making it more liberal.

Mr. Jordan opined that the question had been previously discussed at the last meeting.

Dr. Smith thought that the spirit of liberalism, if infused into the Hospital, would be productive of the greatest good; and if he was in order, he would ask to reduce the suffrage qualification from 10 to 4 pats. This would bring among us a number of young men whose circumstances did not admit of their giving over 4 pats.

Mr. Krabbe thought that he could speak with mellowed experience of the vigour and enthusiasm of youth, and the advantage of opening the doors to young men. He in his young days had been on numerous church committees, and he was with Dr. Smith.

It was therefore proposed by Rev. Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Krabbe—

That in Rule V. 4pt. is substituted for 10$f.

Passed 'nem con.'

The Chairman said the next question for the meeting was to consider the recent purchase of property made by the committee, explaining in a very able manner the necessities which led to this purchase, and fully endorsing the wisdom of the committee in timely securing lands which were rising daily.

Mr. Krabbe thought that a special meeting for the consideration of this business should be called, as there was nothing in the notice about it.

Mr. Barclay rose, and in a very lucid and able manner explained the position of the hospital and its future wants.

Dr Alston—Thought that the present hospital was quite large enough for the patients applying. Several of the wards had never been filled, and except in cases of infectious diseases which were laid hold of by the Municipal Medical Board, there was really no difficulty whatever, but with this board and this municipality there was much trouble. He thought so because they were unaware that the Hospital had separate wards for such infectious diseases, and the British Hospital was not like the native hospitals, obliged to allow such cases into the ordinary wards of the hospital and to mix with the other patients.

Mr. John Drysdale asked if the matter could not be brought under the notice of some English member of the Municipality?

Dr. Alston said the difficulty is not with the Municipality, but with the so called medical board of the municipality that would listen to nothing as regards a hospital at Caballito; he well knew the inconveniences of attending patients out there. The road was long, and upon the whole it might be as well at least for the present to remain as we are say for a year or so.

Mr. Barclay stated that Dr. Alston's suggestions had already in committee been sufficiently discussed and that as the report had been passed the meeting had also approved of the acts therein referred to, therefore the land purchase had been fully and unanimously approved of, he (Mr. Barclay) thought that something might be done in the way of embellishing the front of the hospital.

Mr. Krabbe—Suggested bay windows and strengthening the wall; for instance, the south wall was but of one brick.

It was then proposed by Mr. Barclay, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the new code with the alterations now carried be adopted as a permanent code of rules for the Institution, and that Her Majesty's Consul be instructed to submit same for the sanction of Her Majesty's Government.

It was then proposed by Mr. Krabbe, seconded by Mr. R. McClymont—

That Mr. R. G. Runciman, Mr. George Cooper and Mr. Arthur Wyatt Smith be elected to serve on the Committee in place of the three members who now retire, and that the following be named, as suppletories—Messrs. Francis Younger, Thomas Drake Peter, Ronald Bridgett, and John Zimmermann. (Carried unanimously).

Rev. Dr. Smith felt that he was called upon to testify to the great services of Drs. Alston and McDonald, and moved a special vote of thanks to them for same.

Mr. Krabbe asked leave to include in the vote the names of the Rev. Dr. Smith and the Rev. J. Smith.

Rev. J. Smith, in very eloquent terms, spoke to the services of these physicians.

Passed unanimously.

Mr. Krabbe moved a vote of thanks to the committee and especially to the Secretary who had so ably distinguished himself in drawing up positively the best Hospital report he had ever read, not for £100, nor £200, he doubted if even at all, he would have written out this luminous report.

Mr. R. McClymont seconded the motion.

Passed nem. con.

The Chairman now rose, and in delicate and polished terms adverted to his retirement from Buenos Ayres, and the possibility of his never meeting his Hospital friends again. He spoke back of the early history of the institution—of the first start in 1863—of all his friends who had helped him, and who, with the exception of one or two, were absent. He yielded his post with undisguised regret, and claimed at least the privilege of enrolling his name as a subscriber on the books of the institution.

The Rev. J. Smith came forward and in a feeling and most impressive way spoke to Mr. Parish's long services, he, Mr. Smith, was chairman of the hospital committee before Mr. Parish came to the country and consequently the best of all qualified to speak to his long and valued services, services which claimed an especial vote of thanks from the friends of the Hospital and the whole British community (great applause).

Proposed by Mr. Krabbe; seconded by the Rev. Dr. Smith:—

"That Mr. Parish vacate the chair."

Mr. Barclay having taken his place, a vote of thanks to Mr. Parish for his conduct in the chair was carried with applause.

The meeting then separated.

DESTRUCTION OF SAN SALVADOR.

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE.

The telegraph wires from Valparaiso have just flashed across the Andes the melancholy intelligence of the destruction of San Salvador. April seems an unlucky month for this ancient Central American state, for it was in April 1854, and almost 19 years to a day, since the same city was destroyed by an earthquake which buried houses and citizens, and churches and Government House in one vast pile of ruin. We hold no further details of the present dire catastrophe than those given in our telegram; but as it it must, doubtless, interest many of our readers to know something of a land the scene of such misfortune, we give the following particulars which we get from the books. San Salvador may be termed a hot water sulphureous republic a portion of which is from one end of the year to the other enveloped in smoke. There are springs near some of the country towns that always emit a dense white steam, and near the frontiers of Guatemala there is ever such a steaming, smoking and firing up going on that people who have read Bulwer's "Coming Race" must believe San Salvador is the entrance to the Guy World.

The City of San Salvador is a new town on a very ancient site, and some terrific height over the sea level. Europeans who have visited it represent it as beating Carracas hollow in the sublime and picturesque. From the windows of one of the principal hotels one can look almost into the other world, such is the frightful expanse beneath. The great peak of Tijuca can in nothing compare to San Salvador. Yet the people are friendly, hospitable, and as jolly as Greeks. A little below the city there is a sort of natural kitchen chimney: what goes on below, no man in or out of Salvador ever yet could tell; but some South American Pliny placed his ear on the top of the chimney and testified that the noise below resembled the hissing from a great frying-pan.

In this delightful Republic, which is ever teeming with the most extraordinary vegetation, there is a spot surrounded by no less than sixteen volcanoes, where, at certain intervals, cataracts of hot water break from the mountain sides and scald the whole country round. Eggs are frequently boiled hard in the little streams that fertilize the valleys.

Night time in Salvador is the busiest period, for then all the volcanoes are hard at work, and the lurid light from these belching mountains completely extinguishes the moon. Indigo is the great export, and pays for everything.

The principal ports are La Union, on the bay of Fonseca, La Libertad, and Acajutla. The last two however are unprotected, and derive their importance from their proximity to the cities of San Salvador and Sonsonate. Along the coast there is a belt of low, rich, alluvial land, varying in width from 10 to 20 m.; beyond which, and presenting an abrupt face seaward, rises a broad plateau or coast range with an average elevation of about 2,000 feet. Between this range and the great chain of the Cordilleras, which bounds the Republic on the N., lies a broad fertile valley from 20 to 30 m. wide and more than 100 m. long, drained by the river Lempa. A considerable basin is also formed by a system of small rivers which rise in the western part of the Republic, at the foot of the volcano of Santa Ana, and fall into the sea near the port of Acajutla; and another and still larger basin is that of the Rio San Miguel in the E., separated only by detached mountains from the bay of Fonseca. The Rio Paza or Pazaca, forming the boundary between the Republic and Guatamela, and the Rio San Miguel, are the only remaining streams of importance. San Salvador has two considerable lakes, one in the N.W. part of the state called Guija, and another very nearly in its centre, named Ilopango or Cojutepeque. The former is about 90 m. in circumference, and abounds in fish, the traffic in which is a source of considerable profit to the people on its shores. According to tradition, the lake was formed by an eruption of the neighboring volcanoes of San Diego and Masatepeque. On one of the islands of this lake are the remains of an ancient aboriginal town, called Zacapula. Lake Ilopango contains a species of small fish called 'mojarras', highly prized by the people of the city of San Salvador.

San Salvador is essentially an agricultural state. The basin of the river San Miguel, that of Sonsonate, and the valley proper of the Lempa, as also the alluvions bordering on the Pacific, are of extraordinary fertility. Around the bay of Jiquilisco and the port of La Libertad cotton has been cultivated with success; but up to this time the principal products of the state have been, in the order of their importance, indigo, sugar and maize. Indigo is produced from an indigenous triennial plant, known by the Indian name of 'jiquilite.' [See Jiquilite]. The amount of Indigo produced in the Republic ranges from 8,000 to 13,000 cerroons, of 150 lbs. each, annually. The amount exported in 1858 was 10,903 cerroons, and in 1859 11,957 cerroons, valued at $1,762,030. The sugar of San Salvador is of fine quality, with remarkably large and hard crystals, from an indigenous variety of cane, but it is chiefly used for home consumption. The exportation for 1859 was 3,702,800.

The climate of San Salvador is generally salubrious, although its temperature, owing to its less average elevation, is probably higher than that of Guatemala, Honduras, and Costa Rica. The heat is never oppressive except at a few points near the coast. The seasons are well defined, the wet season commencing in May and terminating in November. During the rest of the year the sky is cloudless and serene, the amount of rain fall being less than in any of the adjacent states. Of the total population of San Salvador, probably one fifth are whites, or have a preponderance of white blood; one third are pure Indians, and the remainder 'ladinos' or persons of mixed white and Indian blood. The number of negroes and mulattoes is insignificant. The Costa del Balsimo is entirely inhabited by Indians, who also greatly preponderate in the district of Izalco, and in the department of La Paz, between the volcano of San Vicente and the sea. These are all of the Nahuatl or Aztec stock, and were known to the conquerors as Pipils. They retain the Nahuatl language, very slightly modified from that which was spoken on the plains of Anahuac. On the Balsam coast they preserve their primitive habits and modes of life, in great part their ancient forms of government, and also some of their heathen rites, though they profess to be Roman Catholics. Under the constitution of the state they are entitled to equal political rights with the other inhabitants; but on the occasion of every general election they depute one of their old men to visit the capital, and inquire of the actual government for whom to cast their votes. The trade of San Salvador is chiefly carried on by means of fairs established by the government in convenient parts of the state. The principal are held at Chalatenango, San Vicente, and San Miguel. The last named is the most important. It continues about two weeks, and attracts buyers from nearly every port on the Pacific coast, as well as from England, Germany, France, Italy, and the United States. Almost the only product given in exchange for foreign merchandise is indigo.

The early chroniclers describe the country as one of the best peopled in all America, with large towns well built, and in all respects equal to those of Mexico. It was reduced, after much hard fighting, by Pedro de Alvarado, the lieutenant of Cortes, in 1524, and in 1528 his brother Jorge de Alvarado laid the foundation of the city of San Salvador, on the site of the Indian town of Cuscatlan. Under the Spanish crown the province was ruled by a Gobernador intendente, and was one of the most flourishing portions of what was known as the kingdom of Guatemala.

San Salvador, the capital of the Republic of the same name, situated near the S. base of the volcano of San Salvador; population about 15,000. It was founded by Jorge de Alvarado in 1528, at a place about 6 leagues N. of its present site, called Las Bermudas, and was removed to the spot it now occupies in 1539. Under the crown it was the capital of the province, and afterward of the Republic of Central America until its dissolution in 1839. In 1853 it contained about 30,000 inhabitants, a large and beautiful cathedral, 8 other churches, a university, a female seminary, several hospitals, and two considerable aqueducts for supplying the city with water. Its trade was large and increasing. On the night of April 16th, 1854, it was completely destroyed by an earthquake, and about 100 lives were lost. A new city was laid out by the government, 10 m. nearer the sea, and called Nuevo San Salvador; but so large a proportion of the inhabitants preferred to rebuild their ruined houses, that in Jan. 1855, the legislature reinstated the old city as the seat of government.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

To-day we open our Thirteenth Volume, and doff our editorial cap very respectfully and gratefully to the public and our colleagues. Everyone knows our principles—the country's good first, then lots of news, and, finally, lots of subscribers. We intend to hammer away on this 'ticket' harder than ever this year, and if anyone objects to it he will please let us know. 'Hemos dicho.'

The first news in town yesterday morning was from the 'Coast' to the STANDARD and was 'a caution' for lugubriousness. Such a harrowing tale of unutterable and unmitigated woe has never been sent through an electric wire, nor heard of since the time of Job. First and foremost it contains the awful catastrophe to the Atlantic; then a conclusive earthquake in San Salvador; then a washing out business in Peru, and finally an announcement that the venerable Archbishop of Santiago is all but off to the next world. If this 'E. T.' column prove unusually dull to-day, Gentle Readers, please attribute it to the depressing effect on our spirits of this funereal telegram. Every fellow in town will be asking to-day where San Salvador is, and whether it is inhabited by white, black, red, or yellow people. To save ourselves being bored with visitors anxious to extend their geographical knowledge we give full particulars in another column. It is 19 years since the place went to the bottom before in a similar manner, but on that memorable occasion there were only 100 persons killed; this time 500 citizens were caught in.

The auction sale of Mr. Naylor's furniture will come off to-morrow. The opportunity is a splendid one for parties anxious to secure cheaply very costly and fashionable household traps.

The weather yesterday had all the suavity of an Indian Summer, Winter flirting with Autumn, in fact, and the latter getting the best of it. Rain, mud, 'pamperos', mufflers, top coats, the shivers and red noses will soon have it all their own way, so let us enjoy to-day—if it is as fine as yesterday.

The Bonnemason liner Bourgogne entered port yesterday morning with 700 passengers, a splendid consignment. The regularity and safety of this Bonnemason line of steamers is really remarkable, and it is no wonder it has secured for itself such a preference amongst the emigrating classes of Southern Europe.

Enough of this insufferable humbug! Yesterday all our native colleagues had a stereotyped announcement about a "Ferro-Carril Suspendido," a heading affixed to a most maundering communication from the 'Beadledom' of the parish of Santa Lucia to the Municipality, complaining that the manager of the Boca Railway has not yet complied with the order of the Corporation to take up and remove the rails of that portion of the line which passes through Calle S. Antonio, etc. The pretension of the Municipality to jurisdiction over railways is the most comical piece of 'bosh' imaginable, and the sooner the Government puts an end to such a pernicious nuisance the better. What can have induced the President of that body to start such a theory it is hard to imagine. The Constitution gives the Municipality as much right to close the National Government House, the Bolsa, or Standard Court, as it does to meddle with Railways. For the sake of common sense let us have an end to this fooling. A railway is for the convenience of the Public at large; and a line once at work under its legal concession is not to be stopped even by the Government, except the interests of the Public are gravely involved. The idea of a Municipality assuming such a power is simply absurd.

We have been favoured with the photographic plan and details of the new Port and Land Reclamation scheme for Montevideo, and will publish the latter to-morrow or next day. It looks a grand affair.

We have received an amusing yet practical communication on the subject of the Dog Nuisance, which is worse than ever. The latest canine outrage is an attempt on the part of a mad mastiff to pick the shin bones of a whole family. There seems to be a silly belief amongst the public that dogs don't get mad in cold weather. That's moonshine. Cold Russia is famous for mad dogs and hydrophobia, and more of the brutes go out of their minds in winter than summer. The affection people here display for curs of every degree, not worth four pence a dozen, is truly astonishing; the more worthless they are the more bones they get, and the ungrateful brutes, in return, make no bones about eating our pantaloons. The Chief of Police should order an indiscriminate massacre of all the dogs in town, in fact offer a reward for their detunct muzzles. This is the only way to ensure the public safety.

The Saint Patrick's Society holds its usual weekly meeting to-night at No. 48 Calle Reconquista.

The latest imposition is a fellow having the appearance of a boiled beggarman, but of good address, going round town to private families, to collect funds to start a girls' school. It's himself and not a school he wants to start, and if he gets anything worth while, he is pretty certain to start for "fresh fields and pastures new."

The following reminds us of what might happen any day on the Flores Tramway—"A mule in Memphis is supposed to have a propensity for practical jokes. Being attached to a street car, he became perfectly immovable. All the men in the car got out and were pushing it with all their might, when Mr. Mule suddenly dashed off at full speed, leaving them all sprawling in the mud. They will not be so ready next time to help a distressed driver."

Has any prodigal calf seen the key of the cellar? not of the Standard cellar, for it is open to everybody (particularly when it's empty). The following funny advertizement from the agony column of the *Times* explains everything:—"Humpty Boo is implored to return to her distracted friend. All is forgotten and forgiven. Everything can be arranged provided the key of the cellar be promptly returned. Remember the Prodigal Calf."

The death of M. de Santa Coloma, Argentine Consul General in France, is announced. The lamented gentleman was the oldest representative of this country in Europe, having held his post for 30 years.

The improvements (?) in Congress Hall to accommodate the increased number of representatives have, according to a morning colleague, been carried out with the minutest regard to the inconvenience and discomfort of everyone most concerned. The new seats have been made in a kind of cock-loft, the Deputies occupying which will neither be able to see or be seen by the members on the floor. To carry out this piece of work the Diplomatic Corps and the Editorial Corps have been consigned to a corner where the only possible alternative will be for both to sit on each others laps in turn, each Minister taking the editor of his nationality on his knee, and vice versa. (We hope Mr. St. John is strong, as he will have to accommodate two editors; all the other Foreign Ministers have only one each.) As for the Strangers, Gallery, it might hold a dozen very thin people, but we doubt it, and a sneeze from one of them would certainly burst the whole concern. This is a pleasant prospect for those who will have to attend Congress this session.

There will be no Ministerial Memorias presented to the Provincial Chambers this year. It wont make much difference, we'll endeavour to get on without them till next year.

Accidents to steamers now form a regular portion of the daily intelligence in every paper. In addition to the appalling catastrophe at Halifax the bad weather in the North Atlantic has played havoc with craft of all kinds. Even in this hemisphere we have many minor casualties. The City of Rio broke down off Bahia on her last voyage here, and after seven days' helpless tossing about, was saved by the Newton and towed into Rio. The Sorata also broke her screw on her last home voyage, but bravely went on under sail. Marine engines are now in such prodigious demand that it is not wonderful it, in the hurry of manufacture, some of them have flaws.

Josh Billings speaks thus of a new agricultural implement to which the attention of farmers is invited: "John Rodgers's revolving, expanding, unceremonious, self-adjusting, self contrakting, self-greasing and self-righteous hoss rake is now for ever offered to a generous publick. These rakes are as easy to repair as hitching-posts, and will rake up a paper of pins sowed broadcast in a ten-acre field or wheat-stubble. These rakes can be used in winter for a hen-roost, or can be sawed up into firewood for the kitchen fire. No farmer of a good moral character should be without this rake, even if he had to steal one."

The report of the proceedings at the annual meeting of the British Hospital subscribers yesterday will be found in another column. It passed off well.

Lovers of music can have a treat to-night at the Opera House, the piece announced being Norma, a composition that will live for ever, and, perhaps, a day or two longer. Mesdames Marziali and Ferrer take the leading characters.

The line of steamers, No! the line of steamer (there's only one, the Patagones) between this port and Patagonia will be stopped shortly if the Government refuse to stump up a larger subvention than 2000 pats a trip, which the owners do not consider sufficient. Now how much will they take? The line must not be allowed to stop, otherwise how are we to send our prisoners down there?

It was said yesterday that another candidate for the Presidency will soon enter the field. Please don't, my dear Sir, whoever you are! Another candidate means half a dozen more wretched electioneering newspapers to support him, and the very idea is suffocating. No more candidates and no more newspapers for mercy's sake; there are too many of both already.

The demand for labourers, household servants and 'help' of every kind is again springing up so strong that the increasing immigration cannot keep pace with it. From every quarter demands for 'brazos' are pouring in on the Immigration Office.

Some of our colleagues mention news from Germany stating that the great Bismarck is ill. There's not a ghost of truth in it. The Chancellor is the healthiest man in Fatherland, and if he is 'foxing' it must be for some political purpose.

Messrs. Luders & Co., the eminent German merchants, have applied for a packet patent for the splendid new steamer Argentina, of the Hamburg line, for which they are the agents in this city.

The death of Mrs. Gonzalez de Hall is announced from Cordova. The deceased lady was young, and fell a victim to a lingering disease. Her death is greatly deplored in Cordova. This city is crowded just now with travellers 'en route' to Buenos Ayres for the parliamentary season and the May fetes. An attempt to commit suicide by an Italian has caused a painful sensation. The 'individuo' took a lot of insect poison, but it was not strong enough, and only caused him 'una irritacion espantosa' in the stomach. He wanted to 'shuffle off this mortal coil' as he could not shuffle off his wife who was the cause of the whole business, and who he refused to see at any price even when it was a most extreme case of 'touch and go' with him, and he was all but gone. Mr. Barrelier has got married to one of his pupils. The papers say he will make a first rate husband. How do they know? Some papers, really, will say any mortal thing. One of them salutes him 'with effusion'. He must get on well after that.

"The latest little joke on Cincinnati-coming, of course, from St. Louis—is that the Pork City is building a Brobdignagian sausage for the Vienna Exhibition. It will require the Great Eastern to tow it across the ocean, after it has been floated down the Mississippi to the Gulf. It is to be made in sections in a railroad tunnel, the hogs being driven in by the hundred and then subjected to hydraulic pressure."

The great and enlightened city of Buenos Ayres is not the only place on the Continent that is now plagued with too much cheap current literature. Every camp town aspiring to greatness has its advertising sheet—bless the mark! Places there are where the most useful city journals, ay, even the STANDARD itself, cannot count half-a-dozen subscribers, for the simple reason that there is not one to read them; even these out-of-the-way places must have their own organ. Foremost are Mercedes, Chivilcoy, Quilmes and Saladillo, and now we learn that muddy Lomas is to be so blessed. This is all that was wanting to do the 'headquarters of rank and beauty' up completely and entirely. It is all well enough 'to do the place justice and write it up,' but the first day that news lacks accidents will be reported on trains that never ran, and people will get drowned out 'á discretion de la plume.'

The latest polite name in New York for swindling is 'embracery.' This is the mildest term yet invented for expressing the criminal conversion of 'tuum' into 'meum,' It beats Kleptomania hollow. What next?

The salaries to be paid to the leading artistes of the Colon opera company this year are very high for any theatrical 'empresa' in this country. Madame Pozzoni, the prima donna, will receive 4000 pats. a month, the contralto 3000, tenor 3000, the basso 2500, and the baritone 2000. The 'corps de ballet' is of a kind to open the eyes of a population which has never seen Taglioni or Fanny Ellsler in La Sylphide, There are families coming to town from distant parts of the Republic for nothing else but to hear and see this company.

The Rosario papers announce a splendid 'tertulia' on Saturday last at the Phœnix Park Casino in that city. The crowd was so great that they danced in the hall. The papers give the names of the girls who wore low dresses, but say nothing of the others. Well, ladies always look better in full dress; the 'beauty unadorned' theory is rubbish. There has been another case of drowning, another elopement, a Gymnastic Society started, a benefit at the theatre, a smart robbery, some place else, and, on the whole, dear. old Rosary seems as lively as it can be.

Another suicide of a mere boy is announced from Saladillo. He was a student in Buenos Ayres some time ago, fell in love, went mad on the strength of it, and finally shot himself before he reached his 20th year. A sad warning.

We have fresh evidence that infallibility is not one of the virtues of newspaper reporters as is proven by the fact that our 'man about town' informed us yesterday that the lady of the United States Minister, General White, was in the plague striken city of Montevideo. We are happy to correct the error by stating that Mrs. White is in the United States and the General comes accompanied by his daughter. Our reporter apologises for his error by the statement that a bad cold has so effected his hearing that his eaves dorpping was not as successful as usual. If he does not improve in this respect we shall be obliged to find a substitute, as we must maintain at all hazards our reputation as veracious journalists.

The Great European Circus troupe gave their first performance on Tuesday night, and crowds went to witness their feats. We have heard that about a thousand persons, unable to effect an entrance, were forced to retire and wait for another occasion. Most of the artists of this company are first-rate, and foremost is Mlle. Rosalie, the great equestrienne. Several of them were loudly applauded; but, unfortunately, one met with a fall,—we sincerely trust it was not a severe one. We have been asked to call the attention of the directors to the pailing that encloses the arena, which being very low is not only dangerous but very disagreeable to those sitting near it, as they continually get covered with dust. It is evident that no expense has been spared by this renowned troupe to give satisfaction to the public, and we feel confident they will meet with every success. They intend giving a performance every night, two on Sundays and holidays.

A St. Paul wife, who had lived with her husband for sixteen years, recently discovered she had no "affinity" for him and eloped with a mere boy, leaving seven children behind her for the father to look after.

The Massachusetts Legislative Suffrage Committee will this week give a hearing to all opponents of female suffrage. The Boston hotels are expecting a great rush.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL AND ITS GERMAN COLONIES.

Rio Grande Do Sul and its German Colonies. By Michael G. Mulhall. London: Longman's & Co.

If the policy now being carried out by the coal-owners of this country should continue much longer, and the colliers still persist in ignoring not only the laws of political economy, but the laws of humanity, in order to indulge their vices and their idleness, it may soon become a question, both with the small capitalist and the respectable and industrious portion of the artizan classes, whether it would not be advisable to transfer their capital and labour to those countries in which they may escape the ruin to which we are being hurried. The writer of the book before us gives a lively and interesting sketch of a short tour he made last summer in one small State of that vast and rapidly-progressing territory of Brazil, which sketch is accompanied by a large amount of important statistical matter. The Emperor of Brazil is an enlightened statesman, and has been for some time steadily pursuing a policy which is tending to the rapid development of the material resources of the empire, and to the moral elevation and enlightenment of the people. Railways, roads, canals, bridges, docks, and other public works of the most useful description are being carried on. A submarine cable, connecting Brazil with Europe, is to be completed by the end of 1874. A scheme is in operation for importing 150,000 English agriculturists and artizans in batches of 10,000 yearly, and at the same time 100,000 Germans are to be located where labor is required. Some valuable and interesting matter is given respecting the imports and exports and the national revenue. At the accession of the present Emperor, in 1832, we learn that the revenue of the territory, which consists of twenty provinces, "each of which is larger than an empire or kingdom in Europe," was £1,100,000, whilst in 1871 it had rised to 9,600,000, a most convincing argument in favor of the rapid progress which has been made. The national debt is stated at 65 millions, of which the sum of nearly 16 millions is owing in London, and of this latter sum about two-thirds went to pay the expenses of the late Paraguayan war, which, as the reader is aware, broke out in 1864. The imports and exports in 1864 were respectively £16,600,000 and £20,268,000, and the half of the trading represented by these figures was done with England. Those who are acquainted with the money market are well aware that Brazilian securities are a tolerably safe speculation and no further proof can be required of the growing prosperity of the States. The population of Brazil is put down at 11,000,000, including 1,400,000 slaves and 500,000 untamed Indians. By a new emancipation law, which provides for the gradual abolition, there will be no slavery by the close of this century. This brief synopsis of the general features of Brazil, a territory which could absorb the population of this country many times repeated, is sufficient to indicate that there is plenty of room in the world for enterprise. Leaving the general and enlarged aspect of the question, and coming to the special portion of Brazilian territory of which the book speaks, we can only say that Rio Grande Do Sul seems to be a very desirable place of residence—brethren have learnt to dwell together in unity; half the population is Catholic, and half Protestant, yet the two live in harmony and intermarry without domestic discord. The climate is pleasant and suited to the European, the land rank in luxuriance, the woods abound in game, the rivers teem with fish, and gold, silver, diamonds, and other precious stones are in abundance. Nobody is poor and some amongst the immigrants have amassed considerable means.

Intending emigrants will do well to read this book before deciding upon the place to which they will go; and those who wish to read and know something about a large portion of the world fast rising into importance, and about which little at present is generally known, will also find the book worth perusal.—*Yorkshire Post and Leeds Messsager, March 11th*, 1873.

ON 'CHANGE.

April 30th; 1873.

Ounces	400
Sovs	122½
Pats	25
National Bonds	77c

To-day being the end of the month business in Bonds was animated; but very few expected that the market was so weak, the total sales for delivery were only 515,000 National Bonds.

Yet after the first sale of 2,000 at 79¾ it became evident that prices must fall; transactions were as follows:—

Cash 2,000 at 79¾
" 25,000 at 79¼
" 1,000 at 79
" 4,000 at 78¼
30th June 5,000 at 80¼.

After two o'clock a stampede ensued among sellers and prices fell rapidly to 77½, closing with a sale of 10,000 at 77, this is a decline of nearly three per cent. on yesterdays rate.

Cedulas sympathised with Bonds, though the fall was not so marked. The purchases were principally for bona fide investors, as under—

Cash,	25,000	95¼
"	2,300	95¼
"	10,000	95¼
"	92,200	95
"	11,000	94½
May 31,	20,000	95¼
"	60,000	95¼
"	10,000	95¼
Total sales,	230,200	

In the liquidation buyers freely offered 94½; nothing done. The previous transactions due to-day amount to 675,500, series A.

In consequence of this weakness in the stock markets money was in great request at 10 and even 12 per cent., with collaterals; but, as a rule private discounters are without funds, and the banks, except the Provincial Bank, refuse to discount. The applications at the Provincial Bank were numerous, but the sums asked for were individually small and the directors were liberal.

Some doubts were expressed to-day as to the benefit of continuing the Provincial Bank rate of 6 per cent., while the best signatures are in the market at 9 to 12 per cent. The objection that this establishment is not anxious to make dividends is no doubt highly honourable; but it is possible to injure commerce by a too lenient policy, thus, if large holders of produce are enabled to obtain money on exceptionally easy terms the natural course of business is obstructed, produce remains here that should be on the way to Europe, and the importer is forced to raise his prices to reimburse the fall in exchange; viewed in this light, it seems as if the mistakes of any wealthy speculators are protected on erroneous principles at the expense of legitimate commerce.

The method employed by the Bank of England of checking undue speculation by raising the rate of interest is not with a view to large dividends but is based on the knowledge that an inflated business in one branch of trade most effectually reacts on general prosperity.

Roads and Bridges Stock was sold at 95½ cash showing a decline of ¼ per cent.

Exchange on Montevideo is offered at 1 per cent., takers will only pay ¼ prem.

On France 5.15 to 5.16 is spoken of as the rate for the Bourgoyne to sail on 5th inst.; on London 48¼ to 48⅜ tendency firm, it is said that several firms are anxious to draw to invest the money here at present high rates of interest.

The dredge was delivered to-day to the committee of Boca magnates; four iron lighters will be employed in taking away the mud. A trial will be made in a few days.

Contracts to deliver capones at $55 each, between 1st July and 1st October, have been entered into. The present price is $43.

The National Government continues to pay all bills falling due, and it is stated with authority that no further remittances to London will be made until next September.

The Italian Bank to-day raised its rate in account current to 12 per cent.

Montevidean telegram—
No arrivals.
Cutter leaves to-day.
10000 Dry hides, no narrows at 88.
10000 Paysandu hides 92.
Cargo per Hendricka—
Gin at 11.
Aniseed 11½.
Spirit 32 in deposit.
Fever diminishing.
4 cases yesterday, 3 to-day, one death.
Streets crowded, offices opening.
Douda interna 65.
Extraordinaria 63½.
Consols 81.
All firm.

R. Gamble has contracted with the National Government for three years for all the old clothing of the Military, and all small pieces of cloth from the Government depots.

The Leguizamon steamer entered this port late last night, on her return from the Vermejo expedition. Mr. Julio Husso came down in her.

Letters from the Upper Provinces give fearful accounts of the harm committed by the late floods, particularly in the provinces of Santiago and Tucuman. The river at Lures had overflown its banks about two cuadras, and has brought down from the mountain piles of immense trees, and heaped one upon the other in some places 30 or 40 feet high. The state of the road from Tucuman to Catamarca is reported to be truly awful.

The opening of a new station on the Southern Railway shows the growing population along that line. Mr. Pla, a wealthy landed proprietor of the vicinity we hear, has paid to the Company the sum of 00,000 m/c towards the expenses incurred in opening this new station called Banfield. All the property about there is susceptible of a very great rise in value consequent on the opening of this new station, and many persons look forward to a new town in that locality.

The Mediterranean steamer Bourgogne entered port this morning with 700 immigrants on board. The great punctuality of these Bonnemason steamers and the splendid passenger list they bring place this line in the ranks of the best managed and best paying steamers plying with this port. Mr. Bonnemason says that in no steamer agency in any part of the world is there a greater passenger movement than in his office. The traffic is something wonderful.

The National Government has named Mr. J. M. Zuviria to the post of Government Inspector of the new National Bank, a post of much responsibility and trust. It seems, however, premature to name this officer before the opening of the bank.

The following important circular from Liverpool has been received per Galileo—

Liverpool, 2nd April.

Wool.

No description of wool has been depressed so long and so severly as that from the River Plate. It has, like all other clothing kinds, receded from the high rates current a year ago, but it has fallen more than any other description.

The following figures show its present position as compared with that of other clothing wools at various periods; we give the averages during 1858-62, and the values to-day—

	1858-62.	1868-72	To-day.
Buenos Ayres average unwashed mestizo -	9½d.	6½d.	6¾d. lb.
Port Philip average washed - - -	23½	20¾	5
Do. do. unwashed -	12¾	11¾	14
Peruvian do. washed -	13	12	14½

The main cause of the depression of R. Plate wool is the disorganisation of trade in Germany and Belgium, and until there is an improvement we cannot expect to see any material change in the article. There has, however, been more enquiry during the past week, both on the Continent and here, and buyers show a disposition to operate at present low quotations:

Liverpool—1,800 bales were offered from 25th to 28th ultimo, and 500 bales of unwashed were sold at 6d to 6¾ per lb for ordinary to average Buenos Ayres, 6d. per lb for Corrientes, 8¼d per lb for superior Magdalena, 9d per lb. for San Luis; 150 bales Montevideo, being the remainder of the Jackson clips, sad poor wool sold at 7¾d to 8¼ per lb., and a portion of the clip of the Uruguay Pastoral Association realised 9d. per lb.

We quote entire invoices of unwashed merino and mestizo wool as follows:—

Average Buenos Ayres, 6¾d per lb.; Montevideo, 8¼d. per dº.

Superior do. 7¾d. per do.; Montevideo, 10¼d. per do.

London—The auctions of Australian, which closed on the 15th ultimo, improved towards the end, and a portion of the decline was recovered. The next series will begin on the 24th instant, when a further decline of about 10 per cent. is expected; 200,000 bales will then be offered at from 26 to 31 cents, currency, duty paid, for Buenos Ayres, and 32 to 38 cents for Monte Video; the new clip was, in that market, as it is here and on the Continent, out of favour, owing (as is generally the case after high prices have ruled for a season or two) to the want of care shown in putting it up; it is in all respects inferior to the old clip, and few parcels see it to have been skirted. The carpet trade in the States continued flat; unwashed Cordova was quoted 23 to 25 cents gold, duty paid.

Antwerp.—The sales during the month amount to 4,000 bales, at about ¼d per lb under February prices. The auctions held in Havre from 11th to 14th ultimo showed little animation, and not half the quantity offered found buyers. At Bordeaux out of 1,250 bales offered on 19th ultimo, only 400 bales were sold, the fall from January being 1d on Buenos Ayres, and more than this on M.Video, which is even more dull than Buenos Ayres, owing to the depression in the combing districts on the Continent. From the United States we have letters to 22nd March reporting a very slight improvement after a long period of dulness; the old clip wool had been sold

The Provincial Land Office publishes the following list of land bills maturing in May 1873—

Miguel Corry	May	2	$6.259
Adolfo Blaye	"	4	20,250
Dionisio Guevara	"	5	12,500
Avelino Fernandez		6	23,624
Jose M. Jurado		6	20,250
Cecilio Jacobe	"		40,500
Antonio C. Cambaceres		7	23,525
Julian M. Sosa		8	15 750
Manuel Quintana	"		20,250
Alberto Trejo	"		16,761
Vicente Chas		8	40,500
Hros. de Bermudes de F.	"		27,583
Moreno y Garrara	"		20,250
Adolfo Blaye	10		20,250
Jose M. g Emilio Nuñiz	"		13,500
E. Pacheco	11		100,000
Jose Pacheco	11		100,000
Julio Pacheco	11		100,000
Emilio Cardenas	13		8,510
Adolfo Blaye	14		20,250
M. C. Morales	14		23,625
Julio Becker	14		15,883
V. Laussen	15		23,625
Juan Drysdale	15		23,625
" "	15		23,625
" "	15		23,625
" "	15		23,625
" "	15		23,625
Patricio Reid	16		27,000
Jose Macetti	17		19,269
A C Cambaceres	17		23 625
Adrian Arana	17		40,500
Juan Videla	20		23,625
Joaquin Lopez Camelo	"		5, 82
Roque Robles	"		13,500
Martin y Bellocq hos.	21		23,625
Id id	"		23,625
Id id	"		23,625
Id id	"		23,625
G. Mac Climont	"		54,000
Pedro Castro	24		12,898
Id id	"		1,673
Juan A. Grijera	"		30,376
Eujenio Grijera	"		30,276
Clemente Rom	27		27,000
Jose A. Burgos	"		18,000
Serapio Rosas	29		6,750
Amaro C. Rios	"		28,625
Pedro Balerga y Ca.	31		7,875

B. Ayres, Abril 14 de 1873.

IGNACIO FREYRE,
Oficial mayor.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

SOUTH PLAZA.

April 30.

General sales and prices obtained:—

Wool.

8755 ar in several lots, according to class and condition $48 up to 71.

Borregas 46 to 62.

Dry hides.

Campo, small lots, 197 to 202 pesada.

Sheepskins.

180 doz with wool 240 doz.

Campo 70 to 120.

Lambs 12.

Horse hides.

Very good ones 57 to 60.

Horse Hair.

Small lots, good mezcla, 180 to 196 ar.

Nutria.

In deposit 1,200 lb. 36 lb. Guedez.

Grease and Tallow.

100 bord. shipp. condition 15½ rls. fts.

Camp cond. 46.

Cereals—

Wheat.

According to class 133 to 205.

Maize.

According to class 49 to 56.

Barley.

According to class 36 to 45.

Flour.

According to class 35 to 36 ar.

NORTH PLAZA.

April 30, 1873.

In the Once to-day one buyer caused a stir in the wool business, by buying up mostly all offered at the Station.

We have remarked this buyer particularly sharp in his calculations, an instance of which we will mention. Some months ago, when wools were at their highest, he offered to day's prices, and of course bought scarcely any, not being able to come near the prices paid at that time, but now we see him pulling up doubly, having his pick of the wool offered at low prices.

Sales—

Wool.

2000 arr., a very fine lot, good condition, 69.
3000 do in three small good lots, 66-66
2000 fair class and condition, 59-65
1030 very inferior, 55
2000 ar lambs wool, with burr, 45-54.

Sheepskins.

Some large sales of camp skins effected.
600 doz, several lots, camp, half wool, 75-95
270 do do campo pelados, various lots, 30 to 40
100 do lambskins, long and desecho, 35 to 55
200 do medium 20 to 27
300 do, very young, 10 to 13.

Cow Hides.

A good many arrivals, and a facility in disposing of same.
300 hides, a very superior lot, 195
600 do do, good, 191
1300 different lots, 196-189

Horschides.

120, very good lot. 68
300 in several lots, 47 to 57.

Hair.

A fall of close on $10 in prices.
270 ar good mezcla, 164 to 174.

Grease.

Active demand continues, and the usual high prices paid.
140 bords. shipping condition, 45½
30 do camp, 42½ to 44¼
44 do potro oil, 44
400 ar in panzas, various, 42
50 small casks sebo pisado 32, 34.

Wheat.

Dulness noticed and few sales. No change in prices.
200 fan. several classes, 140 to 215

Maiz.

Market pretty dull, caused by over stock.
400 do several qualities 34 to 40.

Barley.

250 fan. several lots 22 to 41.

Zapallos.

80 zapallos, very good, 3 each.

Mr. Richard Allen's wool, from Chascomus, has arrived in this plaza—17 carts good wool, not exposed for sale as yet; we hear it is to be sent into deposit.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

Reduced to 0° Cels

BUENOS AYR

		Bar.		Therm
April 29	at 8 p.m....	759.85	..	17° 2 Cels
" 30	8 a.m....	760.22	..	16° 6
"	2 p.m....	759.03	..	22° 2

BIRTH.

On the 29th inst., at Buenos Ayres, Mrs Lersner-Dufour of a daughter.

Dupuy's Brandy.

Real Estate and Dupuy's Brandy are the two most saleable articles in this market to-day.

BARON y BRIET, the Agents, hold now both camp and town. There's no other Brandy drunk in cafe, casino, hotel, or camp pulperia; and such is the demand from the camp, that at the Plaza Once immense piles of boxes are ranged along the deposits waiting for waggons.

BARRAN y BRIET,
Sole Agents,
No. 115 Cuyo.

THE TIGRE TO ROSARIO.

Reduction of Prices.

TRAIN GRATIS.

The fine, fast, new and commodious Steamer, SAN CRISTOBAL, leaves the Tigre for Rosario and intermediate Ports every WEDNESDAY and SUNDAY on the arrival of the 10 a.m. Train (Central Station) calling at

Campana, Zarate, San Pedro, Hermanas & San Nicolas.

This new Packet Steamer offers rare advantages to Families or Single Ladies desirous of making the trip, having magnificent state rooms and double berths.

TARIFF

(Including train Fare.)

	Cabin.		Steerage.
Campaña and Zarate..	4	..	2
San Pedro.....	8	..	4
Obligado & Hermanas	10	..	5
San Nicolas.....	10	..	5
Rosario.....	12	..	6

For freight, charges, &c., apply to the Agents,
RUBIO & FOLEY,
Cangllo, 140
j..16 xp19

EL MEJOR DE TODOS LOS COGNACS ES EL DE Otard, Dupuis y Cia.

PRIMER PREMIO,
á la Exposicion de Cordoba,
MEDALLA DE PLATA,

Unicos Agentes,
BARRAN y BRIET,
115—Cuyo—115 24

Mutual Gas Company.

TENDERS FOR LIGHTERAGE.

Wanted, TENDER for the Lighterage, Cartage, and Unloading of 4,000 to 5,000 Tons of Goods, principally Cast Iron Pipes, from the Inner and Outer Roads, to the Fabric situated in Calle Defensa.

TENDERS

Can be sent in up to the 20th MAY.

For further particulars apply to C. H. SMITH
Florida 16. cj—262 7p a30

ENGLISH Millinery Establishment.

Mrs. McDOUGALL

Begs to advise her numerous Friends and Customers, that she has just received a Large and Fashionable Assortment of

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.,

Direct from
PARIS & LONDON,
And respectfully solicits the favor of an inspection.

71—CALLE BOLIVAR—71
cj—268 1m a30

Gt. Southern Railway.

OPENING OF A PASSENGER STATION AT

BANFIELD.

(Between Lanus and Lomas de Zamora.)

On and from Sunday next the 4th instant, al. Local Trains will stop at the above Station when required.

B Ayres 29th April 1873.

THE ADMINISTRATION.
c | 270 1m a30

Northern Railway.

NOTICE.

The First Train and the Last Train, to and from Belgrano, will be discontinued on and after the 1st of May.

HENRY ORABTREE.
April 29, 1873. cj—263 8p a30

CUIDADO CON EL ENGAÑO

AL PEDIR
HESPERIDINA
EXIGIR QUE CADA
ROTULO ETIQUETA
CORCHO Y CAPSULA
DE LA BOTELLA
LLEVE LA FIRMA DE
M. G. Bailey

New Lumber Yard.

Rivadavia 1029, & Piedad 882

1st CLASS ROOFING SLATES.

CHERRYWOOD, WALNUT, MAHOGANY, | CEDAR, OAK, ASH.

ALEXANDER MILLER & CO.

NOTE—TO ARRIVE.

English Flagstones and Encaustic Flooring Tiles.
cj—256 6p a29

Lost, Strayed, or Stolen,

from Mr. Thos. Dillon's Estancia, Las Toreas, Partido Chacabuco, on the 20th March last, EIGHT fine tame HORSES.

Any person returning same, or giving such information as may lead to their recovery, will be handsomely rewarded, cj—264 6p a30

Removal.

HENRY N. HART

HAS REMOVED his OFFICE to

107 San Martin

(Formerly Hotel Louvre)
cj—269 3p a30

THE MAGNIFICENT PHOTO. ENGRAVING OF

St. James Palace.

Reception Day,

ON SALE AT

DAWS AND CO.

107—PIEDAD—107.
—cj

NEW GOODS AT THE New English Drapery AND Clothing Establishment.

179—CALLE POTOSI—179
(*Between Calles Peru and Chacabuco.*)

THIS WEEK

We will show our First Importation of New Winter Goods.

WATSON & MacCALLUM,
Importers & Retailers of
DRAPERY AND CLOTHING,
179—POTOSI—179
cj—a20

AL COMERCIO.

DESEANDO cesar, en el 30 del corriente por fallecimiento de nuestro socio Dn. Federico Berro la Sociedad Comercial existente en esta Plaza bajo la razon social de Berro, Braga & Co., se previene al Comercio que dicha casa continuará sus operaciones, desde 1º de Mayo, en adelante bajo la nueva firma de

BRAGA & CO.

La nueva casa, queda encargada de la liquidacion de nuestra firma con los poderes necesarios al efecto.

Buenos Aires, 26 Abril, 1873.

BERRO, BRAGA, & CO.
cj—254 10p a29

NATIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY;

The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society will meet in Session on THURSDAY, MAY 1st, at ONE, P.M.

DANIEL C. KELLY, Secretary.
cj—250 3p a29

Schoolmasters.

Wanted 3 English resident schoolmasters, sober and competent men (must bring recommendations as such). Requirements able to teach English and Spanish, Arithmetic, Geography and History (must either have diplomas or pass an examination at the Academy).

Applicants are requested to call on the 28th inst from 6 to 7 o'clock in the evening.

BRITISH ACADEMY,
149 — Calle Bolivar — 149.
cj | 11212p 15a.

American Walnut Furniture.

NOW OPENING,

SETS OF DINING-ROOM, CHAMBER AND OF PARLOR FURNITURE,

Of choice Designs, and low in Price.

ALSO

TOBACCO CUTTERS, MEAT CUTTERS,

KEROSENE STOVES, REFRIGERATORS PLATED FORKS, SPOONS,

And a General Assortment of SPECIALITIES OF AMERICAN GOODS Of Household use.

A First Lot of the pure, fine flavored ENGLISH BREAKAAST TEA. For Sale,

In Tin Linen Chests of 5lbs. each.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO.,
(Formerly Bate and Livingston),
76 — San Martin — 76
In front of Argentine Bank.
cj—a22

RIBBON STAMPS.

French Stamps of all kinds.

Engraving of all kinds.

BAILEY, WILE, & CO.,
76—San Martin—76
In front of Argentine Bank.
cj—154 xp m9

TO SMOKERS.

Just Received.

A further supply

Of the highly-appreciated Tobacco,

"The Richmond Smoking Mixture."

Fragrant Havanna Cigars.

VIRGINIA CAKE TOBACCO, of the famous mark,
"THE KNIGHT OF THE RED CROSS"

COPE'S FINE CIGARETOS, Peerless and Boquet Brands.

The Cheapest
Virginia Cake Tobacco
In Buenos Ayres,
Mark,
"GRAPE JUICE."

JEWEL TWIST TOBACCO, In Silver Foil.

GERMAN AND BAHIA CIGARS. 20 different Brandes, Each unsurpassed in South America.

CHOICE MANILLA CHEROOTS.

BEAR'S VIRGINIA BIRDS EYE, Unequalled as Cigarette Tobacco, In 2 and 4 ounce Baskets.

Booth & Stevens

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
193½—CALLE FLORIDA—193½
cj—m11

TEA! TEA! TEA!

$20. 20, 20.

In Packets of One Pound.

A TRIAL ONLY REQUISITE.

ENGLISH BAZAAR
61—Calle Florida—61
cj—7 xp f11g

SAMUEL BOOTH HAS REMOVED

His Photographic Warehouse to larger Premises, at

No. 64 CALLE PIEDAD.

Wanted, some good operators for City and Provinces.

Apply at the Photographic Deposit, 64 Calle Piedad. cj—

PERSONS BUILDING.

FAMILIES desirous of having proper doors in their houses should not fail to pay Mr. Pedro Ebbeke an early call. They are beautifully wrought, and will be disposed of cheap.

Calle Peru No. 80.
1 218 9p a26

ROSARIO.

TO BE LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, or Sold, if required, a fine FAMILY RESIDENCE, beautifully situated on the banks of the River Parana, within easy distance from the Town, and close to the Central Argentine Railway Station.

Apply to JOHN THOMPSON and CO., Calle Bajada, Rosario; or at the Standard Office, Buenos Ayres. cj—248 xp a29

FURNISHED HOUSE.

A FAMILY, leaving for Europe, wish to Let their House Furnished. Its position is central and airy. Two Tramways. Terms moderate.

Address No. 14 Plaza Lores, altos.
cj—251 6p a29

FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET, nice Furnished Rooms, in Calle de Maypu, No. 61. Balconies to the street.

Apply on the premises.
d 209 9p a24

TO BE LET AT CABALLITO.

To let, at Caballito, two squares from the College, towards Flores, a Dwelling-house, with five large rooms, patio, kitchen, garden, &c.

Apply at the Tienda next door or to Mr. Watel, No. 70, Calle de Potosi.
cj—244 6p a29

STEGMAN'S QUINTA, FLORES.

TO LET, from the end of MAY.

Apply at 13 Calle Chacabuco.
cj—137 3p a27

SE ALQUILA la casa calle Venezuela No 38 tiene 9 piezas adjuntas etc con accion a 9 piezas mas en altos con entrada independiente, que se pueden adjuntar juntas o se parada.

Para tratar en frente calle Defensa No. 233 de 9 a 11 de la mañana o de 4 a 5 de la tarde.
c | 265 5p a30

REQUIRED.

WANTED, a STEWARD, for the British Hospital. To a competent Person, good wages will be paid,

Apply with references, to Mr. Macindoe, at the Hospital, Calle Bolivar. cj—241 6p a27

WANTED, at 339 Calle Piedad, two Women Servants. One to mind a child and the other as House maid. cj—213 8p a25

WANTED a servant or general house work in a small family of two persons. Good wages will be paid.

Apply at Calle Santa Fe, No. 239 between Montevideo and Garantias.
c | 266 3p 30a.

WANTED a Clerk one who

SAVINGS BANK

BANK MAUA AND CO.

101--Calle Cangallo--103

BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current is now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. of this city, following the laudable example of their firm in Montevideo, has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo for the same facilities in this city, and has from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare;

The Bank of Mauá & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM

CONDITIONS.

First--The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Mauá & Co.

A. M. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

32

CELEBRATED SHEEP-DIP.

LICOR DERMATOSICO.

Prepared by

TORRE and BARTON, Druggists

DEFENSA, 65,67, and 69.

Guaranteed

Infallible for the Cure of Scab in Sheep.

After long and innumbrable trials, we have succeeded in preparing the above Sheep-dip, by the use of which we guarantee the thorough eradication of Scab in Sheep.

Besides cheapness and easy application, it has the great advantage over all other similar preparations of being

COMPLETELY SOLUBLE IN WATER,

a circumstance which admits of our liquid penetrating to the very surface of the skin, without spotting the wool or making it adhere.

AGENTS.

O'GORMAN & DANSEY, Guardia del Monte.
TORROBA HERMANOS,
Lujan, Mercedes, and Chivilcoy.
AULD& PETTIGREW, Chascomus.
J. BARTON, Olivera.
R. DEWEY, Cañuelas.
W. BARRY, Buenos Ayres.
FLORENTINO BLANCO é HIJOS, 11 de Setiembre.

d—143 xp s17 33

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

NEW ARTICLES RECEIVED.

No one was blind so much who would not see!
Not one so blind,
Thus rumor spreading over, says to thee
That not to see
'Tis not always blind to be,
And all that's new
Say, before or after tea,
Is kindly asked to come and see.

Ladjes: Silk Gro,' variety of colors,
Reps Do. do.
Gentlemen's White and Colored Shirts,
Tweed Suits,
Childreus' Patent Leather Boots,
Boys' Hats and Cloth Capes.

Per COLINA

Ladies' Stays,
Floor Carpetting, different classes,
White Calico, "La Fuente." special quality.
Boys' Sailor Suits, and other patterns, for the winter,
Black Cloth Jackets,
Gosnell's Cologne Wtater,
Florida "
Indian Matting, 4|4, 5|4, 6|4 width, all colors,
Special quality.
Children's and Infants' Under Clothing,
Bird's Eye Diaper Pinafores, Brown Holland do.

CARPETS.

Reps for Window and Door Curtains, Brussels Sofa Carpets, beautiful design.

A beautiful assortment of Silk and Wool Cutting Articles for Ladies, viz.—Jacquettes, Tunicas, Kindermantel, Coiffeurs. Rasulike, Bedunies, Kragen, Muffeu, Casquettes, Bournous, Schawlcoiffeurs, Camt-Kinderschinte, Gauts, Collars, Cravats, Tucher, Jupons.

15—DEFENSA—15

Adolfo L. Arriola.

cj—387 1m o1

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY IN HAMBURG.

CAPITAL, 1,000,000 PRUSSIAN THALERS.

Insures all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, at a Moderate Premium.

All Losses Adjusted by the Undersigned, General Agents for the River Plate,

MANTELS & PFEIFFER,

Calle Chacabuco, Nos. 19 and 21.

d 138xp

ARGENTINE HOTEL

Calle 25 de Mayo, No. 1.

PUBLIC BATHS IN THE HOTEL.

Wines of all kinds.

Monthly Pension,	700$ m|c
Dinner,	25 "
Breakfast,	20

Out-door Orders taken. Hot Suppers at any hour of the night. Banquets supplied.

h..289 xp m16

FEDERICO REEPEN AND CIA

WOOL AND PRODUCE BROKERS.

673—CALLE CANGALLO—673

cj—36 xp s6 73

FLORENCIO DONOVAN,

Wool and General Broker,

Broker,

CALLE CUYO,

In Front of the Telegraph Office,

Plaza Once

La Popular Argentina

Society Authorised by Decrees of the Provincial Government, of the 30th July, 1869, and 28th August, 1870.

ADMINISTRATIVE CAPITAL, $500,000.

Administrator-General—Dn PEDRO S. LAMAS

Government Delegate—Dn. H. MEDRANO

Secretary—NICANOR FERNANDEZ.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Dn. Jaime Llavallol, | Dn. Cruz Benavidez,
" A. Maveroff, | " E. Dairaux,
" C. Santa Maria, | " Carlos Pecher.
Dr. Decio Nulle,

Consulting Lawyer—Dr Dn Vicente Fidel Lopez

Valuators—Srs. Rodriguez Larazabal and Co.

Inspector-General—Dn. Oscar Levy.

BONDS and VOUCHERS deposited in the Provincial Government Treasury.

BANKING OFFICES.
213½—CALLE PIEDAD—213½
Buenos Ayres.

OPERATIONS.

Deposits of $1.100 and upwards received at the following rates:

Six Months ..... 9 per an.
Nine " ..... 10 "
Twelve " ..... 11 "

Payable Quarterly. The Receipts will bear the signature of the Government Delegate, in proof of Mortgaged Deeds having been placed in the Government Treasury as a Special Guarantee, besides the Company's Capital.

The Branch Offices will pay one per cent. less in every instance.

Deposits of five years will receive, besides the Interest and original Capital, whatever dividend may be coming to the Seccion, and which even doubles the sum originally invested.

Annual, half-yearly, and quarterly deposits of from ten patacons upwards, receive at the end of five years the original amount, plus the Interest, plus the Dividends.

SAVINGS BANK.

Tickets, to the value of Two to Ten Patacons, with rights to Premiums four times a-year—

MARCH——JUNE——SEPTEMBER——DECEMBER.

The holder is entitled to these four advantages—

1st. The charge of acquiring a small fortune without risk of Capital.

2d. To withdraw your whole Capital at the end of five years even should you not hove been fortunate at the drawings.

3d. To exchange at any moment for Shares of the Seccion de Beneficios Mutuos of the same Company, receiving a quarterly interest, at the rate of 4 to 10 per cent. per an.

4th. The power to receive an advance of 50 per cent. on the value of the Shares.

The next Drawing is on—

June 30, 1873.

Paid in Accounts Current, 7 per cent.

Branches in Brazil, Banda Oriental, the Province of Buenos Ayres, and all the Interior.

Head Offices:
213½—CALLE PIEDAD—213½

OFFICE HOURS:
Week Days..... 10 to 4 p.m.
Sundays..... 11 to 1 p.m.

cj—m6

List of Letters

LYING AT 48 RECONQUISTA

Allen Ellen,
Austin Thomas,
Auchinleck Daniel,
Byrne Mary, (widow)
Brown Bridget,
Brown Ignacio, 2
Burke Joseph,
Brady Anne,
Butler Annie,
Burns Richard,
Ballesty Patrick,
Brennan Thomas,
Bolton Patrick,
Belson Mary,
Burke Eliza,
Conlan Patrick,
Conroy Maryanne,
Cox Mrs. C, 2
Callagan Edward,
Carney Mary,
Clayton Mrs.,
Cruncan Francis,
Cormack Eliza,
Cronegan Francis,
Coffee Laurence 2,
Carroll Mary,
Carrigg Patk,
Casey Mrs,
Connolly Wm,
Cormack Mary,
Coyne P.,
Carrell Catherine,
Clavin Joseph,
Dunn John, Lujan
Dalton Elizabeth,
Donlan Michael,
Dogherty Mary,
Greenway J. W.,
Glynn May,
Garrahan Margaret,
Gahan Mrs. C.,
Griffin Mary A.,
Geoghegan Michael, Lobos,
Hogan Bridget,
Heavey Catherine,
Hoo or Thomas F, 2,
Heavey Margaret,
Henderson Henry,
Hall James,
Harrold Mary,
Jeffers Catherine,
Kilcunate Peter,
Ken James,
Kennedy Bridget,
Kenny May,
Kenny Catherine,
Kent James or John,
Korr James, Mercedes,
Kelly P, Carmen Areco
Kelly Cath., Quilmes,
Kelly Andrew,
Killeen Ellen,
Kinsell Michael,
Kinsella Michael,
Kelly Michael,
Keegan Hugh or John,
Lynn Bridget,
Sennett Mrs Marcella,
Ledwith P, Carmen de Areco,
Lestrange Margaret,
Larkin Margaret,
Loorani Miguel, Carmen de Areco,
O'Brien Bernard,
O'Connell Mary,
O'Connor Patrick, Mercedes, 2
O'Brien Catherine,
O'Keefe Catherine,
Purcell John J,
Pigeon Thomas,
Quinn James,
Quinn James, Mercedes
Rafferty Kate,
Rourke Mary,
Rahilly Denis, 2, Carmen de Areco,
Reynolds Elfza,
Rafferty Wm.,
Scully P, Capilla
Simpson James,
Scott B, Mercedes,
Sheehy James,
Shannon Mrs,
Stone Mrs J,
Smyth Kate,
Donlon Thomas,
Donlon Mary,
Dinnegan P,
Dillon M,
Daly J.
Doolin James,
Drew James 2, Fortin de Ateco,
Dinnegan Anne,
Doolin Catherine,
Dohaney Michael 3, Magdalena,
Dalton Mrs M,
Duffy John,
Daly Peter,
Dowd Michael,
Dillon John,
Dillon Mrs. B.,
Evers Margaret,
Egan P, Carmen Areco
Edwards G,
Farrell James 2,
Finnorty Issy,
Freyne Thomas, Mercedes, Oriental,
Feighan Marp,
Farrelly Mary,
Fay, Elizabeth S,
Griffin Mary S, 2
Graham Mrs M,
Gibbon John,
Gaynor Thomas 2.
Gizlon Mary,
Gaynor Jas., Capilla,
Gibbs Captain, on board Lanoy,
Gannon Michael,
M'Maguire Mrs. R.,
M'Guinness James,
Murray Kate,
M'Grath Anne,
Murray Ellen,
M'Dermott M., Carmen Areco,
Mulligan Michael,
M'Donnell Michael,
M'Guire Anne,
Moran Margaret 2,
Meehan Patrick,
M'Gann W., N. Railw
Maxwell L,
M'Loughlin J,
Mangan M,
M'Loughlin M,
M'Loughlin P,
M'Donnell Margaret,
Murray Henry,
Molloy Mary, 2
M'Dermott Mrs. Joseph
M'Ginn J H,
Manin Ellen,
Moran Kate,
Murtagh J, Carmen de Areco,
Murphy R S., Carmen de Areco,
Kelly Anne,
Naughten John,
Naughten J., Mer'o,
Nicholson James,
Cooney Michael,
Nolan W, Mercedes,
Nee Danie',
Nolan Thomas,
Nicholson Thomas,
Sheehy M, Carmen de Areco,
Seery Thomas,
Tipping Elen.,
Tracey A,
Tyrrell Kate,
Tobin E, 2
Tormey Kate,
Tormey L,
Toner M,
Ward M, Carmen de Areco
Ward Catherine 2,
Ward Julia,
Ward Anne,
Whitcomb A,
Walsh Anne,
Walsh M,
Wallace E, 2
Walker J, 3
Wheeler Mrs E, 2
Young, Laurence

cj—m16

JAMES WADHAM, SENR., AND CO. IRON MERCHANTS

Supply Pig Iron, Steel, and Iron Rails, Ship and Boiler Plates, also Marine, Buckled Plates for Fireproof Flooring, Bridges, &c.

Merchant Iron, Bridgeworth Machinery and Tools, &c.

Offices—88 NORTHGATE, DARLINGTON, ENGLAND.

Correspondence conducted in French and German. cj—j

Deposits, Stores, &c. &c.

TO RENT,

A large central

BAJO HOUSE,

Suitable for Stores, Deposits, or otherwise.

It measures 23x70 yards, is in one of the leading streets, and surrounded by Shops, Theatres, &c.

For terms apply at this OFFICE.

cj—5 6p a2

La Popular Argentina

Drawing on 31st March, 1873

First Prize, 1500 Pats.
No. 25,047.

Ten Prizes of 50 Pats. each.

4786 9547 9822 13166 17398 17464 18977 19167 25083 26133

Twenty-five Prizes of 20 Pats. each.

1076 1805 2521 2618 3509 4621 6043
9069 9104 11398 12940 13731 17233
18940 19501 23215 23892 25535 26186
28375 28926 30204 30850 31275 32086

350 Prizes of 10 Pats. each.

1
1169 1305 1310 1425
1471 1900 1930 1986
2
2069 2259 2280 2355
2565 2573 2659 2704
2751 2754 2847 2857
2973 ....
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3079 3145 3150 3266
3511 3549 3560 3622
3630 3690 3713 3875
3936 3985 ....
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4050 4237 4327 4416
4444 4578 4756 4757
4785 4936 6974 ....
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5031 5052 5060 5085
5216 5439 5449 5472
5703 5709 5853 5857
5902 ....
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6279 6313 6138 6470
6513 6513 6910 ....
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7579 7579 7609 7713
7714 7824 7872 7917
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8846 8848 8860 8894
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9495 9548 9844 9862
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10372 10411 10432 19665
10670 10813 10832 ....
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11776 11858 11914 11915
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12362 12378 12473 12500
12530 12656 13708 12718
12830 12966 ....
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14794 14821 14955 ....
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15146 15160 15151 15181
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15348 15439 15515 15663
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16946 16968 16976 .....
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26375 26643 26671 26676
26695 26727 26767 26985
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27251 27256 27413 27474
27502 27576 27713 27794
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28421 28430 28533 28761
28883 ....
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29433 29753 29922 29924
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30986 30993 ....
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31299 31383 31393 31511
31556 31796 31849 31927
31945 ....
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32179 32360 32493 32691
32605 32777 32998 ....

1 19 2m a4

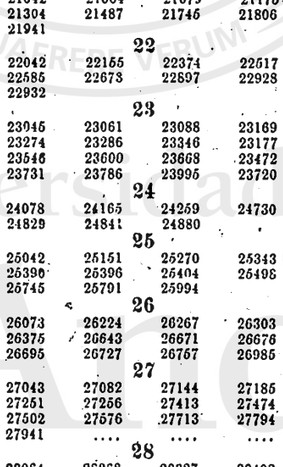
59—CUYO—59

GUSTAVO LEROY & CO.,

Sole Agents

in BUENOS AYRES of the best Manufacturers in France and Belgium.

105



FIRE-GRATES AND STOVES.

BALCONIES AND FENCINGS.

59—CUYO—59

cj—19 xp a10

Jenkins and Thorne,

COMISIONISTAS,

PARA

COMPRA Y VENTA

DE

Terrenos, Fincas. &c.

Real Estates Agents,

ENSENADA.

cj—389 3 m a 2

GERMAN BURMEISTER,

consignatario de Frutos del Pais,

Wool and Produce Broker

166—CALLE VENEZUELA—166

42

Committee of Maritime Insurers of Genoa.

The undersigned, Agent of Maritime Insurers of Amsterdam, Antwerp, Bordeaux, Elberfeld, Bremen, Frankfort-on-Main, Havre, Heilbronn, Lyon, Marseille, Paris, Rotterdam, and Vienna, has the honor to inform the Trade of his Nomination as Representative of the above-said Company.

J. de BOER.

OFFICE,

55 Calle Corrientes.

ejm13xp —214

THE COLONIA

THIS "DOCK" IS IN FINE WORKING ORDER.

Vessels hauled in in 25 minutes.

For particulars inquire of

RUBIO & FOLEY,

AGENTS,

40— CALLE CANGALLO—40

ej—pjy28x150

Winter Novelties

JUST LANDED.

Madam Laforque

Informs her Lady Customers that she is in receipt of the most elegant assortment of Winter Goods, direct from Paris, that has ever arrived in this market; such as

VELVET TUNICS

Of the richest class, and a special assortment of the largest sizes.

CLOTH TUNICS,

Most elaborately embroidered, black and of the newest and most fashionable colours.

A large and varied assortment of ready-made Dresses,

Latest Paris styles and colors.

HATS AND BONNETS

Of the most elegant styles and colours; and a great variety of other Articles.

129—San Martin—129

cj—138 1m a 26

Carmen de Areco.

IN THIS Flourishing Camp Town, the centre of rural riches, the home of pastoral magnicence, the flower garden of bucolic prosperity, here where Health, Peace and Happiness may be said to have taken up their headquarters,

DON MANUEL HORTAL TORROBA,

so well and favorably known to the foreign residents of Mercedes and Chivilcoy, has established a

GENERAL CAMP STORE,

where sheep-shears, twine, tea, coffee, &c., are retailed at the

LOWEST PRICES.

NB.—All kinds of produce bought

All the necessaries, and most of the luxuries of life, can be had here at Buenos Ayres prices, viz., the best Congou or Orange Pekoe, Oatmeal, Coffee, Sugar, Currants, Pickles, Old Irish Whiskey, Brandy, Biscuits, Iron Ware, and an infinity of other articles too numerous to mention, but which are always in Stock.

cj—53 xp s6 9

COMPANIA DE NAVIGACION RIO DE LA PLATA.

Liner regular de paquetes entre Buenos Ayres y Asuncion.

Vapores

GUARANY, TARAGUA, y GOYA.

Saldran alternativamente de este puerto los dias 10, 20 y 30 de cada mes.

Agencia 24—CALLE CUYO—24

e | 24 xp a4.

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLER

Englishmei, and others visiting Buenos Ayres will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city

Charges moderate.
Wines Superb.
Table d'Hote on Europe
Board, with Room, Gagelights, and Attendance
HOTEL DE LA PAZ,
Corner of Cangallo and Recoquista
cj—7

Wm. Paats & Co.

Cognac Charchy & Co.

Superior to any other brand introduced into this market.

Real Hollands

Herman van Houten, finest Mark of Gin.

DORDMUND BEER.

HAGERBEER.

Of the Hamburg Actien Brauerei.

BORDEAUX WINES

Brand A Lalande & Co. from $150 upwards.

Bordeaux Wines

A. Geisneiler and fils. Nuits.

GINGER

Chyloong Canton.

BISCUITS

Huntley & Palmers, London.

Java Coffee

Wm. Paats and Co.

e | m18.

George J, Dick

AND

William Golding,

Information is desired by anxious relatives respecting the foregoing. The former was last heard of on a schooner from up the river, and the latter was last year employed in the British Hospital.

FRANK PARISH,
H. B. M. Consul.

e—382 1m 30m.

AUCTION.

BY

A. BULLRICH & CO.

ENGLISH FURNITURE,

The best in the country, the property of

MR. E. NAYLOR,

who leaves for Europe.

Calle Juncal, between Artes and Libertad.

QUINTA DE ARROYO.

FRIDAY, MAY 2D,
At 12 o'Clock.

INVENTORY.

DRAWING-ROOM.—A set of walnut, having two tables six cane chairs (each of a different pattern, as per latest fashion) a Palmerston table, an easy reclining-chair, walnut sofa, muslin curtains, a lady's writing-table (Devonport), paintings, carpetting, two hand sewing-machines (Cleopatra and Wear), a fine large concert piano by Broadway.

DINING-ROOM.—A massive oaken table for 24 covers, sideboard, lunch table, twelve chairs, two lounges, two curtains of reps, carpetting, glass service, china ditto.

DORMITORY.—A nice set of birch, composed of wardrobe and pier-glass, lavatory and china set, towel-stands, chairs, lamps, pictures, etc.

DRESSING-ROOM.—Gentleman's wardrobe, desk, etc.

BEDROOMS.—Bedsteads wardrobes, etc.

KITCHEN.—Fine range, washing machines, etc

d 257 4p a 30.

Furniture Auction

BY

A. BULLRICH and CO.

Calle Corrieutes, No 89

On MONDAY, 5th MAY,
At 12 o'Clock.

INVENTORY.

SALA—One black horsehair sofa, two armchairs and six small to match, mahogany table with marble slab, large wardrob with looking-glass, Brussels carpets, curtains, &c.

BEDROOM No. 1.—Iron bedstead with paliass, &c., Mahogany chest of drawers, rosewood lavatory and glass, porcelain sets, towel stretchers, night chairs, &c. &c.

" No. 2—Beds eads, mattrasses. &c.; washstand-, &c.

" No. 3—Bed-chairs, wardrobes, chests of drawers, looking-glasses, pictures, curtains, chairs, &c.

" No. 4—Iron bedsteads complete, clothes basket, &c.

DINING-ROOM—One sideboard, carpetting, chairs, table with two leaves, kerosene lamps, golden pier-glass, gas jets, &c.

h—261 3 p a 30

A la Mano de Oro

A LA MAIN D'OR

To the Golden Hand

ZUR GOLDENEN HAND

MME. LIDIE MASSAT'S

NEW TIENDA

Novelties from Paris received with every steamer.

Bazar and Fancy Articles.

Perfumeries from the first Establishments in Europo.

Artificial Flowers, the finest thing ever seen in Buenos Ayros.

White Wares for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Gloves from the first manufacturers in Europe, and all articles in a first class Tienda.

52 CALLE CANGALLO 52

(Corner of Reconquista.)

l 169 1m a20

English Boot and Shoe Shop.

4 VICTORIA, RECOBA NUEVA 64

Just Received, by last Steamers, a large Assortment of Boots and Shoes for the coming Season.

They are of the best English Manufacture, for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children.

Boots and Shoes made to order on the same premises.

The same assortment can be found at the Boot and Shoe Shop,

No. 400 BELGRANO-STRET,

(Corner of Santiago del Estero, 128.)

cj—194 1m a23

GRAN NEGOCIO.

SE VENDE

UN ALMACEN

DE MENUDEO,

En un Pueblo de Campo, inmediato a la Ciudad.

Es escusado entrar a recomendar la situacion donde se encuentra, pues es uno de los pueblos mas concurridos por su parage y condiciones: siendo esta una

BUENA OPORTUNIDAD

para colocar un capital seguro y que dé un buen interes.

Se calcula que, con las rentas de cuatro meses, se puede cubrir el costo.

Por mas pormenores, ocurrir

CALLE SAN MARTIN, No. 60.

d 130 15p a26

Messrs. Gebbie & Dodds

DRAPERS, TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS.

27 DEFENSA 27

We have always on hand an assortment of Goods received direct from England, suitable for Camp use.

l 38 12m a6

C. H. Twyford, & Co.

FAMILY GROCERS

AND

TEA DEALERS,

102—Calle Piedad 102

Beg to Call the attention of the Public to the Articles which are always to be had at their Stores.

Coffee roasted and ground daily on the premises.

Goods guaranteed and delivered free of chp 30 in the city.

659 c..10

JOHN FORREST and CO.,

CUSTOM-HOUSE, CAMP,

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,

44—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—44

And

86 CALLE DEL PUERTO,

Rosario.

h..ug 6 52

RODGERS, BAKER AND CO.

ENGLISH TAILORS.

43—SAN MARTIN—43

j—67 1m a9

MACLEAN & CO.

SHIP AND GENERAL CUSTOM-HOUSE BROKERS.

Proprietors of the "LOCAL EXPRESS,"

4——RECONQUISTA——4

Half-yearly accounts with Established House

cj—62 xp jy4

BOOKS—BOOKS.

WANTED TO PURCHASE all sorts of Books, in English, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Latin, Greek, &c.

Potosi, 103.

h—246 3p a 27

REMATE

POR

Benjamin Nazar y Ca.

DE

MAGNIFICOS

Carneros Rambouillets,

SANGRE PURA

Del las tres primeras Cabañas de Francia,

Cabana Imperial
Cabana Bailleau
Y
Cabana Gilbert.

Venidos por el buque "Bleville," a la consignacion de los Senores Gomez y Ca. y Bustamante y Galup.

En nuestra Casa

CALLE VICTORIA, 154,

El JUEVES 15 y VIERNES 16 de MAYO, a las 12 en punto,

Se remataran a la mas alta postura y dinero contada, los Carneros mas valiosas que han venido a Buenos Ayres de dichas Cabañas.

CABAÑA IMPERIAL.

9 Carneros Rambouillets refinadores de magnificos tipos y de gran valor, costando algunos de ellos $20,000.

CABAÑA "BAILLEAU."

7 Carneros tipos selectos de gran robustez y abundantes de lana larga, los que han sido obtenidos por precios sumamente altas de mil a cuatro mil francos cada uno.

CABAÑA "GILBERT."

26 Carneros Rambouillets, sangre pura, entre de gran robustez bien formados, lana larga y abundante, entre los que vienen algunos de valor de $16,000.

OVEJAS RAMBOUILLETS.

4 preciosas Ovejas de la Cabaña Bailleau y 2 id. id. de la Cabaña Gilbert.

A LOS SRES. HACENDADOS

Les llamamos la atencion sobre los magnificos Carneros Rambouillets que remataremos el Jueves 15 y Viernes 16 de Mayo, procedentes de las tres afamadas Cabañas de Francia, los que se venderán al mejor precio por haber recibido orden de realizar su venta en Remate.

AL MISMO TIEMPO.

11 Carneros Lincoln puros, de lindos tipos, lana abundante, muy larga y abrillantada, procedentes de uno de los primeros rebaños de Inglaterra, venidos a la consignacion de los Sres. Ferber, Hutm y Cia.

DE OTRA PROCEDENCIA.

9 Carneros Lincoln puros, nacidos en el pais.

NOTA.

Mas pormenores se encontraran en los Catalogos que se repartiran detallado los numeros classificacion y cabaña a que pertenecen los carneros.

Desde hoy estan en exhibicion todos los carneros en nuestra casa—

154 VICTORIA

g-j 129 1m a17

IMPORTANTE REMATE

POR

Benjamin Nazar y Ca.

Del gran establecimiento denominado "El Potrillo," con sus haciendas y utiles. Situado en el Partido 25 de Mayo, de la propiedad de los señores Eduardo Olivera y Hermanos. Por órden de dichos señores.

En nuestro Casa,

Victoria 154

El MIERCOLES, 21 de Mayo,
A las 12 en punto,

Se rematara a la mas alta postura con plazos y condiciones que se estipularan en el acto de la venta, el valioso establecimiento denominado 'El Potrillo.'

NOTA—Los detalles; tanto de la area del campo y sus condiciones, como de las haciendas y enseres del Establecimiento, se publican en un folleto que tenemos en nuestra casa y que los interesados si gustan pueden pasar a recojerlo.

OTRA—Todos los Sabados a la tarde llegara al 25 de Mayo, a la Fonda de Doña Mariana, un dog-cart de la Estancia que estara a la disposicion de los senores que quieran visitarla, partiendo de alli en la mañana del Domingo.

h 122 1m a 16

Attention!

Grand Auction.

BY

ENRIQUE RAYMOND,

In the Patio of the

CAFE DE CATALANES,

CALLE CANGALLO,

(Corner of Calle San Martin),

2½ LEAGUES OF

SPLENDID CAMP,

In the Partido of Bragado,

Distant 7 Leagues from said Town, and 4 from Junin.

TO BE SOLD IN ONE OR TWO LOTS,

At the option of the Purchasers.

The AUCTION will take place on

Tuesday, May 6th

At THREE P.M. Precisely.

To be sold to the highest Bidders, on the conditions stipulated at Sale.

The Camp is known as that of Sr. Pedro Castro, and is situated 7 leagues from Bragado, and 4 from Junin; has three pustos, lagunos, springs, tender and hard pasturage, montes, with fruit trees, &c

It is only 45 leagues distant from Buenos Ayres, and will shortly be available by rail, on the extension of the Western Railway to Bragado.

Plans and Specifications at the Office, 140 Calle San Martin. cj—197 10p a24

Estanciafor Sale.

3 leage of camp situate, 3 leagues from the town of Chascomus and one and half league from the Gandora estate adjoining the estancia Las mulas.

There are five squares wired in with the best wire and mandubay posts 3 yards distants.

The estancia house is azotea, with six rooms and stable, coach house, kitchen the whole surrounded by peach mount. Also a four wheeled carriage, a tilbury and one horse cart, plough harness &c.

ANOTHER.

Sheep run seven squares front by 10 deep with brick pucatas.

For terms apply

Dn. PATRICIO WALLACE,
on the Estancia, or
To MR. JOHN. WALKER,
97 Defensa 97.

e | 68 1m 9a.

THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE,

60—CALLE SAN MARTIN—60

(Opposite the Provincial Bank.)

The greater part of our Stock is renewed semmonthly by importations, direct per Steamer especially for this Establishment.

Every Article warranted.

xp1p 6

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